

ONE-HUNDRED-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF
THE AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Home Mission Society

June 20-25, 1935



OFFICES

11 East Twenty-ninth Street
New York, N. Y.

OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY
1935-1936

The American Baptist Home Mission Society

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OFFICES

23 East Twenty-sixth Street
New York, N. Y.

OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY

1935-1936

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Harry E. Bailey, Nanuet, N. Y.
Pres. Austen K. de Blois, 1812 South Rittenhouse Square, Philadelphia, Pa.
Head Master Wilbour E. Saunders, Peddie School, Hightstown, N. J.
H. D. Millar, 192 Fernwood Avenue, Upper Montclair, N. J.
Mrs. I. H. O'Harra, 4109 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Rev. Howard C. Whitcomb, 54 Chandler Street, W. Somerville, Mass.
Rev. W. S. K. Yeaple, Lake Avenue Baptist Church, Rochester, N. Y.

Term Expires 1938

Pres. A. W. Beaven, 1100 South Goodman Street, Rochester, N. Y.
Herbert B. Clark, North Adams, Mass.
Rev. J. H. Gamble, Grand Forks, N. D.
Harry A. Gilman, 15 State Street, Boston, Mass.
Rev. Harold B. Camp, First Baptist Church, Oakland, Calif.
Dr. H. P. Rainey, 744 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C.
Max Schimpf, 80 John Street, New York, N. Y.
Rev. W. R. Sloman, Immanuel Baptist Church, Salt Lake City, Utah.
C. F. Wheaton, 108 Valentine Lane, Yonkers, N. Y.

* Deceased.

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George L. Allin	William J. Grippin
Ambrose M. Bailey	Homer P. Rainey
Harry E. Bailey	Ernest E. Rogers
W. S. K. Yeaple	

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George A. Clarke	Howard C. Whitcomb
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Austen K. de Blois	Wilbour E. Saunders

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Ambrose M. Bailey, <i>Chairman</i>	P. H. McDowell
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J. Harold Gamble	W. S. K. Yeaple

Edifice Funds and Building Counsel

Austen K. de Blois, <i>Chairman</i>	Harry A. Gilman
R. S. Beal	Harry D. Millar
Herbert B. Clark	E. E. Rogers

Publicity, Literature, and Research

E. E. Rogers, <i>Chairman</i>	* Richard Edie
R. S. Beal	J. Harold Gamble
Herbert B. Clark	Rivington D. Lord

* Deceased.

MINUTES
OF THE
ONE-HUNDRED-THIRD ANNUAL MEETING
OF
THE AMERICAN BAPTIST
HOME MISSION SOCIETY

THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1935

On Thursday afternoon Rev. F. M. Swaffield, of Massachusetts, spoke on "Recreating a Plan for World Evangelization." The report of the joint committee on merger appointed by the Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society and this Society was read by Rev. Gordon Palmer, of California (the report favoring the coordination of national, state and city home mission activities rather than the organic union of the two national Home Mission Societies and referred to in the present *Annual* under the caption: "A Study of Union").

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1935

At 8.20 a. m. on Friday, Secretary Charles S. Detweiler conducted a mission study class; subject, "Pioneering Today in Home Missions." (A second class was conducted by Secretary Detweiler on the following morning at the same hour.) At 9.15 a. m. Secretary Frank A. Smith on behalf of the Board presented the Rosa O. Hall Honor Certificate for distinguished service in town and country fields to Rev. Mark Rich, of Groton, New York.

After discussion, the joint report on merger as read by Doctor Palmer on Thursday, was adopted.

In the afternoon, President A. W. Beaven, of New York, presented the Annual Report of the Society and addressed the Con-

vention on the topic, "Contribution Toward the Recreating of America," and Secretary G. Pitt Beers on "Recreating Life on New Frontiers."

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 21

Home Missions Night

7.30 Song Service and Prayer.

7.40 "Recreating Life Among the Original Americans" in three episodes:

1. Adventures on the Jesus Road:

Bird Whitebear, Arapaho,
Alvin Warren, Chippewa,
Rev. Bruce Kinney.

2. Indian Hearthstones:

Pliny Adams, Hopi,
Kitty Deer Nose, Crow,
Margaret Beeson, Hopi,
Miss Mildred Cummings.

3. Bacone College and Indian Youth:

Red Men's Glee Club of Bacone College, Oklahoma,
Gordon Berger, Director.

Introduction by President B. D. Weeks.

Following the above program Secretary Smith paid a tribute to Rev. Bruce Kinney in view of his extended service (thirty-seven years) on American frontiers. A basket of flowers was presented to Mrs. Kinney.

9.00 Service of Dedication led by Mrs. A. LeGrand, of Wisconsin, and Rev. Gordon Palmer, of California.

Doctor Kinney pronounced the benediction.

SUNDAY, JUNE 23

On the program Sunday afternoon appeared two missionaries of the Society who addressed the Convention. Their names and topics follow:

"Recreating Life Through the Christian Center," Rev. R. C. Ostergren, Weirton, W. Va.

"Recreating Life in the Desert," Rev. J. E. Kanarr, Colporter, Idaho.

TUESDAY, JUNE 25

After prayer by Rev. R. L. Maxwell, of Pennsylvania, the annual business meeting of the Society was convened, Secretary Beers presiding. Upon motion the Annual Report that had been presented to the Convention on Friday, was adopted, including the following change in the By-laws:

Section 2, Article III, shall read: After a member has been elected to the Board of Managers for three terms consecutively (after May 1, 1935), he shall be ineligible for reelection until after the lapse of one year, with the exception that this provision does not apply to members of the Committee handling our investments. At least one-third of each class shall be persons not previously members of the Board.

The following were then elected:

OFFICERS

President, Rev. R. D. Lord, Brooklyn, N. Y.
First Vice-president, Rev. H. G. Smith, Denver, Colo.
Second Vice-president, Rev. F. M. Swaffield, Brockton, Mass.
Third Vice-president, Henry Elliott, Jr., Seattle, Wash.
Recording Secretary, Rev. Coe Hayne, New York, N. Y.

BOARD OF MANAGERS

Class of 1938

President A. W. Beaven, Rochester, N. Y.
H. B. Clark, North Adams, Mass.
Max Schimpf, New York, N. Y.
Rev. H. B. Camp, Oakland, Calif.
H. C. Gilman, Boston, Mass.
Rev. W. R. Sloman, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Rev. J. H. Gamble, Grand Forks, N. Dak.
C. F. Wheaton, Yonkers, N. Y.
Pres. H. P. Rainey, Lewisburg, Pa.

Adjournment.

TUESDAY EVENING

New missionaries, some under appointment by the Society and others under joint appointment, were presented to the Convention Tuesday evening, June 25. They follow:

Indian Fields

Rev. and Mrs. Jessie L. Brandon, to Western Oklahoma Arapaho Field, Geary, Oklahoma; Rev. and Mrs. Alva N. Cain to Wichita, Caddo and Delaware Indians, Wichita Mission, Anadarko, Oklahoma; LeRoy C. Custer, as teacher of religious education, Bacone College, Bacone, Oklahoma.

Christian Centers

Rev. Clarence D. Klinck, to South Side Christian Center, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Andrew Halko, to Hamtramck and Salina Park Centers, Detroit, Michigan; John E. Skoglund, to Friendship Christian Center, Oakland, California.

COE HAYNE, *Recording Secretary.*

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY

ONE-HUNDRED-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF MANAGERS

OF

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST
HOME MISSION SOCIETY

As we come to our Convention in Colorado Springs, we call attention to the first recorded report in the records of The American Baptist Home Mission Society in 1865, as to the beginnings of work in this State.

"In Colorado we have three churches, one at Denver City, one at Central City and one at Golden City. The church at Golden City has, and the one at Denver City soon will have, a meeting-house. On this field we have two missionaries" (Almond Barrelle and Walter McDowell Potter).

Colorado Springs was in the van of the Baptist movement in Colorado. First among the missionaries to open the work there was P. L. Mitchell. Other pioneer workers in Colorado Springs were Edwin A. Taft, A. L. Vail and H. M. Lowry. They were contemporaries of Ira D. Clarke and Thomas T. Potter to whose ministries the early Colorado churches also owed much. Since those formative days Colorado Baptists have moved steadily forward in the spirit of the founders of their early churches.

In making this third report in the second century of organized national Baptist home missions in America, the Board hereby records its gratitude to God for merciful guidance during a difficult period and to those who have served under its appointment with heartening good cheer, devotion and fruitfulness.

In spite of shrinking income, our missionaries have gone forward with a courage born of a deep faith in Christ, and with

remarkably gratifying results from their labors. Our schools have increased enrolments, and are steadily lifting the standards of their work. Special gifts have brought great aid in the drought area. Definite advances have been made in the field of town and country planning. A definite advance is about to be launched in some of the western states. Our missionaries have baptized 4,587 persons, 1,803 in Latin America and 2,786 in the United States, including reports from general evangelists. In spite of the many difficulties, the work steadily goes forward.

Steps have been taken to strengthen the staff of the Society so that we may render a greater service on our field. Our executive secretary came on the staff October first, and is steadily seeking to familiarize himself with the task and the resources of the Society. Plans are laid for a definite advance in the field of evangelism. The Department of Missions in the United States is being reorganized so as to make a more effective approach to two outstanding, religious problems of the time: the city, and town and country area. In order to unify our forces in the city, the Christian Center Division is being brought into closer relationship to the Cities Department. Our Society intends to specialize in the smaller cities that cannot have the service of a city secretary. Through the Town and Country Department it is hoped that by planning and conference, our forces can be made more effective in this field. This reorganization is in process, and it will take another year to make it fully effective.

ROLL OF WORKERS PROMOTED TO HIGHER SERVICE

"Well done good and faithful servant; enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

MR. JOHN C. BRIDGES, teacher at Morehouse College; September 8, 1934.

REV. P. N. CAYER, missionary among the French, Waterville, Me.; November 26, 1934.

REV. LUKE S. CHAN, Chinese worker in San Francisco, Calif.; January 31, 1935.

- DR. ALVIN A. COBER, missionary of the Society in Puerto Rico from 1906 to 1910, and later in El Salvador for a brief period; October 11, 1934.
- DR. EDWIN P. FARNHAM, superintendent of Missions of the Baptist Church Extension Society of Brooklyn and Queens from 1903 to 1917, during which period the Home Mission Society shared in his support; June 4, 1934.
- MRS. H. E. GOODMAN, president of the Woman's Foreign Mission Society from 1923 to 1933, and active in the missionary councils of the denomination for thirty-three years; her devotion was not limited to her own Society, but embraced home missions and movements for social reform; July 31, 1934.
- REV. WILLIAM N. HUBBELL, an appointee of the Society since 1910, and for the past twenty years pastor of Mariner's Temple, New York City; June 18, 1934.
- REV. MAXIMINO MONTEL, of Cuba, passed away on April 8, 1935. He was dean of Colegios Internacionales and pastor of the Baptist Church in Cristo. He was in active service until a few days before his death. Mr. Montel was considered one of our best preachers and was always a loyal member of our mission.
- REV. EDWIN E. SUNDT, director of the Division of Town and Country Work for the Society from March, 1929, to March, 1933; April 30, 1935.
- MRS. M. C. TREAT, whose fidelity to the cause of Christ in her community as well as interest in the missionary task in all parts of the world were known throughout this and other lands; April 6, 1934.
- DR. T. J. VILLERS passed away on March 18, 1935. He was a member of the Board of Managers from 1906-1915.

A STUDY OF UNION

The Northern Baptist Convention last year requested the Home Mission Societies to make a further study of the possibility of uniting in one society. We have made a thorough study of this question and are of the opinion that such improvement in our

situation as can be made, will come by strengthening the Associated Home Mission Agencies, in which the national, state and city home missions activities are coordinated, rather than by uniting the two national Societies.

Our Society works in closest cooperation with the city, state and national societies working in the home mission field. This group is organized in the Associated Home Mission Agencies, which functions through the Central Committee, on which all are represented.

HOME MISSION CONFERENCES

One outstanding activity of the past year is the series of Home Mission Conferences held under the auspices of the Associated Home Mission Agencies, but to which our Society has given a large amount of time and energy. The states and cities were divided into seven groups. In each group the state and city secretaries, with some of the officers of their organizations, met the representatives of the two Home Mission Societies and the Publication Society for a two-days' conference about the work and the needs in that area. The whole situation was thoroughly reviewed and a definite attempt was made to set up lines of advance or points of emphasis for the immediate future. Four of these conferences were held late in the fiscal year covered by this report. The remaining three will be held early in the current year.

RELATION TO STATES AND CITIES

One of the problems to which we are giving careful study is the relation of the national society to the state and city agencies. Much of our work is done cooperatively, with the consequence that the line of demarcation between our respective fields is not always easily determined. Certain general principles, however, are guiding us as we determine our respective tasks. Just because the state or city agencies are in such close contact with the local fields, it is necessary that someone should study and present the federal point of view. Through a national agency experience is pooled, national planning is possible, specialized training is put at the disposal of the local agencies, resources are used to equalize privileges, general problems are dealt with, and

there is a spokesman for the entire home mission program. It must not be overlooked that there are certain fields in which the national societies operate independently of the state and city agencies, e. g., Latin America, Negro education and Indian work.

PRESENT TRENDS IN HOME MISSIONS

There are three distinct trends in the home mission work today. One is the trend to serve all the churches rather than only those to which financial aid is given. This is most strongly marked with the city societies, but the states have made marked advances in this direction, and the national societies are steadily advancing along the same line. This will be done through our departments, by means of planning for and conferences with groups of churches that are dealing with specific problems. One of the broadest opportunities open before the Home Mission Society today is to furnish expert planning and counsel to all churches desiring it, both aided and self-supporting.

A second distinct trend is toward a better understanding and closer cooperation between the denominations. This does not mean, as some seem to fear, that we are giving away our heritage to other denominations, or that our testimony is being silenced. We believe that so far as our testimony is fundamentally true, its mingling with other testimonies will not silence ours, but will make its contribution to theirs. This trend expresses itself sometimes in cooperative work, as at Boulder Dam, and sometimes through coordinating our denominational activities as in our state comity studies. This trend is inevitable in times like these, and is one means of strengthening one of the greatest weaknesses in Protestantism.

The third trend is a policy of permeation rather than extension. The home mission task during the first century of our Society's history was to plant churches in new territory. There will be work of this character to be done for a long time, but it already has ceased to be our major task. Today we face the need of consolidating our lines, strengthening our churches, solving newly arisen problems, lifting the standards of Christian living,

in short, of permeating the life of the nation with the spirit of Christ.

AMENDMENTS

To amend the By-Laws of the Society as follows:

In Article III after Section 1, insert Section 2, as follows:

After a member has been elected to the Board of Managers for three terms consecutively (after May 1, 1935), he shall be ineligible for reelection until after the lapse of one year, with the exception that this provision does not apply to members of the Committee handling our investments. At least one-third of each class shall be persons not previously members of the Board.

Sections 2, 3 and 4 will then become Sections 3, 4 and 5 respectively.

We face the future in all seriousness, deeply conscious of the magnitude and difficulty of the task. At the same time we face the future in quiet confidence that we follow God's leading and that he will enable us to do what he expects of us.

MISSIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

In the past a large part of the home mission task has been the appropriation of money to churches which otherwise could not exist. The result was that once a church had received such aid it expected the national home mission organization would continue it perpetually. In many places the various denominations sustained rival churches, thus causing duplications, competition, and waste of funds.

For two years national executives have been conferring and preparing "master sheets" for each state, showing the amount of money that each organization is giving to separate fields and also showing the competition between self-supporting and subsidized churches. It was quite clear that the real competition was much less than some nervous minds had feared. Out of a comparison of these "master sheets" arose certain inevitable conclusions regarding aided churches. There were four principal groups—first, those that offered the only religious privilege to a community; second, those that rendered a distinct missionary service to foreign-speaking groups or Indians; third, those that, while help was needed for the moment, gave promise of becoming self-supporting;

and fourth, those churches that could not live without aid, that were in communities static or declining in population, where the membership was static, and where the church was in competition with other churches similarly situated.

It was evident that not all aided churches were missionary churches, but that some were projects in church sustentation; second, that national missionary moneys should not be used for sustentation; and third, that such aid should be withdrawn by this Society from such fields as rapidly as practicable. This principle was approved by the Board in November, 1934, and made part of a general policy, and at the December meeting of the Associated Home Mission Agencies this action was approved and adopted as applicable to state and city organizations. It is clear that the application of these principles will greatly modify the aid given by the Society in the future, and it must also be recognized that, because local conditions vary, there will be a neutral zone in which many churches will naturally be placed pending final adjustments. Aid extended to the first three groups is perfectly justified so long as the project fulfils the particular purpose for which it is supported. The fourth group is distinctly open to question, and each project must be judged in accordance with the conditions in the local field.

The question as to what constitutes a missionary church was answered at the December meeting of the Board, when new standards for missionary churches were adopted, stating clearly that aid will be given for the purpose of attaining certain definite objectives in church development and growth, and that a missionary church must show progress in order to continue to receive aid. These standards are sufficiently elastic to allow for varying local conditions in the community and in the church.

At the January meeting the Board also took steps to adjust competition in home mission fields by requesting that copies of these "master sheets" should be sent to the various state and city secretaries in whose area the Society was cooperating with two requests—first, that these "master sheets" should be carefully examined and corrected, and that the state representatives of the various denominational bodies should confer together concerning competitive fields and report such adjustments as they agree upon to the national home mission bodies for final action.

It was also hoped that these same state representatives would adjust competition in those fields where they were solely responsible. This action was taken during the month of January by all five national home mission organizations represented in the preparation and study of the "master sheets"—Baptist North, Congregationalist, Methodist North, Presbyterian North, and Reformed Church in America. Your board has carefully guarded the rights of Baptist churches by referring the adjustments to the state secretaries who supervise these local fields and by expressly stating that the only question is the continuance of aid. The right of the local church to exist is not questioned.

This is the most important and significant step yet undertaken by Protestant churches to meet squarely the appropriation of money to fields that are duplicating and competitive. This will be followed by a study to discover the neglected areas of population, race, and spiritual need.

Cities

The most important and difficult home mission frontier is the great cities. The swiftly changing tides of population, the colonies of foreign-speaking folk, the corruption, vice, hunger, unemployment and loneliness present a challenge to every city church. There are sixteen metropolitan areas in the Northern Baptist Convention. To these the Society has contributed this year \$34,000, exclusive of Christian Centers, beyond the amount received from the unified budget. This money is not distributed equitably, according to the real need, but it would cripple the work in most of them to attempt any adequate adjustment. Most of the money received from this Society is expended for salaries of missionaries and only in a few instances is property maintenance included. One of the most striking of this latter class of expenditures includes repairs to the Chinese Baptist Church in San Francisco to strengthen it against shock from earthquake.

There are a large number of smaller cities known as Class "B" and Class "C," variously estimated at about 220. The Society has contributed to work in these areas approximately \$31,859 exclusive of Christian Centers. This has all been for salaries of foreign-speaking missionaries, and is in addition to such sums as the states received from the unified budget. A cross section

survey of typical areas would indicate that the greater part of our denominational strength lies in cities of this class.

The Society has cooperated in the Ohio Plan whereby the Cities Department, including seven cities of that state, has been organized under a single executive. Owing to the financial depression it has been impossible to make any advances but critical situations have been saved, churches on the verge of failure have been revived and a better organization and leadership provided. The most notable contributions have been the demonstration that cities of this class can be organized effectively and a technique discovered for the average city church that will enable it to minister successfully to its neighborhood.

New Americans

The Society supports in cooperation with the city and state organizations 121 missionaries ministering to 15 races. They are distributed as follows:

Race	No. of Missionaries
Chinese	3
Slovak	8
French	4
Hebrew	1
Hungarian	20
Italian	29
Japanese	4
Lithuanian	1
Mexican and Spanish	23
Norwegian	2
Polish	8
Portuguese	4
Roumanian	5
Russian	7
Ukrainian	2

This cosmopolitan work suggests a problem of large proportions and infinite complexity. There are divisions of race, language, religion, and deep-seated prejudices. The promotion of "Brotherhood Day" has been effective in creating an approach toward a better understanding, especially with those races where the irritation was most in evidence.

Home missions is not a static affair but is changing as rapidly as the life of the country itself. There are fourteen million foreign-born in this country with twenty-six million children, making nearly forty million people who differ from the old American stock and differ among themselves: Italian, four and one-half million; Polish, three and one-third million; Russian, two and one-half million; Czechoslovak, one and one-third million. Some of these are Protestant, others are normally Roman Catholic who have fallen away, and in certain groups the atheistic element is very strong. All of which means there is a tremendous work for Protestantism.

The Protestant churches among these races are not only making progress but coming to a place of self-consciousness, realizing **their responsibility and seeking self-direction**. This was clearly demonstrated in the interdenominational conferences of all evangelical Italian missionary work held in New York in November. These groups are increasing. In 1925 there were 381 churches with 3,500 members and in 1933, 1,113 churches with a membership of 109,207. The large attendance, the deep interest, and the ability and statesmanship shown in discussing the problems of Italian evangelization produced the most significant single event that has ever taken place in Protestant work among new Americans. The leadership and the spirit of cooperation were remarkable.

The Jews constitute one of our major foreign-speaking groups, with four and one-half million people. They are found principally in our large cities and some of their number occupy positions of importance. The Church of Christ cannot make any headway in presenting the claims of Christ until the members possess a Christ-like spirit. These people are being absorbed rapidly in our American life but cannot make their best contribution until they are won into a Christian fellowship by the churches. There is wide diversity of opinion regarding the best method of approach, but it is possible for every church with Jewish neighbors to give them Christian fellowship and strive to win them in the same way as all others in its local field. Experience has proven to many minds that this is the real strategy.

Oriental

Our Oriental work is among two races, the Chinese and the Japanese. The number of Chinese in this country is decreasing owing to return to China. The number of Japanese is increasing owing to the desire to complete family life. The Chinese live mainly in the city, the Japanese in the country. Buddhism is strong among the Chinese and Japanese; but among the Chinese it fails to impress the second generation, while among the Japanese it does much better. Mission work among Japanese is comparatively new, splendidly cooperative, and confined principally to church organizations. Mission work among the Chinese is old, and includes several institutional features.

An outstanding piece of Chinese work in the Bay Cities area is our Home for Chinese Boys in Berkeley, known as Chung Mei Home. This is a non-competitive piece of work as there is nothing like it on the whole Pacific Coast. The construction of the approach to the San Francisco Bay bridge condemned the property in Berkeley and made a new building imperative. A new site was selected at El Cerrito, a few miles to the north, where a large building capable of housing sixty boys is being erected. It is expected that it will be completed and occupied in a few months. This has been financed in part by the sale of the old property to the city but more largely from gifts from the Home Mission Society and other denominational organizations and gifts from individuals. The boys in the Home have contributed to a marvelously generous degree out of their earnings and the Chinese business men of the area—both Christian and non-Christian—have raised almost as much money as the members of the Baptist churches in the Bay City area. The splendid results achieved in this Home made this a very worth-while investment.

Negro

The migrations of the Negro during the last decade has increased the Negro population in the north sixty-three per cent. The movement to the cities, not only to the north but in the south as well, is due largely to economic insecurity. They came seeking employment in the city but found that their condition was not improved. The application of the agricultural acts to cotton-

raising has been particularly burdensome to the Negro because he is either a tenant farmer or the owner of a small farm. Thirty per cent. of the southern farms are operated by Negroes. In both south and north types of work which have traditionally belonged to the Negroes are now being done by whites.

Present economic conditions work particular hardship to the Negro in the north because he has been the first to suffer unemployment and naturally will be the last to recover. In addition to this the provision of the Recovery Act concerning the employment of labor has been interpreted to his disadvantage, and he has also been compelled to meet the hostility of organized labor. It is also evident that in many places he has been discriminated against in forms of relief and without doubt has been the heaviest sufferer during depression.

Tremendous sacrifices have been made by Negro students to complete their education, and as soon as relief funds were made available for students our Negro colleges showed signs of increasing attendance. The number of Negro high schools in the south and the number of schools of lower grade for the Negro are increasing. Religiously the Negro is Protestant. He has already established more churches than he needs for there is one Negro church to every 250 of the population. It is apparent also that he proposes to run his own churches for, of 47,000 Negro churches with 5,000,000 members, 39,000 with 4,175,000 members belong to independent religious bodies. There is a desperate need of trained leadership. Only 7.4 per cent. of the Negro ministry of this country has received adequate training. It requires 1,600 new men annually to fill Negro pulpits. It is estimated that there are not 100 college and seminary men annually graduated to fill these vacancies.

While subsidizing Negro churches has not been found to be a fruitful form of missionary work, there is ample opportunity for subsidizing a type of leadership among the Negroes that would help to strengthen the local church. The Home Mission Society, in cooperation with the New York City Baptist Mission Society, is helping to maintain an educational center in Harlem which ministers first of all to the pastors of the churches in providing opportunity for instruction, discussion, and information as to the best terms of church work. It also provides religious education

for the teachers in the Sunday schools, arranges for schools of missions in the local churches and conducts institutes for the development of a higher type of local church officers. The success of this venture indicates its adaptability to the Negro problem in other large cities and the technique is readily possible whenever the various mission organizations are prepared to support the right type of leader.

The Rural Church

The crucial problem in the present agrarian difficulty is the place of the land in a changing social order. The place of the land in the Hebrew religion is a matter of unusual interest and significance. "The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof." The use and tenure of land adjusted to human and to religious need is a problem for the religious leaders as much as the agricultural experts. The soil is one of God's most gracious gifts to mankind. As stewards entrusted with a treasure that is not our own to exploit for selfish gain, our use of the soil should be governed by a sense of moral obligation to those who shall live on the land in generations to come. The solution of the rural religious problem is deeper than larger parish, elimination of competition among churches, or adequate church leadership. Our present agricultural methods are subversive. In these days of engineering and industry we forget that "agriculture is an exhibit of God's providence." The farmer knows "how little man does, how much God reserves for his other agents, the rain, the sun, the tiny bacteria in the soil."

"There are two agricultures striving for the world's approval. One is bold and commercial, denying the religious message of the plough," and refuses to recognize the passion of the farmer for his land. The other is a field for faith, that fears not toil, "because the oldest of all faiths is the conviction that God will provide." The problem of the rural church is not land speculation, destruction of crops, nor cooperative farming, but a recovery of a sense of moral obligation to the soil.

The agrarian situation in the United States has also created a problem of the gravest magnitude. The tenure of farm lands, the price of farm commodities, and the economic conditions of life on the farm have changed the aspect of rural living. The rural areas

have faced a declining population with resulting strain upon community organizations. Farming is no longer a way of life but an economic pursuit. The home farm has given way to a thoroughly commercialized business and the success of it is dependent upon world-wide factors. Again the automobile and other means of transportation have broken down self-sufficient neighborhoods. Institutions are no longer planned within a radius that can be reached by a horse but within a radius that can be covered by an automobile. Social and educational situations are further complicated because of the increasing number of foreign farmers. Taxes have steadily increased so that they are now two and one-half times the total of twenty years ago. It is not surprising that under these conditions the rural church should find itself in a desperate plight. Rural America is rapidly becoming a mission field and unless something is done hundreds of them will close their doors and many rural communities will be left without religious opportunity or leadership.

The Home Mission Society inaugurated a new rural policy a year ago in which an attempt was made to gather the collective experience of rural pastors and make it available for rural churches generally. An approach has been made direct to the rural church, inquiring what type of service the rural church desired of the denomination. In accordance with this policy the Society appointed a cooperating rural committee consisting of six rural pastors drawn from four states, who should meet at regular intervals and advise with the Board of Managers of the Society. This general commission was supplemented by state commissions which should perform a similar function for the state convention areas, convey information to rural pastors, and provide for the needs of the rural church and the rural pastor at the different state meetings. Up to the present time twenty states have thus organized and have been doing a splendid piece of work.

As a result of this policy and these commissions special emphasis was given at the Rochester meeting of the Northern Baptist Convention on rural work. The rural features of the program were placed in the hands of rural pastors who not only carried out the detail but supervised the leadership. There was a rural exhibit that created considerable interest. The Program Committee gave an hour to a forum in which there was animated discussion. A

near-by rural church provided a luncheon at which two hundred rural workers were present. The Rosa O. Hall Honor Certificates, given each year to a limited number of pastors who have done outstanding work, were presented to Rev. Edward J. Cross, of Leslie, Michigan, and Rev. C. D. Mayhew, of Sheboygan Falls, Wisconsin. These various features gave the rural church a more prominent place in the annual gathering of the denomination than ever before.

In November a rural conference covering the Middle Atlantic States was held at New Brunswick, New Jersey, the site of the New Jersey School of Agriculture. Drew Seminary, the New Brunswick Seminary of the Reformed Church in America, the New Jersey Agricultural School, the New Jersey Department of Agriculture, and Crozer Theological Seminary cooperated in setting up the program. About fifty rural pastors were in session. The findings were of unusual significance and have been widely scattered through the denomination. It is proposed to conduct a large number of similar conferences in different parts of the Northern Baptist Convention, bringing the benefits of such a gathering within the reach of as large a number as possible. The enthusiasm with which these rural workers have responded to the approach of the Home Mission Society is a splendid preparation for a wider ministry to rural fields. This is a major denominational responsibility.

Direct contact with certain rural fields has been maintained, first, through designated moneys which must be used in the rural areas of the states of New York and of Pennsylvania. Some of this is employed in demonstration fields and some in areas where there would be no other religious privileges if the church did not receive assistance. Secondly, four students from Colgate-Rochester Divinity School were placed upon rural fields during the summer for the purposes of affording the young men actual experience and for carrying on certain forms of work which are more adapted to a summer program. The reports are highly gratifying.

The Mountain States

A large part of the frontier is included in that area known as the mountain states. It presents a problem of migrating popu-

lations, of newly opened agricultural areas, of irrigation projects that make a desert fertile, of whole communities that are abandoned through the failure of mines and the failure of crops, and to this has been added the severe drought which has affected so much of the western area during the past year. A great deal of the area devoted to dry farming and known as marginal or submarginal lands is not essentially agricultural but grazing. When this land was taken up for specialized farming, sod, which had hitherto held the soil in place, was broken up. The prevalence of dust storms which have lifted top-soil and carried it for many miles and the drifting sands of the desert which have blown over many miles have brought about privation and distress. It must ultimately result in diminished population, the closing of some churches, and a realignment of home mission activities. The drought was so severe in some states that the existence of churches was threatened and the removal of ministers was imminent at a time when the people needed religious leadership and the fellowship of the church. Accordingly the Home Mission Society made a very careful study of a number of western states and from sums that were made available through resources outside the budget were able to make supplementary grants of aid to a number of pastors. The states thus assisted were North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Colorado. Fifty-five ministers received aid from a total amount of \$6,435 expended for this purpose. The letters of appreciation received from the pastors of these churches indicate the depth of the sacrifice to which they were all compelled to resort. These men shared the privations of their people without a murmur, and at great cost to themselves remained faithful to their posts. Even with the aid given by the Society it meant heroism and hardship to an unparalleled degree.

Several items of interest are noted during the year. The State of Arizona was left without an executive secretary owing to the removal of Dr. F. W. Starring to Oregon and in his place Dr. F. W. Wightman, formerly assistant in the State of Washington, was chosen. The work is going steadily forward under the new leadership and there has been a strengthening of the churches through his presence and ministry.

The churches for the white people at Lodge Grass and Wyola, Montana, are being supported by gifts from a community church

in Illinois. At Wyola a new edifice has been needed for a long while and a suitable house of worship for the community has been completed. It is altogether an outstanding achievement.

The Mormon Church has manifested an unusual degree of interest and vitality during the last few years and as a result the whole life of the evangelical churches in the Mormon sector is in need of adjustment. The Mormon area includes Utah, Southern Idaho, parts of Wyoming, Western Colorado and Arizona. It is hoped that the needs of these churches can be considered at no distant date. How to meet the changing conditions which are largely the result of this single religiously aggressive body is one of the most critical problems in the intermountain area.

The colportage work has been maintained in the western states in those areas where the population is greatly scattered and religious privileges would be exceedingly rare if it were not for the visits of these men. The need of this type of work is by no means confined to the western states. In the northern part of Maine, along the Canadian borderline, there is a large area where the people are scattered, where the churches are exceedingly small, and where there is need of special colportage activity. This is probably one of the last pieces of frontier work in the east but it is as legitimately a home mission enterprise as anything that can be found in the western states.

In all of these areas there is a large and neglected population in which there are more than thirteen million children and young people who receive no Christian instruction. This is not because there are not enough churches in the country but because the churches have not sufficiently extended their outreach. There is a need of organized activity in religious education for the young.

In many of the communities untouched by the home mission enterprise there is an outstanding need for medical service. The government assumes a constantly increasing place in this form of welfare work and 72 per cent. of all hospital service is under some government agency. The fact remains, however, that in these sparsely settled areas there is a dearth of doctors and it is sometimes several hundred miles to a hospital. There should be a review of educational and medical work to ascertain what is essential and also whether the standards maintained are adequate.

This is one of the new fields into which home missions might profitably enter.

Indian

There are in this country today over 330,000 Indians with an increasing population. They have been the subject of missionary concern since the time of the earliest English settlements and this still continues. In 1933 the Protestant denominations were conducting 577 separate enterprises for Indians at a total cost of \$920,000, but in spite of these long-sustained efforts the results have not resulted in great numbers of Indians turning toward the white man's religion. There is not much overlapping of denominations in Indian missions, the various tribes having been carefully allocated to home mission boards, and this allocation has for the most part been respected but there are still some unevangelized tribes because these home mission boards have not been able financially to assume the responsibility. Northern Baptists are responsible for the Klamath Indians in California, groups of Washoes and Piutes in Nevada, and the Caddo Indians in Oklahoma. The total population of these groups would be approximately 5,000 people.

During the past year a new form of administration in our Indian work has been inaugurated. The Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society and The American Baptist Home Mission Society have voted to unify their administration and their field-work. The two Societies cooperate in the supervision and support of those areas where they maintain work in common. This means a common policy in the removal and dismissal of missionaries, the erection of new properties and the abandonment and transferring of fields. On the local Indian field it means that the missionaries of the two Boards are united in what is known as a Council and this Council is responsible for immediate administration and supervision. This Council is also organized and receives from the two national societies matters on which opinion or action may be needed. The Councils in turn make an annual report of the entire work to both organizations, together with a unified program for the year and a unified appeal for special expenses. The Councils thus organized are the Crow Indian Council in Montana; the Nevada Council in Nevada; the

Mono Council in California; the Navahopi Council in Arizona; and the Western Oklahoma Council. They have met and settled several very important questions, and the plan seems to be working with considerable success. It is expected that a large degree of self-direction and economy will pave the way for a fuller participation of the Indians in their own work, will throw the responsibility for the work upon the local workers, and will remove the paternalistic attitude of the national societies.

There have been several changes in mission fields. In the Northern Oklahoma field there are two tribes—the Cheyenne and Arapaho—divided by the Canadian River. The missionaries in charge have, by force of circumstances, been compelled to work in both tribes. An agreement has been reached by which one missionary will take all the Cheyenne work and the other all the Arapaho. In the latter instance the missionary's residence has been moved from Calumet, which was on a rough country road, to Geary, Oklahoma, which is on a hard-surfaced road. The Arapahos have migrated from the vicinity of Calumet to the fields southwest of Geary and this places the missionary in closer touch. Two new men have been appointed—Rev. Alva N. Cain at Anadarko and Rev. Jesse L. Brandon at Geary.

The Federal Government administration of Indian affairs has been proceeding on a new theory of social welfare for the Indians. A bill known as the Wheeler-Howard Bill was introduced into Congress for the purpose of directing a communal life in the different Indian tribes and giving them not only self-government but distinctly limiting white influence to a degree that would deprive the Indians of even that which was beneficial. Many of the tribes opposed the bill for several reasons.

First, it meant segregation; and assimilation rather than segregation has been the policy of the government for three hundred years. The most advanced of the Indian tribes wanted to be assimilated into the American life.

In the second place, the attempt to rectify certain violations in the tenure of lands and transfer of lands worked hardship on those Indians who had already secured their own lands either by tribal right or by purchase. For these two reasons the opposition against the bill was so strong that it was withdrawn and a

greatly modified bill of land tenure and land administration was introduced and passed.

The announcement of a regulation for religious education in government Indian boarding schools led to considerable discussion because it was feared that it meant the curtailment of such privileges as had hitherto been enjoyed by missionaries giving such instruction in the government schools. On the surface it appeared that the non-Christian faiths of the Indians were being given a preference and the work of the missionary made more difficult. Several subsequent conferences resulted in an interpretation of the regulation which gave the missionary the same freedom in teaching religion to the Indians in these schools as was formerly enjoyed. The instances of friction which arose between missionaries and government agents were largely the result of personalities or local conditions.

Evangelism

Evangelism is the major task of every missionary and the objective of every program. The number of conversions and the accessions to mission churches reported by our missionaries during the year are exceedingly gratifying.

Missionary pastors and colporters	279
Missionaries reporting	225
Number taking study courses	55
Sermons preached	22,567
Prayer-meetings	11,451
Pastoral calls	119,252
Baptisms	2,292
Every-member canvass	179
Evangelistic meetings	196

Cooperation

The Society has maintained relationships with other home mission organizations during the year. The Committee on Planning and Strategy of the Home Missions Council, which was appointed a year ago, has continued into the second year of its duties with very gratifying results. Conferences have been held in different parts of the country with a view to doing away with competition and overlapping and to ministering to needy fields and a better coordination of existing agencies. The Society has also coop-

erated with other denominations in the support of directors of religious education in the government Indian boarding schools and in the conduct of the work and the payment of the pastor's salary at Boulder Dam. At this latter place four denominations are carrying on a unified work. With the completion of the work of construction of the dam it is evident that this form of work will not be as needful as heretofore and some adjustments are now under consideration that will care for the greatly reduced population and yet result in suitable economies. There are other projects, such as Bonneville Dam and Grand Coulee Dam, that command our attention and will probably be cared for in the coming year.

The Society has acted as the representative of the Northern Baptist Convention in the appointment of chaplains representing the Northern Baptist Convention. In both the Army and the Navy Chaplain Corps the Government seeks to maintain a definite number from each denomination. In each instance the Government makes the appointment but refers the application to the religious body to which the applicant is accredited for the purpose of securing endorsement as to his character and standing. Chaplains are not appointed by churches—the churches simply certify as to whether in their judgment the applicant is suitable or not. The whole work of this inquiry is under the direction of the General Committee on Army and Navy Chaplains which is connected with the Federal Council.

During the year this same type of cooperation has been extended to chaplains in the civilian conservation camps. The religious and welfare work in these camps was assigned to Army chaplains, but it became evident that the number of camps assigned to each chaplain was too large. It was accordingly suggested that the number of chaplains be increased by employing clergymen from the civilian walks of life to share in these responsibilities. The question of procedure has been very important for one religious body has insisted that it should appoint its own chaplains and the government should pay a certain stated salary and allowance for expenses. The Protestant evangelical bodies declined to enter into any such arrangements with the government and refused to sanction the principle of "contract clergymen." They furthermore made the constructive suggestion that instead of

civilian clergymen being employed, retired Army chaplains should be called to this service, and the government adopted this suggestion.

MISSIONS IN LATIN AMERICA

With the exception of Cuba and Mexico, conditions have been stable in all of the six countries in which we have work. Economic conditions in Cuba have been so bad and for such a long period, that danger of a violently radical movement among the working men has always been before us. In Mexico the threat of imminent revolution has grown out of the increasing bitterness of the struggle between church and state. In both countries our work has been affected by these ever-present tensions.

Mexico

The Boys' Institute in Saltillo, from which we withdrew a year ago, and which the Southern Baptists continued alone, has been closed by government order, and the property is in process of being sold. The Girls' School of the Woman's Society in Puebla has also been closed. The public services of the church in Tehuacan have been closed because they were held in a rented building. In some states there is a movement to impose a special tax upon ministers of religion, and in this way make it impossible for them to continue. Eventually a reaction will come, but meanwhile the evangelicals of Mexico are adapting themselves as best they may to the laws of their country. There is no limitation to what they may do through the circulation of the Bible and through personal conversations. Also where they have church buildings, they continue their services as usual.

The Rev. J. P. Ruiz, pastor of the Mexican church in East Chicago, Indiana, accepted a call during the year to the church in Puebla. Due to the ministry of a Mexican returned from the States and serving as a lay preacher, a new congregation has been organized in Vera Cruz, where formerly there was no church of our denomination. This receives no material help from our mission. Dr. Ota G. Walters accompanied by a trained nurse continues her medical work in the Indian towns of Oaxaca. She reports that after the forced withdrawal of the priest from the town where she lives, one of the leading citizens bought fifty

Bibles and distributed them and asked that a Mexican pastor be sent to teach the people the religion of the Bible. Doctors Meadows and Dawson continue their medical work in Puebla. They have organized a series of Bible institutes in a number of points in the states of Puebla and Oaxaca in order to train our Indian evangelists and leaders how better to spread their faith. Doctor Lacy, a retired missionary of the Southern Baptist Mission, is giving his services to this. He says that never before in his long life in Mexico has he found so many people hungry for the Word of God.

Salvador

The mission has been strengthened by the addition of Rev. and Mrs. Thomas F. Farncombe Dixon to our small force. These new missionaries were brought up in Southern California, where they learned Spanish in their youth, and were afterward missionaries of the Central American Mission in Nicaragua for three years. After a period of study in Redlands University, they are returning to the field in our fellowship. Another important addition to our force is Rev. Luis Argueta, who after five years of study in the Spanish-American Seminary in Los Angeles returned to assume the pastorate of the church in San Salvador, the capital. He is the second man from the Seminary in Los Angeles to join our staff, the other one being Rev. Ismael Garcia. The churches are growing in self-government, and in assuming responsibility for the spread of the gospel. An annual Convention has been organized, embracing the Baptist churches from all sections of the country; also at a later period in the year a national Sunday School Convention is held, both of which are training schools in self-government for our churches as well as being occasions of spiritual inspiration. Because of budget reductions, some of our churches are without pastors and receive only occasional visits from ministers. In these cases the Convention is one means of promoting their loyalty and zeal, and of giving them the consciousness of belonging to a large family.

Nicaragua

During the year a building was purchased in the important town of Rivas, which serves as a meeting-house for the church

and as residence for the pastor. If the threat of world war grows more menacing, a canal will probably be built across Nicaragua by the United States, and Rivas will be the nearest town of any importance. It was therefore high time that we acquired property there. Changes have occurred in our staff of pastors. Three Nicaraguan pastors left the work during the year, and their places have been taken by two trained men, one having come to us from Spain by way of Cuba and Costa Rica, and the other a Nicaraguan who recently graduated from the Spanish-American Seminary in Los Angeles.

A new station of importance was opened during the year in Corinto, the principal port on the Pacific. For two months there was considerable persecution and a determined effort to keep us from getting a foothold. Finally we have won the favor of the townspeople, and the annoyances and interruptions to which our public meetings were subjected have ceased. A humble dwelling was purchased with funds collected by the missionaries and thus the permanence of the work provided for. Also funds raised on the fields from the other churches have provided for the salary of a pastor. In every advance step in the evangelization of Nicaragua our large church in Managua takes the lead, and continues to be an inspiration to all of the churches.

It is a pleasure to record the growing fellowship between our Mission on the west coast and the Moravian Mission on the east coast. For the second time one of the Moravian missionaries spent considerable time with us in Managua, in order to study Spanish under favorable auspices. On the east coast the languages are Indian and English, Spanish being needed for dealing with government officials. Also a number of young people from the Moravian Mission are studying in our high school in Managua.

Cuba

For one month early this spring Cuba was the scene of a widespread revolt against the government, which took the form of a general strike. By a firm use of military power, the strikers were overawed and peace was maintained. Due to a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba there has been some improvement in business conditions, for all of which we are grateful. Cuba has probably more people on the verge of starvation than

any other of the countries north of Panama. It has been a year of trial for our pastors.

The Second Church of Santiago, called Sueno, is enjoying a quiet revival. The people are reconstructing and reconditioning a dwelling-house to make it look like a church and at the same time furnish adequate facilities for their Sunday school classes. The people have a mind to work and are giving a large amount of personal service in the form of day labor. The First Church of Santiago still worships in an old building, one wall of which fell out during the earthquake of three years ago, and another wall of which must be propped by a heavy beam. The location of this church and its requirements are such that only a large outlay can provide a building for them. This remains one of our major needs.

Haiti

The foremost Baptist of Haiti and the leader of an independent work of stability and promise, the Rev. P. N. Lerisson, passed away on July 20, 1934. Although we saw him infrequently, we were ever aware of his influence and of the fruit of his labors in Haiti. A new generation of leaders is directing the work. The successor of Mr. Lerisson is a young man, the son of his loyal deacon, educated in the United States. The leaders in our mission are also young men educated away from Haiti, two in the United States and two in Jamaica. Another young Haitian is now being educated in the British Baptist college in Jamaica.

Mr. Wood, our general missionary, writes of the erection of a substantial church building in the important town of Hinche. The building measures sixty by forty feet; the walls are of stone. The Society has given \$300 toward this building and an English friend in Jamaica has raised for it some \$250, including the principal window. The window frame was of oak and had to be made in Cap Haitien. Fourteen volunteers carried this heavy frame on their backs forty miles from the end of the railroad to their town. Much free labor and materials have entered into this building, and the congregation is assuming a debt of three hundred dollars for its completion. Other fields in Haiti are manifesting equal zeal in undertaking building enterprises. Out of deep

poverty they are erecting meeting-houses that express the love and devotion of their hearts.

Puerto Rico

A delegation of mission board secretaries, representing six co-operating denominations, visited Puerto Rico at the same time in February, in order to learn from one another's experience and in order to plan for better cooperation. For three and a half days they toured the island together, stopping to observe particular mission plants, and concluding each day with a public conference, to which the pastor and two laymen from each church in the district were invited. Much was learned from the questions asked concerning economic and moral conditions and concerning the needs and difficulties of our missionary enterprise. At the close of the tour a three-day conference was held with the leaders of each mission, which was informative and fruitful in suggestions for the improvement of our work.

The most encouraging features of our missions are the spirit of harmony and of self-discipline in our body of pastors. A divisive pentecostal movement had appeared in the island, which threatened the peace and unity of all of the missions. Two of our pastors were affected by it, one to such an extent that he carried his church out of the mission. This served to unite the other pastors in action that would prevent further disruption of our forces, and resulted in the church dismissing its pastor and voluntarily returning to the mission. It is also manifest by other action taken that our ordained ministers are capable of maintaining the moral standards of the ministry without outside direction.

Puerto Rico has been receiving much Federal Emergency Relief, and the money thus placed in circulation has undoubtedly kept the island from the suffering which otherwise would have been its lot, as a result of the steady increase of population without a corresponding increase in the means of subsistence. The churches have reported a large increase in the number of baptisms and in their offerings, and are slowly winning back some of the self-support they lost as a result of the two great hurricanes of 1928 and 1932.

Schools

The attendance upon our school in Nicaragua has apparently not been affected by the depression except in the number of girls in the boarding department. The total enrolment in all grades is more than four hundred. In Cristo, Cuba, the attendance at our school is gaining. In both of these countries government institutions have either been closed or greatly restricted because of financial limitations and thus have increased the opportunities of our schools. In Barranquitas, Puerto Rico, the Baptist Academy which had been growing each year, because it was the only institution in a large section of the country where young people could get a high school education, has now to meet the competition of a Roman Catholic High School. In order to meet this competition we should provide dormitory accommodations for pupils from a distance, as there are not enough young people within reach to support two competing day-schools. The attendance upon the Evangelical Seminary has been greatly reduced, so that there is only a skeleton student body. The principal reason for this is the reduced income of the Mission Boards, and the consequent cutting off of scholarships or means of employing student pastors. It is necessary to maintain the Seminary for the sake of replacements in the ministry and for the extension work it carries on in the churches.

EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES

During the past year all of our schools have made gratifying progress. In some of them the attendance has increased, due largely to the allocation of Government relief funds for students in higher institutions of learning. This, on the whole, has not improved the financial condition of the schools and it has been a constant struggle for them to live within their budget. There is a prospect at this writing, however, that the deficits will not be as large as in former years. The attendance is as follows:

Total enrolment of five higher colleges for Negroes	1,675
College classes	1,348
High school classes	91
Elementary classes	16
Practice school	103

Theological classes	99
Preparing to preach	172
Preparing to teach	778
Total number of teachers	115

The work has been carried on with careful attention to high scholarship and to the fact that these are Christian schools and the religious atmosphere and influence are of paramount importance. The reports indicate a wider observance of a week of prayer in the colleges and a more general response on the part of the students toward such advances.

The total appropriations since 1914 by The American Baptist Home Mission Society to 14 Negro institutions of college grade, including institutions from which support has been withdrawn, amount to \$3,568,094.07. This sum includes contributions of the Home Mission Society and interested friends for general operating expenses and buildings and equipment.

Indian Education

Much anxiety was occasioned at the beginning of the year by an order issued by the Indian Office of the Federal Government relating to religious education in Indian Government boarding schools. For the first time in the history of the conduct of missionary work the pagan faiths of the Indian were apparently given an equal right of access to students of the schools as had been enjoyed by the missionaries. It seemed that the Government was seeking to promote the non-Christian cults and make it more difficult for Christian missionary work to be carried on. All of the Protestant churches engaged in missionary work among the Indians made careful inquiry of the Government, and the Indian Office disclaimed that any effort would be made to hinder the Christian Indians or their children from full enjoyment of Christian privileges, and at the same time Christian missionaries would be given as much freedom to carry on their work in the schools as they had hitherto enjoyed. This was apparently nullified by some cases of friction between local authorities and the missionaries, but a careful inquiry into the circumstances revealed the fact that it was either a clash of personalities or a desire on the part of some overzealous official to give expression to his lack

of sympathy in the Christian movement generally. Measures of relief have been instituted in all of these instances.

Bacone College has had a very successful year. While the registration is below that of a year ago the quality of the student life is very much higher. The campaign for \$130,000 for new buildings is almost completed and it is proposed in addition to the Art Lodge to erect a new dormitory, a building of industrial arts, a home demonstration building, and a practice school. The work of the graduates in the services of the public schools among the Indians of the state of Oklahoma is constantly winning high approval from the State Department of Education. These teachers are not only engaged in their duties as public school instructors but are interested in the whole community life and have a very decided Christian influence.

The spiritual atmosphere of the school is clearly indicated by the fact that forty students at Bacone were baptized and five more were received by letter into the Bacone Baptist Church following special services. Dr. John Bunyan Smith, of San Diego, Calif., was the preacher. The college has an enrolment of 248, representing over 40 tribes from sixteen states and Alaska.

Negro Education

During the last few years a very distinct advance has been achieved in Negro education. "In southern states the average amount expended per colored child from 6 to 14 years of age was, in 1911-12, \$2.06 compared with \$10.57 per white child. In 1927-28 the corresponding amounts were per colored child \$8.86 and per white child \$33.13.' In secondary education we find 'that the number of Negro high schools . . . has increased from less than 100 with an enrolment of about 25,000 in 1915 to about 1,000 with an enrolment of over 200,000 in 1930. In 1915 less than 2,500 Negroes were enrolled in colleges. This number increased to approximately 25,000 in 1930.'"

The Negro schools have met the depression remarkably well when it is considered that the Negro has suffered more severely in the economic depression than any other race and that especially in the south the movement toward higher prices for cotton has given the Negro little benefit. He is either a small farm owner or a tenant farmer, neither of which class has profited by

the general agricultural act. This has limited the ability of parents to educate their children. It is noticeable, however, that preference has been given to the college education of the girls because of the feeling that the boys could make their way unaided more readily. The relief administration, however, made special arrangements that will enable some of the Negro students to continue in school. The federal emergency relief administration instructed the state administrators and chief school officers to distribute the aid given in proportion to the Negro education and that "since educational opportunities for Negroes are noticeably inadequate, equality demands that education relief to increase them be at least at the level of their percentage of the population in each state." It is not clear, however, that in states where there was a preponderance of Negro population that they received a major fraction of the relief funds. It does indicate an attitude of justice on the part of the government. The letter of instruction also adds: "Since unemployment among educated Negroes is especially acute, Negro teachers should always be employed to teach Negro pupils in states maintaining segregated school programs for the two races."

The Society has been unable to transfer the supervision of the Negro schools to the Board of Education at the close of the present year, owing to the fact that the Finance Committee of the Northern Baptist Convention did not see the way clear to make an adjustment of the budget that would allow the Board of Education to care for these schools on a proper basis and undertake such administrative changes that would be necessary for proper conduct of the work. The whole matter has been passed over to the Budget Research Committee of the Northern Baptist Convention, together with certain other matters, to be reported upon later.

An effort has also been made to transfer the supervision without the funds, but owing to the fact that several important campaigns and changes are pending in the Negro schools it is doubtful whether this can be accomplished at the end of the present financial year.

The General Education Board has been exceedingly generous in making provision for paying the deficits of four of the Negro schools for the school year ending June 1, 1934, and with this

generous assistance the schools were able to close the year with all current obligations paid. In addition to this the General Education Board has made a special grant to Virginia Union University of ten thousand dollars—five thousand for the library and five thousand for the laboratory.

Benedict College

Benedict College has widened its program by extending its cooperative relationships with Allen University. This latter school is on the opposite side of the street and is supported by the African Methodist Episcopal Church. The facilities of these two institutions are now fully used by both, there are four exchange teachers, the Benedict trustees voted in favor of joint baccalaureate and commencement services and approved a joint Theological Department. This makes a type of cooperation that is not found in any other school. A movement is on foot for a new library building for the two institutions, which will be located on Benedict property. Remarkable progress is being made in race relationships. Delegates from a student body including a large number of schools of both races, recently held a conference at Benedict where problems of discussion and fraternal fellowship were complete.

The year will mark the complete disappearance of the sub-freshman classes. There are seven accredited public high schools and as many more church high schools of the same grade which will furnish plenty of students.

The trustees include a larger number of educators in the state than are to be found in any other of our schools. This assures a high educational standard, and a wealth of experience that is very valuable. There is a growing spirit of cooperation by the white members. The South Carolina Baptist Convention (white) is paying one-half the salary of a teacher in the school of religion. A largely attended summer school was held. Probably the most outstanding feature of the student body is the fine religious atmosphere. This inevitably places its stamp on Benedict students and will become a valuable contribution to the leadership of the race.

Bishop College

The enrolment has been much larger than last year and the number of students occupying rooms in dormitories larger than in several years. A valuable extension feature is the Saturday classes for teachers and the institute for rural teachers. The religious life of the college is fostered by the unusually fine chapel services and though chapel is voluntary nearly all the students are regular attendants. The faculty has been reorganized with an Administrative Council which includes all the interests of the school. The work of the Registrar and vocational guidance of the students has been combined, thus making a department of student personnel. The original charter which was granted for fifty years will soon expire and in the new charter provision will be made for alumni nominations to the trustees and denominational representation. The Board of Trustees will be enlarged and an effort made to distribute the membership among groups who should be in closer touch with the college. Owing to the lack of funds it was impossible to open the junior college branch in Dallas which would give college opportunity to many young people who are unable to meet the expense of living away from home. The present buildings were erected many years ago and the cost of repairs, maintenance, and reconstruction to meet modern needs is an inevitable and increasing expense. Some needs will be met by temporary structures. The Education Department of Texas requires physical education for students who wish a teacher's certificate. This calls immediately for a gymnasium as no other place is suitable. Plans are drawn and a generous part of the money secured for the erection of a temporary structure. An unused frame building has been remodeled for a teacher's residence. Bishop College is needed, and the heroic effort being made to serve the people of East Texas is worthy of larger financial support.

Jackson College

Jackson College has operated this year independent of the Society, under its Board of Trustees. The Chamber of Commerce of the City of Jackson, in view of the fact that the College has spent approximately \$2,750,000 in the city since its establish-

ment, prepared to raise \$5,000 provided reliable guarantees could be secured from foundations, church boards, and friends. The Slater Fund, this Society and the Alumni met these conditions but no campaign has been undertaken and less than \$400 has been contributed by private individuals. The school has operated very well and the teachers are all paid for the first six months of the year. The enrolment has been a little less than last year.

Leland College

Though handicapped by location and competition with larger schools, they have done a good year's work. The buildings are in excellent condition and very well kept. The annual Ministers' Institute was conducted without deficit by charging a small registration fee. The enrolment has greatly increased, and that of the college has almost doubled. This is due to the fact that there is nowhere for young people to go except to school, and especially to the allocation of relief funds to colleges for students' expenses. There will be a slight deficit at the end of the year. The alumni and the Baptist constituency are anxious for the removal of the school to a more desirable location.

Morehouse College

The enrolment of Morehouse College is $23\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. greater than last year. This was made possible by student aid but when this is withdrawn a loss in enrolment will be inevitable. The Summer School was carried on by the union of six colleges and was very satisfactory. The School of Religion has had a good year and much time and effort has been given to secure the right type of young men for the ministry. Several successful institutes for ministers have been held and night classes held for pastors of smaller churches who must work during the day. Chapel is compulsory for all students. Many community activities both in the city and the rural districts are carried on by the students.

The number of members of the faculty in the three affiliated schools—Atlanta, Morehouse and Spelman—is as follows: Six Spelman teachers at Morehouse, five Morehouse teachers in Spelman, eight Atlanta teachers in Morehouse, seven Morehouse teachers in Atlanta. Eight members of the Morehouse faculty have the degree of Ph. D. and all of the others an "M. A. plus."

This interchange is partly the result of economies instituted by a careful restudy of the Morehouse budget. Some reductions in the administrative staff have also been made. The Society a year ago requested Atlanta University to assume financial direction of Morehouse College and also the building of the budget. Atlanta University very kindly assumed these responsibilities. The Trustees of Morehouse and also of Atlanta University have each appointed a committee of conference to study the relations, charter provision, and personnel of the two boards with the thought of making identical membership. The Morehouse Trustees unanimously "approved of this in principle." This will be to the advantage of Morehouse in placing at its disposal the same high financial experience and ability and the educational administration which is to be found in the Board of Trustees of Atlanta University. When these studies have been completed each committee will report to its Board and the Morehouse Trustees will report to this Society.

The Government housing project for Negroes in Atlanta is proceeding. The low grade dwellings adjacent to the Morehouse campus have been removed and the ground has been prepared for dwellings of a good grade. This will make the neighborhood of Morehouse more desirable. It is the most notable government rehousing program for Negroes in the south.

Atlanta University is the head of the three affiliated institutions—Morehouse offers undergraduate work for men, Spelman for women, and Atlanta post-graduate work. It also provides a common library and a common administration building. These two structures, together with the Atlanta dormitories, are the finest and most elegant type of college buildings.

Marked progress is being made for the affiliation of all the other combined schools of Atlanta with Atlanta University. The faculty and equipment are fully offered for community and general educational purposes. Two members of the faculty have taught at Bishop this year, one term each. Plans for extension of adult education, especially in rural districts, are being worked out. The graduate work at Atlanta University is growing and the enrolment of students increasing, but the depression is keenly felt. There are only 57 students and teachers in the new dormitories which can accommodate 200.

Virginia Union University

Virginia Union is fortunate in having a larger number of leading business men in the local area who are actively interested in the school than any other of our institutions. The movement to interest these men, inaugurated a year ago, has been completed so that bankers, newspaper publishers, and corporation officials are giving time, interest, and money to the school. At the same time Negro representation has been enlarged and made more representative. This has resulted in excellent financial management and security.

The campaign fund is increasing. It is proposed to inaugurate at once a movement to raise the Maggie Walker memorial—in honor of a very highly esteemed trustee lately deceased—which it is hoped will produce enough to complete the amount necessary to meet the conditions of the General Education Board pledge.

An approach has been made by a representative of the Federal Government to acquire the Hartshorn College property for a colored high grade housing development. The Trustees have voted to sell at a price and the government representatives have given assurance that a generous loan will be provided. The plan contemplates homes for fifty families and a recreation center restricted to those residing on the property.

Education—General Observations

A careful examination of the source of deficits reveals two interesting situations. On the educational side, the size of the faculty must be reduced. But with fewer teachers it is impossible to handle as large classes. In the interest of educational efficiency some of the schools are seriously considering the advisability of limiting the number of students. The other situation is the very low rate charged for board. One school charges \$12 a month in an area where \$15 a month would be required. The defense for this procedure is the fact that few if any students would be able to come if the higher rates were charged and the school would close. The tragedy of this is not a closed school but the withdrawal of an educational opportunity to a large number of young people who could not go elsewhere and a consequent loss of intelligent racial leadership. The remedy is to secure the needed

amount from the state constituency and all the schools except one are doing this successfully. It is a financial hazard but not an unavoidable one.

Most of the buildings in the schools owned by the Society have been built for some years and are in need of repair. The life of an ordinary brick structure is twenty years but these are much older. They could be placed in excellent repair for a moderate sum in each school. There is a cultural value in having good rooms and good plumbing for the students and it is difficult to hold the best students without these improvements. This Society should make a survey this coming year of the needs in the schools which we own.

It is evident that the young people of both races in the southern colleges are developing a new and a better attitude toward each other. Interracial conferences and student groups meet for frank discussion of their differences and of their mutual problems. The attitude of these students toward each other is the beginning of a new movement that ultimately must modify the traditional southern attitude.

Ministerial training for southern colored preachers is a direct responsibility of Northern Baptists. Most of the colored preachers in the coast states can read and write well, and would welcome such opportunities. The educational opportunities in the valley states are not as widely extended and consequently the cultural level is not as high. The greater need is in this area. All of our schools are training ministers but they ought to be put in a position to do extension work in these areas. This should be considered by our Society.

The National Ministers' Institute under the direction of Doctor Hovey was carried on remarkably well when it is considered that the financial resources have been less than in previous years. The Institutes have been well attended. The outstanding feature of this plan is the "local club" where the instruction begun at the Institute is carried on during the year. This is the most important single agency for the education of colored preachers in the south and ought not only to receive encouragement but have adequate financial support. Four of our schools are cooperating with the Institute.

The religious life of these schools is of first importance. They

were established by a religious impulse, and they have sought to furnish a leadership that was sympathetic to religion. These are Christian schools and the only reason for existence is to furnish a Christian education. The secularization of education in the north is bound to affect these schools. It is a solemn trust of this Society—a duty to the founders, the givers, and those whom we seek to serve—to maintain the religious atmosphere of these schools.

Leadership Training

International Seminary has had a good year's work with about the same number of students and a much higher degree in interest and scholarship than anything hitherto attained.

The Spanish-American Seminary in Los Angeles has raised its standard of education so that only high school graduates will be taken. This has resulted in a great improvement in the personnel of the student body and has brought in a group of fine young people who are looking forward to Christian service for the Mexican race. The school provides for instruction for students from Latin American countries. It is quite evident that there is more space in the school buildings than will probably be used by the Baptist students and an interdenominational arrangement is being considered similar to that which obtains with the seminary at Rio Piedras.

DEPARTMENT OF EVANGELISM

This department has cooperated with the following State Conventions in the support of directors of evangelism: Vermont, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, Colorado and Wyoming, Northern California and Southern California; also with the Danish Conference and the Norwegian Conference. In the last four months of the year an appropriation was made to the Iowa Convention to enable them to employ a director of evangelism for a special effort in connection with their Centenary. Also aid was granted for the maintenance of a gospel tent through the summer of 1934, in the Calumet Region, Indiana, in connection with the work of the Christian Centers.

Our Director of Evangelism for the State of Colorado and Wyoming was released for two months of evangelism among the

Indians of Oklahoma. He reported that one hundred and fifty-nine Indians decided for Christ and in addition a large number of indifferent Christians were restored to fellowship. The directors in California, Minnesota, Indiana and Ohio report an increase in the number of baptisms as reported in their State Convention meetings. In Ohio a notable movement is spreading; a large number of churches and associations have teams of laymen who go out and conduct meetings, especially in the smaller churches.

The Department has published two pamphlets, one in the fall, *Training Disciples*, by the Rev. Harold N. Geistweit, and one in the winter, *What Is the Gospel?* by Dr. Frederick L. Anderson. These tracts have met with general acceptance, single copies being sent to each minister of the Northern Convention. In addition to this the acting-superintendent edited a tract prepared by Dr. E. H. Dutton, Rev. A. B. Strickland and Rev. S. Fraser Langford, *Year-Round Evangelism*, and has written another, *Evangelism and Social Regeneration*, to be published and freely circulated by The American Baptist Publication Society as separate issues of the John Mason Jackson Library.

DEPARTMENT OF EDIFICE FUNDS AND BUILDING COUNSEL

The work of this Department has to do with loans to churches, suggestions in regard to plans for refinancing present mortgages, plans for financial campaigns (either for new buildings or for the payment of debts), and plans for the new building or for remodeling.

This Department seeks to gather up the experience of all of our churches with these problems and the experience of all the communions represented in the Home Missions Council, and to make this experience available to any Baptist church that needs help of this kind. The smallest Baptist church is given the same treatment as the largest.

The secretaries of edifice funds and building counsel of all the denominations of the Home Missions Council have a conference twice a year for the purpose of exchanging experiences on these problems. Your secretary was elected as chairman of this group.

All lines of business in our nation that have outstanding financial obligations are seeking these days to bargain for a reduction of principal and interest. Many settlements have been made on a very reduced basis. Surrounded with this situation, as all of our two thousand Baptist churches are that have debts on their property, it is very gratifying that so large a percentage of our churches that are so encumbered are doing their full duty in regard to their financial obligations. No white Baptist church of the Northern Baptist Convention has actually lost its property so far as the Society knows. If this has happened anywhere, the news of the tragedy has not reached this office and we would like to have the information.

No record has been kept of the number of letters received from churches asking for suggestions on these problems, nor of the number of personal interviews across the country. An extended conference with the officers of 125 churches was held last year. Two addresses at one state pastors' conference and six at another were given. Ten addresses were given at eight associations in one state. The Society helped to finance seven new church buildings this past year. Most of the money loaned went to help churches that needed a little assistance to save their property.

The Interdenominational Bureau of Church Architecture, which was set up nearly a year ago, is getting off in a good way. The director has helped a number of Baptist churches with building plans. Six denominations are now giving this Bureau financial help. Others have agreed to do so later. This bureau has been received most cordially by the various Christian organizations of our country. It is surprising how many church buildings burn each year and how many are planning to either rebuild or remodel.

CHRISTIAN CENTERS

During another twelve-month period the institutions of instruction, inspiration, and aid and relief which we Baptists call Christian Centers have struggled with the problems confronting the underprivileged masses of our great country, problems which have taken on manifold proportions because of the unusual times in which we live. It is pleasant to record here the valiant services

of the unselfish, devoted men and women who make up the personnel of these houses of hope and help, services which have not only made possible a better understanding on the part of these hard-hit families in the crowded communities in which these workers serve, but also brought into the lives of these families a new reliance upon Divine help and guidance, which have enabled them to carry their burdens with more ease and look into the future more hopefully.

This is the more commendable when we remember that no new or increased help with which to do their work more efficiently was given to any of these centers during the past year. On the contrary, the year began with a further retrenchment, financially. It was most difficult in many of these places to make the necessary adjustments to a further reduced budget, but they were made and the work still continued. In some cases this was due to the workers themselves absorbing some of these financial cuts, in order to retain a worker, who otherwise would face the necessity of having to be dropped from the staff.

And so the ministry of teaching, preaching, healing and helping went on as before, each house studying the needs of its own community and seeking to meet these needs themselves or making sure that others met those needs not within the scope of the center program. In many communities these denominational institutions are finding a constantly larger place in the plans for general community welfare.

Public welfare agencies are coming to rely upon the general knowledge of the neighborhood which the center workers possess and are seeking their cooperation more and more in the solution of many family problems. The community at large shows an increasing appreciation of the value of the many-sided activities in the house, which is concretely demonstrated in the financial assistance given through Community Chests and in other ways. Some of our most effective houses have been able to continue so, largely through community cooperation.

In this connection it is well to point out that in no instance have the local welfare funds committees sought to dictate or even influence the character of the house program. This they leave entirely to the staff and the governing bodies appointed by the responsible Baptist organizations. Naturally, therefore, we are

seeking more and more to have our centers included in the Community Welfare Fund, wherever one exists. And why should the community not be asked to lend a hand in the work of redemption so nobly carried on by a band of trained, consecrated workers? What finer thing could there be than the Christian denominations having a hand in bringing about better conditions for the teeming multitudes of children and young people whose homes, many of them at least, are just places to feed and roost? The redemption of the underprivileged areas of our cities and towns is not a task for the social welfare agencies alone, nor can the church through its missionary agencies alone hope to cope adequately with the situation. It is a task of these combined forces, and one we should be proud to have a share in, for after all, unless the heart is made well, the whole body is sick, and Christ alone has eternal Life. We represent him.

It would not be expected that we should open up new centers during a year as difficult as the one just closed, neither have we done so. What we have sought to do, however, has been to strengthen the centers we have, wherever this has been possible, and here we can report progress in several fields. For years the Baptists of Puebla have been anxious to widen the scope of their center, where a very successful work has been carried on by the Woman's Home Mission Society among the Mexican people. During the last year a full-time worker with men and boys was placed on the field to minister to all the racial groups in the community, and already this venture has justified itself. In Kansas City, Kans., for many years we have had to depend on part-time student workers with boys. Because of the many available workers in this line of activities, we were able last fall to place a full-time man in this center, and the increased activities under full-time service proved the wisdom of this plan. In Detroit, there are two centers in fields very ready for our type of work. One of these in particular has had a large following of neighborhood people. No boys' worker had been employed in either field until this year. After only a few months service the boys and men are flocking to the centers and activities have been organized to meet these demands. In Sacramento our growing Japanese work was handicapped for lack of adequate financial support. By increasing the support somewhat, the program has

been enlarged and soon this institution will be one of our most active ones. Friendship House, Oakland, Calif., is one of our fast growing centers where help has been woefully lacking. For several years, Mrs. W. Earle Smith, wife of the city executive secretary, has acted as director of this center and has carried on an effective and helpful program for the entire community. From May 1, 1935, a full-time man will be on this field to meet the need of boys and men and serve as pastor of the growing congregation. This we are partly responsible for. Los Angeles and Denver are two cities where the Society hopes to assist in promoting a larger program to meet the needs of the men and boys ready for the service we can render in these great centers of teeming populations.

New buildings are needed in many fields, but here again we have sought to improve imperfect plants, rather than construct new ones. Before long, however, Weirton, West Virginia, and Campbell, Ohio, will have to be equipped with new buildings, owing to the deplorable condition of the old buildings which are beyond repair.

Our Negro Center, Detroit, is a fine illustration of what can be done with an inadequate plant. A few thousand dollars spent on these buildings has given us unquestionably the finest Negro center in the Northern Convention. It also greatly enlarged the work formerly housed in a small frame building, and the Detroit Negro churches have increased their interest and activities through this center because of the new plant. In Pueblo, Colorado, an adjacent building with playground was purchased, adding a gymnasium and other quarters to the already fine building we had here. The enlarged program not only draws many more people, but has also helped spur the Baptists of the city to larger interest and participation in the work. Kansas City, Kansas, has long needed added facilities for its boys' program, and provision has been made for a realization of plans to meet these needs. Milwaukee Center has never been able to put a full boys' and men's program for lack of equipment. The room was there, but not adequately arranged and furnished. Plans have already been drawn by the Edifice Funds Architect, and needed funds provided by the agencies responsible for this center insuring the opening, next year, of an adequate and well-balanced program for the boys

and men of this needy community. These are some of the more extensive changes and improvements which have been made possible during the last year through the cooperation of our Society.

It is only fair to expect that a capable and adequate staff, working for the most part in up-to-date and well-equipped buildings, should produce results commensurate with the effort and the outlay. And that this is what is actually happening is amply illustrated by the detailed and interesting reports coming from these centers each month. Distress is being relieved, young and old are instructed in the principles of Christian living, lives are quickened spiritually, and many are brought to a saving knowledge of Christ. Churches have grown up in many centers, others are sending converts into near-by churches, and the kingdom of God is finding a larger place and greater expression in the communities where these centers are located because of the living example and service of the representatives of all our Home Mission agencies.

PUBLICITY, LITERATURE AND RESEARCH

Cooperating with the editorial secretary of the Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society, the editors of *Missions*, *Watchman-Examiner*, the state and city bulletins, the secretaries of the Council on Finance and Promotion, Department of Missionary Education and The American Baptist Publication Society, all of whom have rendered willing and helpful service, this Department has attempted to secure interest in home missions through the medium of periodicals and pamphlets. News items, articles, editorials and advertisements have been prepared by different writers.

During August and October, 1934, four states, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois and Missouri celebrated one-hundredth anniversaries. In the first-named state the celebration had to do with Baptist beginnings within its territorial limits one hundred years ago. The celebrations in the other three states related to the organization of their State Conventions. Preparatory material dealing with the pioneer days in each state was prepared by the secretary of the Department and he also participated in the celebrations in question. At the Illinois State Convention held in Springfield, October 26, a pageant entitled *Pioneering with Christ on American Frontiers*, written by Rev. R. LaRue Cober, of Rochester, and the secretary

of the Department, was presented with commendable skill and spirit by the young people of the First Baptist Church and members of the Zion Baptist Church in Springfield.

The month of March was devoted to a study at first hand of some of the mission stations in Cuba preparatory to the preparation of home mission literature and a stereopticon lecture.

Under the head of "Special Information Service" that Mrs. Maude S. Dean prepares, 1,431 special letters and 7,797 circular letters have been mailed to donors and others during the year.

FACING THE FUTURE

One of our great opportunities is that of strengthening the hands of our ministers. Changing situations are often baffling. Men are frequently far from associates and feel desperately alone. New methods of achievement need to be developed. Conferences of men with like problems will be of tremendous value. Ways must be found in which the men who are carrying the load can be strengthened for their responsibilities.

Another great need is the improvement of our methods of work. The Home Mission Societies have a definite contribution to make to this study. The entire program of churches of varied types or serving various types of communities must be given constant study. Better methods must constantly be found for accomplishing purposes that are as old as the gospel.

Evangelism always has and always will be a primary responsibility, but we face the fact that our evangelism is not as fruitful as it has been in some periods of the church's history. Some will say that the times are unfavorable; but it may also be due to the fact that we have not learned how to be effective in these times. We must constantly study new approaches that offer some promise of increasing our efficiency in this great field.

Progress lies in making each achievement the ground on which we stand to reach to something higher. With the highest respect for the past and with the fullest realization of the difficulties of the present, we turn our faces to the future, with the fullest trust in God.

On behalf of the Board,

ALBERT W. BEAVEN, *Chairman.*

G. PITT BEERS, *Executive Secretary.*

REPORTS FROM THE FIELD WORKERS

OUR WORK AMONG CHINESE IN AMERICA

By CHAS. F. BRADY, JR.

It is hardly an exaggeration to say that the work of the American Baptist Home Mission Society among the Chinese in America has been a long and arduous struggle. It is a struggle that has been going on for more than a half-century.

At the same time, it is a struggle that has been going on in a very different way from the struggle of the first Baptist Church in America. The first Baptist Church in America was a church of the white race. It was a church that was founded by white men for white men. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT OF THE AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY

The work of the American Baptist Home Mission Society among the Chinese in America has been a long and arduous struggle. It is a struggle that has been going on for more than a half-century. It is a struggle that has been going on in a very different way from the struggle of the first Baptist Church in America. The first Baptist Church in America was a church of the white race. It was a church that was founded by white men for white men. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world.

In other words, the work of the American Baptist Home Mission Society among the Chinese in America has been a long and arduous struggle. It is a struggle that has been going on for more than a half-century. It is a struggle that has been going on in a very different way from the struggle of the first Baptist Church in America. The first Baptist Church in America was a church of the white race. It was a church that was founded by white men for white men. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world. It was a church that was founded in a white man's world.

A Chinese American Worker

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REPORT OF THE
SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT
OF
THE AMERICAN BAPTIST
HOME MISSION SOCIETY

On behalf of the Board

ARTHUR W. BARNES, Chairman
C. PIERCE, Secretary

REPORTS FROM THE FIELD WORKERS

OUR WORK AMONG CHINESE IN AMERICA

CHARLES R. SHEPHERD, Director

If the readers of this report could have been with me on Easter Sunday morning they would have gained a better idea about what is being actually accomplished among our Chinese missions in America than by reading anything I might write here.

At the Easter morning service of the First Baptist Church of Berkeley seven of the boys of the Chung Mei Home were baptized. Among these seven were two sixteen-year-old lads, who had come to us out of wayward experiences of a type that would soon have led them into very serious trouble had there not been a refuge and corrective influence such as the Chung Mei Home affords. These two boys, however, since coming to the Home, have undergone a great change, have made a profession of Christian faith, and are earnestly trying to live upright, manly, Christian lives. With the baptism of these seven there remains scarcely a boy in Chung Mei Home, who has been there long enough to get an intelligent grasp of Christian teaching, or is old enough to comprehend its meaning fully, who has not made a confession of faith in Christ and followed him in baptism.

From the service at the First Church in Berkeley we hastened over to our Chinese Baptist Church in San Francisco, and there enjoyed the privilege of baptizing into the Christian fellowship a splendid and intelligent young Chinese teacher who for years had steadfastly resisted all efforts of the spirit of God to win him, and had lived a life dominated by a strong anti-Christian spirit. Before the whole congregation he told of his experience, of how the spirit of God had overcome his defiant resistance and won him to a happy faith in Christ.

There had been a very large attendance at Sunday school that morning, and many of the young people had remained over for the worship service which was one of the most inspiring Easter services the writer has ever attended. One striking feature of this service was the singing of a full-length Easter oratorio by a choir of sixteen Chinese young people, excellently and painstakingly trained by Miss Elsie Anderson. It would have done credit to any choir of American young people, and would have been enthusiastically received in any American church. A great sorrow has come to this church through the death of its pastor, the Rev. L. S. Chan, who passed away on February 1. But as one sat in that church and participated in that inspiring service one could not but feel that this young man, being dead, yet lived in the lives of his people, and that although he had gone from among them he had left them a legacy of courage, hope and faith in the risen Lord, which was expressing itself throughout every part of the service.

In other places in the United States where we have missions among the Chinese there were also held services on that Easter Day that bespoke the joy of a new life, the faith in a true God, and the devotion to a loving Saviour on the part of those who have come to us from an environment that is alien, from shores that are foreign, and have found in our midst spiritual and intellectual satisfaction that only the religion of Christ can give.

A Christian America Needed

But at this point we are reminded of an experience which came to us recently. A little boy had newly arrived in Chung Mei Home. The superintendent was telling him that on the morrow they would all go to Sunday school. The little boy asked what they did in Sunday school, and the superintendent told him that there they would learn about Jesus. "Oh," replied this newcomer, "in China they've got a Jesus too; but in Xville (naming a California town in which he had resided just

before coming into the Home) they got no Jesus." What a sad commentary upon our American life. Again the writer is reminded of the time when he visited a little California town down on the Sacramento River, and there preached on the street in the Chinese community. After the service was over one of the Chinese townsmen came to him and said: "How come, in China we all time see missionaries? But I been this town nine years. This first time missionary come."

There is much to be done for our Chinese in every community in the United States where they reside. They feel exceedingly reticent about coming to our American churches, and in many cases when they have come they have not been kindly received. They are not foreigners in the sense in which we so often think of them; and they are not after all so strange, uncanny and difficult to understand. They are largely just men and women, boys and girls, with the same aspirations and longings as we have, the same hopes and ambitions, with hearts that beat just as warmly, and spirits that feel just as keenly. They are lovable, loyal and friendly. They do not ask to be treated differently, but to be received and accepted as brothers, children of God, and, in this which we call the land of the free, to be given the same chance to reach out and grasp all that is good as is given to those of our own race.

We believe in foreign missions. We have already poured out a fabulous amount of wealth in our efforts to extend the kingdom of God in China. This is all good. But let us on the one hand beware lest we slight the children of Cathay which are in our very midst, and let us on the other hand realize that there is no way that we can so readily and effectively reach into the very heart of China as we can by winning the Chinese that are in our midst, and giving them the desire to return to their own country and win their own people for our Lord and Christ.

MISSIONS AMONG THE INDIANS IN THE UNITED STATES

BRUCE KINNEY, Director

Changes which have already occurred and those in immediate prospect are greater than any I have ever known in our Indian work in the same length of time. During several years we have had no changes, but this year it is different.

Rev. W. A. Wilkin, whose retirement was anticipated last year in this report, has withdrawn from active service. He began his work among the Indians in 1904 and was retired in 1934, serving just thirty years when he had reached the age limit. I knew him in college more than forty years ago, and he was then known, as he has been ever since, as a man of sterling integrity and indomitable purpose. He and his noble wife have erected a monument to themselves in the lives of their people which will endure.

Franklin Keele was appointed to take Mr. Wilkin's place, but after a few weeks resigned and has gone elsewhere.

Rev. Alva N. Cain, a graduate of Ottawa University (Kansas), who taught three years at Bacone and graduated from Andover-Newton Seminary in 1934, is now on Brother Wilkin's former field. He was ordained there March 14, 1935, and made a profound impression throughout his entire examination which was unanimously and heartily approved. We wish for him a long and fruitful service.

Rev. Harry M. Gromer served among the Arapaho and Cheyenne Indians with his home at Calumet for eight years. He resigned in December, 1934, and left the field in January, 1935, to return to California, from which state he came to us.

Rev. Jesse L. Brandon is a graduate of State Teacher's College of Greeley, Colo. After teaching and preaching several years in Colorado, he came to the field vacated by Brother Gromer, March 1, 1935. He is young, enthusiastic and consecrated. From now on Rev. T. J. Davis, with headquarters at Watonga, will have charge of all the work specifically for the Cheyenne. Brother Brandon, living at Geary, will have charge of all the work among the Arapaho with various out-

stations. He will also have charge of our religious work at the Concho Government School.

Bruce Kinney began his work under appointment from the Home Mission Society in 1898. He has been continuously under the appointment of the Society ever since closing his thirty-seven years July 1. He will reach the age limit next December, at the close of which he will be retired. He has served the Society more than half of his life.

Some people have been amused at some statistics I can give of my work. Here they are: During many years of my service it has not been part of my official functions to attend associations or state conventions. However, I have found time to attend 271 associational meetings and 121 state conventions and have spoken at all of them. I have officially represented the Home Mission Society at 247 state board meetings. I have preached or given addresses to the number of 5,879, slept in moving berths on land or sea 2,022 times, and have traveled in the interests of our denominational work, 1,403,452 miles as of April 1, 1935. That is going some! Needless to say that traveling has long since ceased to be a novelty.

Councils on Indian Fields

Our Society has decided that I will have no successor as such. Last fall Dr. Frank A. Smith and I visited all of our Indian fields and organized Councils on each. These Councils are to mediate between the individual churches in their fields and the Home Mission Society. They acted for the first time in these capacities this spring when they sent in to the Society directly their requested budgets and programs for the next fiscal year.

Changes in Policies and Locations

One of our greatest hindrances has been the continued changes of policies on the part of the Government. These include changes in educational and other policies which lead, in turn, to changes in locations of the Indians. We elect a new President. Even though he be of the same party as the outgoing President, a new man is usually appointed to head the Indian Bureau. This necessitates expensive changes on our part to meet changed conditions.

Trends

Drunkenness seems to be on the increase on most reservations. On some of these reservations there seems to be an attempt to enforce the old law against the selling or giving of liquor to Indians. Even some of our young boys and girls have been known to be drunk. In these trying times I think it can be noticed that those who are older in the Christian life are more stable than those where the work was more recently started.

Encouragements

Since Easter, 1934, there have been at least 128 baptisms on our various Indian fields. These figures include the church at Bacone College, now a member of our Western Indian Association, and those baptized into our Baptist churches from Government schools where we are helping to support the Christian work.

It is very noticeable that our churches over the country are much better informed and more intelligent about our Indian work than ever before.

While I have no official connection with Bacone (Junior) College, I wish I might be allowed to testify to my conviction that Bacone is doing more for the uplift of the young Indians than any other institution in the United States. President B. D. Weeks and his associates have done a monumental work. There is still a greater future before it. The success of Bacone and its graduates have done much to help the work on our mission fields.

GROWTH OF MEXICAN BAPTIST CHURCHES

EDWIN R. BROWN, Director

Our Northern Baptist work among the Mexicans in the United States has gone steadily forward during the year 1934-1935. In spite of the constant drain of members through repatriation the total membership shows an increase, the number of baptisms has been gratifying, and the evangelistic spirit of the pastors and members has resulted in a constant growth in the number of groups of believers. Members from Detroit have opened work in Blissfield, and in turn the converts in Blissfield have gone over to Toledo to open mission work. The members in Rockford, Ill., have started services in Elgin. Americans in Winslow, Ariz., became interested in the Mexican colony and as a result a Mexican Baptist church has been organized just as the year closed. The pastor at Tucson has been encouraged by his visits to the meeting of Mexican Baptists in Nogales, where they are accompanied by Mexican Baptists from the other side of the lines who are denied the right of conducting religious services in their own country. Americans in Huntington Beach, Calif., have had remarkable success in gathering a Mexican Baptist Sunday school, and are planning a Mexican church building as soon as sufficient funds are available. The Mexican group in Sacramento has grown notably since being offered the facilities of the Japanese Christian Center, and although without a pastor, they carry on and are ready to assume the responsibility for a new mission in Roseville. Our strong church at Santa Barbara has adopted a church budget of \$2,500 for the new year, and during the past year sent out and supported a Mexican missionary in Lompoc.

Attendance at almost all of our churches and missions has been larger than ever before reported, and the Christmas celebrations brought crowds that in almost every place overflowed the meeting-places. The churches have raised their missionary quotas, but due to lack of employment have not made much progress along the lines of self-support.

Our Spanish-American Baptist Theological Seminary in Los Angeles had a very successful year with the largest enrolment in its history, and if funds had been available for assisting students, an even larger number of students would have enrolled. Seven of the students served as pastors of mission churches, their work being universally satisfactory, and one reporting more than thirty baptisms during the year.

Three notable Mexican Baptist gatherings occurred during the year. The California Mexican Baptist Convention met in San Pedro, July 31 to August 3, the Colorado Mexican Baptist Association met in Denver, April 16-18, and the Northern Mexican Baptist Convention in Detroit, April 24-28. These gatherings showed the growing group consciousness of our Mexican Baptist brethren, and proved their splendid ability to plan and carry out cooperatively their programs and their united activities. A men's brotherhood was organized in Southern California and is sponsoring a radio program in Spanish each Sunday morning with excellent results. The women's societies have also organized under these Conventions, and the unions of Mexican Baptist young people's unions show the most encouraging signs of future usefulness in the evangelization of their own people.

A most significant feature of the work is the fact that churches left without pastors, as at Brawley and Sacramento, Calif.; Denver, Pueblo, Rocky Ford, La Junta, and Trinidad, Colo., have nevertheless carried on undiscouraged and continued their activities in the evangelization of the Mexicans in the United States.

PARISH RECONSTRUCTION

EARLE D. SIMS, Church Invigorator

This has been one blessed year of labor at Lodge Grass and Wyola, Mont. At Lodge Grass we have been able to repair our lovely building and secure equipment to the amount of \$500. Large crowds attended all our services. We have conducted two evangelistic campaigns,

At Wyola we have been able to build and complete a desirable house of worship at a cost of \$11,000. The attendance has been greatly on the increase every week.

The labors of the year have included: services, 126; sermons, 126; Sunday school sessions, 104; prayer-meetings, 60; socials, 16; Ladies' Aid meetings, 72; children's meetings, 36; visits, 600; evangelistic campaigns, 3; vacation schools, 2 of twelve days each with daily attendance of 100; miles traveled, 2,600; I also dug one well; built one church building; repaired one church building; raised over \$12,000; baptized 49 people (many others professed conversion); dedicated one church building.

COLPORTER-MISSIONARY WORK

J. C. KILLIAN, Secretary

(See pages 27 and 30 for references to this important mission carried on cooperatively with The American Baptist Publication Society; also the Annual Report of the Publication Society.)

During the year the Colporter-Missionary work has been carried on in a most successful manner. The work has been carried on in the most efficient manner, and the results have been most satisfactory. The work has been carried on in the most efficient manner, and the results have been most satisfactory.

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LATIN AMERICA

CUBA

ROBERT ROUTLEDGE, General Missionary

Cuba has had another bad year politically and financially. This does not mean that the Central Government at Havana has not done everything possible to restore peace and good-will. The task has proven to be much more difficult than we prophesied one year ago.

Politically Cuba is endlessly divided. The students of the National University and the provincial institutes still seem to think that they should be given complete control of the Department of Education. In fact, they would like to run the whole country. Recent events seem to show that the government has decided to do some housecleaning in the Department of Education. Cuba will yet come out on the right side. Financially there is already some improvement and politically the signs are not wanting that the better day cannot be delayed much longer.

Our work as a mission has never been seriously molested. True we have suffered with things in general, but there has been no spiritual slump. Our churches and Sunday schools are well attended and conversions and baptisms are frequent. Many of our churches have enjoyed special blessings. They have been drawn nearer to their Lord and their Lord has been drawn nearer to them.

Our day- and boarding-school work has felt the depression more than any other department. We have few scholarships and this means that practically all of our pupils have to pay the regular fees for board, room and tuition. Nevertheless our student body has increased during the year and our collections have been better than at any time since 1929.

Some years ago we reached the high-water mark of 1,400 pupils in our Educational Department. In 1934 that number was reduced to 571, but in the present year we are again well on the way up with a total matriculation of 819.

In most of our schools the Bible is used as a text-book and in all of them daily chapel is held. About 40 per cent. of the day-pupils attend Sunday school and other church services where attendance is not required.

We are not giving the theological course at present, but we have three students for the ministry and might have many more if our budget made it possible for us to employ more missionaries.

The Home Mission Society has opened the way for one of our graduates, Augusto Abella, to go to Puerto Rico and take the course in the Evangelical Seminary. We hope that this is the first of a goodly number of young men of promise who will thus receive more thorough preparation.

The Cuban Home Mission Society has held its own well, and we expect that their eight missionaries will be paid in full by the time our general Convention meets. The total sum raised, \$2,340.50, is small in comparison with what we were able to do some five or six years ago, but every penny represents a sacrifice. Our Cuban pastors and missionaries give a goodly part of the money received by the Cuban Society, and yet none of them receives more than \$60 a month and the majority \$40 or less, and most of them have large families.

The district of Baracoa has suffered a good deal during the past few years through internal dissension. I am glad to report that this fine field is again moving steadily onward. Together with the Cuban Board we now have some nine workers there, six pastors and three assistants.

In connection with our work in the city of Baracoa a splendid day-school is carried on. Gelasio Ortiz is the director and his wife is his able assistant. Both are graduates of our Cristo school. They are a tower of strength to the church and God's blessing is with them in their school.

Dr. Jose Serra, a former teacher in the government Institute of Santiago de Cuba and at present under appointment of the Cuban Board as an evangelist, has done fine work on a number of our fields. Practically all of our churches have had additions to their membership during the year.

Haitians are fewer in number in Cuba than they were one year ago. Deportations for a time weakened our work among these people. It still remains true that wherever there is one converted Haitian there will soon be more. Their zeal is truly apostolic. There is great need of a French-speaking missionary who could give all of his time to the care of the Haitian immigrants in Cuba.

We have lost through death one of the best loved of our missionaries, the Rev. Max Montel, pastor of our Cristo church and principal of our boys' school. He was also president of our Convention at the time of his death. His loss seems to us an irreparable one, but we know that the Lord will carry on his work.

When we consider the present troublous times we have good reasons to thank God and take fresh courage. He has been with us throughout the year and his blessing has been everywhere manifest.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 54; outstations, 71; missionaries, 34; teachers in mission schools, 34; baptisms, 472; church-members, 3,745; mission schools, 10; pupils in high school department, 100; student total, 819; church edifices and chapels, 43; missionary residences, 12; Sunday schools, 130; average attendance at Sunday school, 5,600; value of church property, \$200,000; value of school property, \$125,000; contributed for pastors' salaries, \$6,194.53; Cuban Home Mission Society, \$2,340.50; total contributions, \$17,073.55.

HAITI

A. GROVES WOOD, General Missionary

We are happy to report another year of blessing, and of steady progress in all branches. The departure of the American Occupation in August has changed the situation in many ways. We feared that it might be followed by a wave of active hostility on the part of the Roman priests. There is evidence that this has been attempted. A few of our members have been arrested on some technicality or other, but in each case release followed almost immediately either by the police officer or the Juge de Paix. The higher police officers, and officials of all sorts, have shown a fine independence of spirit for men who are nominally Catholics. I have found them most courteous, and desirous of putting us to as little inconvenience as possible. There are, naturally, certain formalities to be complied with, but they are not burdensome. I believe that an honest attempt is being made to continue the good work begun during the Occupation. The hospitals are well managed, and recently several of the leading doctors have been sent to the States or Europe for several months' study at the expense of the government. Last fall the chief of the Sanitary Service in this town gave a series of lectures in our Mission Hall on "Personal Hygiene," etc. The lectures were well prepared and much appreciated. I am sorry to report, however, that since the hospitals came under Haitian control, the budget for that department has been so much reduced that it has been found impossible to care for the less serious cases, and there is much suffering in consequence among the poorest classes. A trained town visitor would be able to do a great work among such sufferers. The roads are as well maintained as they were under the Occupation, and new ones are under construction. At the time of writing, a splendid suspension bridge over Guïamouche at Hinche is nearing completion. It will link Port Au Prince with the north of the republic by a road fifty miles shorter than the one in use now, and a large, undeveloped area will be opened up.

Financially, the year has been one of great difficulty for the towns, especially Port Au Prince and Cap Haitien, where there is much suffering due to the unemployment of those who worked for the Americans, and some whose sole living depended on the

rental of homes occupied by the American officials are suffering acutely. This has reacted seriously on our church life, and we find that lack of clothes keeps many from the house of God. There is little change in the country districts, however, where the peasantry have learned to keep body and soul together almost without money. I am glad to say that the calm of the political life of the republic has not been ruffled by anything of any consequence since the Occupation retired. The one demand is for work. The peasants realize the futility of armed insurrection, and it would be well-nigh impossible to incite them to revolt. The Garde d'Haiti is well organized and is loyal to the government, and all appearances lead us to hope that Haiti has a long period of tranquillity before her in which to develop her great material and spiritual resources.

Cap Haitien

Cap Haitien is still being pastored by the writer. The year has passed very happily, and the various activities of the church life have been well maintained. New classes have been added to the Bible school. One of these classes has been surprisingly popular, viz., that in which instruction is given in Haitian Creole instead of French, and adult members are taught to read. On Sunday afternoons Sunday schools are held not only in the church and in the mission hall, but also in the courts of the town, while in the morning every week the prison is visited. There has been great activity in the outstations and on three Sundays each month about one-half of the members are dispersed through the towns and villages of the neighborhood, as they seek to carry out the Lord's command to preach the gospel to every creature. We have leased a house which is in use as a preaching hall at Limbé, and at Bord de Mer Limonade we have nearly completed an iron-roofed church building. Regular preaching stations have been opened up at Haut du Cap, Em Bas Limbé, Camp Louise, Fort S. Michel and Duplat, and other districts are frequently visited. I cannot close the report on the work in Cap Haitien without mentioning the unstinted help given by Messrs. Charles Laconte and Charles Laroche, men of the best society who have cheerfully accepted social ostracism for the sake of their Lord.

Port Au Prince

Port Au Prince is still pastored by Ruben Marc, and reports a successful year. The church has at last acquired a plot of land on the Champ de Mars for \$900, on which they hope in time to erect suitable church buildings to replace the present temple which is not only too small, but is also in very poor condition.

Grande Riviere

Grande Riviere sphere has had another good year under the able pastorate of Gerson Toussaint. The school at Bahon, which was closed for a time when the reduced budget necessitated the withdrawal of the subventions, was reopened some months ago and is supported entirely by the local church. The scholars pay ten cents each per month and the pastor has donated the small amount given by this church toward his salary to the teacher, who receives in all about \$5.00 per month, with which he is able to live. The outstation at Milot has been made into a separate church, meeting in a large house which was purchased by the Grande Riviere Church, and transformed for the purpose. Two other self-supporting schools have been opened in this sphere, one near to Milot, and the other at Grand Gilles.

Hinche

Hinche again reports remarkable progress under the leadership of Osiris Lamour. The old stations have been maintained and several new districts are being evangelized, e. g., Thomassique, Cerca Cavarjal and Cerca Lassource. The new church building is well advanced and we hope that it will be completed early in the new financial year. The walls are already erected, and the masons are now at work on the pillars to support the roof. This fine, stone building has been put up largely with money

given locally. The total amount received from abroad is \$557, and this does not represent one-third of the value already put into the building. It was a pleasure to me to be present some weeks ago as the members came forward with their weekly special offering to pay the masons. One man gave two dollars, two more gave one dollar each, and the balance was made up of smaller sums. But it was sacrificial giving. Two devoted sisters keep the day-school, for which they receive \$5.00 each per month. Both of them have taken children of the poorer peasants into their homes to feed, clothe and educate, without remuneration. One teacher has no less than five little ones. It is easy to see that she has put the kingdom first and is counting on God to supply the "all things." This spirit of real sacrifice promises much for the future of our work.

Las Cahobas and Bois Joli

Las Cahobas and Bois Joli has had another happy and prosperous year under the pastorate of Solon Gabeau. The stations in the mountains have made a considerable progress, and there are plans on foot to establish a church at Belladere, and several of the outstations will be connected with that church instead of Las Cahobas. The house purchased at Las Cahobas for use as a church is now almost useless as the membership has increased so rapidly, and the members are trying to raise the money to purchase a suitable site on the main road for building a church. A mission house with cement water-tank and also a baptistery are now under construction at Bois Joli, and a self-supporting day-school has been opened at a center a long day's ride away among the mountain fastnesses to the south. It is pleasing to note the sturdy independence of these people who are bravely shouldering the burdens of a rapidly increasing sphere, and ask very little outside help.

Saint Michel

I am at present the acting pastor of this church and go there for the baptismal services and to conduct the Communion. An officer was elected as "Conductor," and he is keeping things going, but the situation is not altogether satisfactory, and I hope that before long a pastor will be found to take charge of this sphere.

Dondon

Dondon remains under the direction of Vilfort Eustache, and he reports a most promising opening in the town of Marmalade. About a year ago a young man who had been converted in Cuba and was a member of one of the churches under the A. B. H. M. S. there, returned home and has been working very actively in this district. The Dondon church has the oversight of this work, and there are now over 40 believers and about 200 who show an interest in the gospel.

Gonaives

This large, long-neglected town is the site of our newest mission station. In September Flechier Lariviere went there, and found about a dozen Baptist members. Another dozen have since confessed their faith in Christ, and are now being prepared for baptism. I hope that within the next few months the foundations of a strong church will be laid. They are in immediate need of a mission hall.

La Romana, R. D.

It is almost impossible to keep track of the rapid development of this mission among the Haitians in the sister republic. Scarcely a month passes without the opening of some new mission station. During the year several have been started in the S. Pedro de Macoris district, and there is now a far call from Barahona, where large numbers of Haitians with no spiritual home are employed on the large sugar estate. The pastor, Leonzac Salvant, hopes shortly to visit this area.

Education

The schools have had a good year on the whole. We were compelled to discontinue the subvention made to some of the smaller schools, but Bahon, S. Raphael and Trou have remained open and are being supported by the local church. One student for the ministry and a young woman training to become a town worker are at school in Jamaica. The mission has reached a stage, however, when the question of training our own young people ought seriously to be faced, even if we commence in a small way. The town churches have a liberal sprinkling of young people who might become a tremendous spiritual force in the country if the means to give them a suitable training were available. A very successful summer school was again conducted by my wife with the help of some of the members of the local church. We hope that this year it will be possible to use last years' teachers elsewhere, and to take another group for the Cap. In this way two or even three schools may be possible this year.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 10; mission stations, 65; chapels, 13; meeting-halls, 33; members, 2,155; baptisms, 461; missionaries, 11; ordained, 8; Sunday schools, 20; average attendance at Sunday schools, 1,000; primary schools, 7; primary teachers, 12; pupils, 650; Bibles and Testaments distributed, 485; tracts distributed (pp.), 33,790; gospels distributed, 4,950; Bibles sold, 100; Testaments and Psalms sold, 60; other religious books sold, 90; total contributions, \$1,701.19.

MEXICO

ERNESTO BAROCIO, General Missionary

Our work reaches eight different states of the republic and the Federal District. The most important centers are Monterrey in the north, Tampico on the Gulf coast, San Luis Potosi in the center, and Mexico City and Puebla in the south. Despite the troubles and setbacks occasioned by the ultraradical laws that have been enacted, all our churches, with perhaps a few exceptions, have been blessed with both material and spiritual progress during the year.

I had to act as pastor of the church in Monterrey for several months on account of the resignation of the former pastor, which produced a serious split among the members that was the cause of much concern and anxiety. The Lord helped me to bring about a reconciliation, after which the church unanimously called as pastor Rev. C. B. Tooms from Puebla. His ministry is being greatly blessed by the Lord, and the church has entered a new period of activity and evangelism under his leadership.

The Puebla church called Rev. José P. Ruiz to take the place of Brother Tooms, and everything shows they were wise in their selection of the new pastor, whose enthusiasm and evangelistic zeal are bearing much fruit.

The church in Mexico City is in a healthy, growing condition. The pastor, Rev. A. T. Ojeda, lost his wife about a year ago, and the care of his four children, added to his duties as pastor, has been a heavy burden; but he is held in high esteem, and the Lord is blessing his ministry.

Our rented meeting-house in Tehuacan was closed by the Government. They had left us to do our work without molestation, but somebody denounced our meetings as contrary to the law, because the house was not registered as a chapel belonging to the nation. So the police came and sealed the door of the meeting-room. The brethren have kept on meeting at the homes to pray and study the Bible privately; but this is not a satisfactory arrangement, and I hope we may soon be able to buy some property there and have it registered as dedicated to public services.

There is an Indian village called Chilac near Tehuacan, where we have a flourishing mission. The members are all of pure Indian blood, and though they under-

stand Spanish, always speak their own (Aztec) language among themselves. They have decided to build their own chapel on a site bought some years ago, and are already working at it. One of them bought a small strip of land adjoining the lot, to make it larger; another has made one thousand adobes for the work; another has promised to pay the cost of all doors and windows, etc. I believe that mission will be organized as a regular church before long.

Two missions in the Federal District were organized as churches this year; one in Mixcoac and the other in Atzacapotzalco. This last one has finished the construction of a small but neat chapel which they expect to dedicate, with the Government's permission, this month or next. A lot was bought in Mixcoac about three years ago, and the members have not yet begun building, but are collecting funds for the purpose.

Our Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas Association, at its recent meeting in Monterrey, voted to appoint a missionary to work in the mountain section of this state, in a village called Potosi. A good number of believers are accustomed to meet and have Sunday school under the direction of a consecrated Baptist young lady who is now living there, and they have written us asking that we send a missionary to help them. We expect to be able to send him next July.

Another prosperous mission has been established in Veracruz. A number of believers were baptized there by Rev. C. B. Tooms, the pastor in Puebla at the time, and their number has grown. Some brethren in Puebla pay the expenses of Brother Villaseñor as a worker there, and it is expected that they will soon proceed to the organization of the group as a regular Baptist church.

The Mexican National Baptist Convention met at Puebla during Passion Week, and several of the present problems that require solution in our work were discussed. What to do about ministerial education now that the law does not allow us to have a seminary; what to do in places where the government has closed our churches, or in states where preachers are required to pay taxes almost as big as their salaries; how to meet the attacks of atheism in the schools, etc. It is not easy to find the way out of this imbroglio, but a feeling of trust in the Lord, in the power of his gospel and the guidance of the Holy Spirit, prevailed, and plans were made for the enlargement of the work and the opening of new fields.

I was reelected treasurer of the Convention and can say that the churches are responding more faithfully every year to the missionary call. We finished the year without debt and with a substantial sum in the treasury. Our feelings were moved, even to tears, when we received at the Convention not only greetings, but money also from some churches whose chapels have been closed for several months, but which in spite of this, have gone on working and testifying for Christ.

One good thing that has come as a result of the enforcement of the laws that restrict our religious liberty is that our churches are becoming aware of the urgent necessity of giving Christian teaching to the young in the homes. Very few of the evangelical schools have been able to continue their good work, even under severe restrictions, and we are afraid that even our Sunday schools will be affected. These circumstances make the establishment of regular Bible teaching and devotions in the homes of the utmost importance. Our Convention has appointed special committees to promote this work.

A decree was recently given, forbidding the use of the mails for any kind of religious propaganda. No religious papers may now be sent by mail, and even the Express Company refuses them. Our Baptist paper *La Luz* (The Light) has been discontinued. An even more serious matter is the fact that the Customs Department has refused admission at Veracruz of a number of boxes of Bibles sent by the American Bible Society to its agency in Mexico City, and our supply of Bibles is rapidly diminishing. It may be necessary to print our own Bibles here in Mexico.

We are aware that worse times are liable to come, and it may be necessary that some of us suffer persecution, but one thing is true, that our people need the gospel. that we find everywhere men and women ready to bear our message, and that the present conflicts are stirring the Christians to more faithful witnessing and evangelistic activity.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 32; members, 3,275; baptisms, 232; outstations, 85; Sunday schools, 45; enrolment, 2,820; chapels, 26; pastors and missionaries, 26 (ordained, 21; unordained, 5); contributions, \$19,500 (Mex.).

Report of Medical Work of Dr. Ota G. Walters in Miahuatlan, State of Oaxaca, Mexico

Towns visited, 15; home calls, 251; minor operations, 16; clinic treatments, 38; total treatments, 1,319.

NICARAGUA

CHARLES S. SCOTT, General Missionary

This year marks the seventeenth anniversary of Baptist work in Nicaragua. During these seventeen years the administration of government has changed like a ball tossed between the two leading political parties; educational systems have progressed and then retrograded, and now we boast that the nation is in peace. It was secured at great price, so let us hope and pray that Nicaragua will turn its thoughts to the Prince of Peace who is able to establish the only true peaceful state in the hearts and minds of its inhabitants.

As to the Baptist Mission, we again rejoice in the power of God in the lives of his people. In various places the gospel has had its first test, and in each case Christ's cause has claimed the victory. In Corinto, although molested several times—our people being persecuted openly and in secret—the gospel was made manifest as the power to save to the uttermost. In the short time that we have had preaching in this town, marvelous things have been accomplished. With the acquiring of a property in this port town, our work has a permanency that would be impossible where we would have to use rented buildings. We now have a growing congregation with a resident pastor which at first was only an outstation visited occasionally. This work to a great extent is the first endeavor in home missions on the part of some of the native churches.

Since the coming of Rev. José A. Corea as pastor in Masaya, the small group in the congregation at an outstation called Nidiri have been revived and in their enthusiasm for the Lord's work they are launching a building project. Several years ago a piece of property was offered to the Masaya church with the condition that the ground be used to build a chapel. For various reasons the legal papers were never prepared. However, through the efforts of the new pastor, the old place became inadequate for services and it was necessary to seek more ample quarters. Once the papers were arranged, the congregation started their building program. Committees were appointed to raise contributions in the form of actual cash, materials, labor, etc. The Society is lending a helping hand in this as in all worthy undertakings of these small groups. It is encouraging to see the interest of the town folks, although not members, in helping this program. This work is, with the guidance of the pastor, largely carried on by laymen in the Masaya church. I am glad to note that the laymen of our churches although not organized as a movement, are feeling their responsibility for the fields that their overburdened pastors are not able to visit regularly.

Another town where we acquired a permanent home this past year is Rivas. Rivas is the principal town near the route of the projected Nicaraguan Canal. Here we have an active pastor. Although the congregation is somewhat scattered, there is a strong sense of responsibility to carry the gospel to the smaller villages round about them.

Through the generous help of the Edifice Funds Department we were enabled to acquire the property in Rivas and also to enlarge the chapel "Betel," which is the first mission congregation of the Baptist church in Managua. Now we have need of a similar building or chapel on the west side of town. Since the earthquake

the city has expanded east and west and a large number of the central congregation live in these recently formed suburbs. At present the congregation in the west end of the city holds its services in a room graciously offered by one of the laymen of the Managua church. However, the congregation has outgrown this room. In both these places the work is conducted by laymen. We really need an assistant pastor or two to help in this our largest field—Managua.

During the year we have welcomed into our fellowship two new workers, the present pastor of the Masaya church, Mr. Corea, who graduated with honors from our Spanish-American Baptist Seminary in Los Angeles, and Rev. Indalecio Bustabad, who came to us after working in Costa Rica a few years after his graduation from the Bible Institute of San José. He, too, is winning for himself a place in the hearts of his Nicaraguan brethren.

We have now only one young man in preparation for the Christian ministry, Manfredo C. Pentzke, who will enter his final year in the Baptist Seminary in Los Angeles. Pray ye, therefore, that the Lord of the harvest will thrust forth more workers for this field white unto the harvest.

It was our joyous privilege to hold the helm of the school work for about seven months during the absence of the principal, Mr. Wyse, who was home on a well-earned vacation. We rejoiced to see some of our boarding students take their stand on the Lord's side.

During the year there were three Daily Vacation Bible Schools, all with a fairly good attendance, in Managua conducted by the pastor, and in Masaya and Diriamba under the leadership of Miss Mills. Through these schools contacts are made that help the enrolment in our day schools.

The hospital work was carried on without a break during the vacation period of Doctor Pixley, with the cooperation of native doctors and Dr. Francisco Mercado who finished his medical work in the University of Mexico. He was the first graduate of Colegio Bautista who received a degree, and he has always held high the Christian banner of the cross.

For several months we welcomed into our midst Rev. Howard Stortz, a Moravian missionary from the Atlantic Coast, who was over on our side of the country to study the Spanish language. We rejoice in this fellowship of the two missions that are serving in the one great cause, to make Christ known in dark Nicaragua.

It has been our great joy to travel many thousand miles during the year in the Chevrolet car given for the Lord's work, visiting the already established churches and occasionally venturing off on roads not built for automobiles. Our experiences with it include: being pulled by oxen up a steep hill so dusty that the tires would not grip; stalling in the middle of a stream almost too deep to cross; going over a road that we had to construct, six miles in distance, occupying six and one-half hours of our time with the help of four others. But we rejoice that the good news has been carried to the far corners.

Because of changing conditions during the past year our work has made small but steady progress. The dawn is breaking, the light of the gospel is entering the hearts of these people. Many are turning toward the light, and in this fact we take courage. We ask that you continue in prayer for those seeking the truth and for us who labor for the salvation of their souls.

Our needs are great, but He is greater than all our needs. We have asked for a church building for Managua. We need it now more than ever before. We need men—men who are consecrated to the Lord's work—so that we may expand the work to fields untouched with the gospel message.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 7; outstations, 40; missionaries, 8 (ordained, 4; unordained, 4); baptisms, 85; total number of members, 866; number of church edifices and chapels, 9; missionary residences owned by Society, 5; number of Sunday schools, 21; average attendance in Sunday schools, 945; value of churches, parsonages and lots, \$15,168; value of school properties, \$46,000; value of land, \$3,000; students for the ministry, 1

(Los Angeles); total contributions, \$3,281.35; number of mission schools, 4; pupils in high school or advanced work, 36; total number of pupils, 339; teachers in upper schools, 9; teachers in primary grades, 11.

PUERTO RICO

G. A. RIGGS, General Missionary

"The recent Convention held in Juncos has eloquently demonstrated the stability, solidarity and strength of the Baptist work in Puerto Rico. Those who had the privilege of being at this Convention cannot but expect greater triumphs; and fairly exclaim in astonishment, 'What hath God wrought!'" declared Rev. Abelardo M. Diaz, editor of *Puerto Rico Evangelico* and the first to bring a church in Puerto Rico to full pastoral support, when asked to give his impressions of the work of the year.

There has been much to discourage us during the year. Pentecostal movements of various names almost took possession of one denomination; and they have shown zeal worthy of a better cause in trying to win adherents to their way of thinking (and acting) from all denominations. Instead of devoting the hard labor necessary to build up a work of their own, they have invaded other churches, sown discord, and have tried to tear down that which, with years of labor, has been built up. Two or three of our pastors were for a time impressed by this movement; a movement purporting to bring a higher type of Christianity, but failing in the daily life of its members. One pastor persisted in cooperating with them in such measure that he finally had to be dropped from our work. He took most of his congregation with him, but after some months they asked for his resignation and came back to us in a body. Thus in the long run this propaganda has united our work and workers into closer bonds than for years.

In the beginning of the year it seemed impossible that we could make gains in any line; but we are rejoicing to find that there has been advance. There were more baptisms than for several years. The Sunday school attendance is the largest in the history of our work. Even offerings moved upwards considerably, in spite of continued financial stress. Our total church-membership continues to increase, having reached the highest mark in the history of the work.

The fine fellowship in our annual Convention brought joy to all hearts. Not for years has there been such unity and enthusiasm. The last day of the Convention, Sunday, great crowds came in from the nearer towns. The Sunday school was held in the afternoon this year. The people filled the rooms of the church building, also a near-by lodge-room and one or two private homes, and still the street was full of people. Within the various buildings there were 1,981, and those who made the count estimated that a total of 2,300 tried to attend the Sunday school that afternoon. This is almost a thousand more than any previous record. Some 16mm movie film was taken of the great parade which followed the Sunday school.

This year marked a departure in the work in Puerto Rico; that of a simultaneous visit of representatives of the various denominations working in the island. These representatives first made a tour, covering the greater part of the work of all denominations; then we had some four days of conference; review of the past, evaluation of the present, and discussion of the future. This was helpful in that we stopped for a moment to take stock; and in that we tried to view the work as a whole, and to see how we may best cooperate so that each and all may do the most possible with the diminishing means at our disposal. Our own secretaries gave some special attention to our specific work, following the interdenominational conference. Doctor Detweiler of the General Society and Miss Gertrude de Clercq of the Woman's Board remained for a part of our annual Convention. We have received benefit from these visits, and our relations with the big Baptist family seem a little closer.

During the visit of the representatives of the various denominations the Legislature of Puerto Rico passed the following concurrent resolution (a vivid indication of the influence of evangelical Christianity in the island):

1. That the distinguished Secretaries of the Evangelical Churches of North America be declared guests of honor of the Island of Puerto Rico.
2. That in the name of the people of Puerto Rico the Legislative Assembly express its gratitude to the delegation for this opportunity to make known through it to the people of the continent the economic and social problems of the island; and that we offer the fullest cooperation in all they may ask in order that they may carry out the purposes which have brought them to the island.
3. That a copy of this resolution be sent to the said delegation by a joint committee for the two Houses of the Legislature named by the respective presiding officers.

Our Theological Seminary has been passing through a time of proving. First, we have been unable to give as much aid in the education of students as in the past. Second, we have been obliged to drop workers rather than increase the number, or even hold the same number. Third, there have been almost no applications from really outstanding young men. And finally, doctrinal questions have arisen. Every one of these questions will have the attention it deserves; for we are here to exalt Jesus Christ, and advance his kingdom. The financial side we will have to leave largely with our coworkers in the States; through prayer and personal effort we will try to bring all the other elements into harmony under the sway of Christ.

The Baptist Academy at Barranquitas has had a trying year. The principal, Miss Florence J. Latter, has been on leave of absence, doing special work in Denison University. Sr. Angel Mergal as acting principal, has done good work; but new opposition has arisen. For almost 450 years it never occurred to the Roman Catholics that a high school was needed in that part of the island; but after we had given six years of hard work, and had a constantly growing and ever more popular school, they opened a rival school. It is the usual propaganda against the "Protestants." While they counted fully on taking all our students and forcing us to close, as a matter of fact our attendance dropped but eight. But they are determined to press the battle against us. Having no dormitories, we have been able to provide only for near-by needs. We ought by all means to have at least \$20,000 to provide for dormitory and boarding accommodations. Only in that way can we provide a Christian school for the Christian families of our whole field. Who would like to invest that sum in developing the next generation of Christians in Puerto Rico? Home mission projects of a generation ago are in large measure providing funds for home mission advance in this generation. What of the next generation in Puerto Rico?

Since the closing of the Woman's Training School in Rio Piedras (for lack of funds), the work of that Society in Puerto Rico has of necessity been on the decline. Workers, through death and other causes, drop out. For several years there have been no more trained young women for replacements. But the few workers who remain have been giving a good account of themselves.

Miss Laura Fish, in charge of the Baptist Woman's work of the island, in summing up the activities of the year, calls attention to the constantly diminishing number of women workers; and to the fact that during the past year another has been obliged to resign because of failing health. She speaks of the effort to shift the few remaining workers to where the need is greatest. Miss Vazquez was changed temporarily from Caguas to Juncos, so as to aid during the extra work of preparing to receive the convention of this year. She goes to Yauco, April first. Another girl, Mercedes Melendez, who had only begun her training when for lack of funds the Training School was forced to close, has been pressed into service at Caguas.

Of the Vacation Church School, Miss Fish says: "Last summer those who had vacation schools felt that they were more successful than ever, and realized as never before their value as a means of contact with families not connected in any way with the church. This year we shall receive no aid from the Publication Society, but are planning for bigger and better schools.

"This year we had the great privilege of having Miss de Clercq, secretary of missions of the Woman's Board, with us for a little over two weeks. The mes-

sages that she brought to us, her suggestions and counsel, will long be an inspiration to us, and will help us to go forward with courage and optimism, knowing that 'All things work together for good to them that love God.'"

Your general missionary is just completing twenty-five years in the work; nine years as district missionary and sixteen years in charge of the work in Puerto Rico. During that time we have had two major hurricanes, the first destroying some seventeen chapels and the last a few less, since it did not cover the entire island. There were 2,083 members in all our churches twenty-five years ago, and they did nothing toward pastoral support. There are now 4,495 members, and they contributed during the year just closed, for pastoral support, \$11,509.57. Twenty-five years ago there was an average attendance in all our Sunday schools of 2,218; the year just closed there was an average attendance of 9,204. The average offering per member per year twenty-five years ago was \$1.29; it is now above \$5.00, and before this major depression set in, it was above \$7.00. During these twenty-five years your general missionary has had the privilege of directing the construction of thirty-nine church buildings; and in the same time we have built or bought twenty parsonages; some of these were paid for entirely by the local churches. The total offerings from all our churches for a year, twenty-five years ago was \$2,875.84. The year 1928, before the great hurricane struck us, our total offerings reached above \$29,000. And even in the midst of the greatest financial depression the island has ever known, we raised this past year a total of \$22,289.78. Of the hundreds who have come into our churches and left the island, and the many hundreds more who have gone to be with Christ, we need not speak; but truly, as we think of the statements of the priests when we came here, that Protestantism could not exist in Puerto Rico, we are led to wonder anew at the might of our God, wrought through the fervent faith of his people in his Christ.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 47; outstations, 113; missionaries, 30; baptisms, 430; members, 4,495; church edifices and chapels, 39; missionary residences, 19; other buildings, 4; number of Sunday schools, 131; average attendance, 9,204; value of churches, parsonages, etc., with lots, \$380,000; value of school properties, \$45,000; students for the ministry, 4; total contributions from the churches, \$22,289.78; students in high school or advance work, 47; teachers in upper schools, 5; daily vacation Bible schools, 8; enrolment, 512; average attendance, 410.

SALVADOR

REV. JOHN G. TODD, General Missionary

Early in 1934 a short series of evangelistic meetings was held in Izalco, a town half Indian and half *ladino*, by our missionary, Rev. Ismael M. Garcia, and a corps of helpers, with a little church discouraged by the terrors of the communistic movement two years previous. Crowds were not big at the chapel, and some of the most telling preaching was done at the public square, close to the town market. But a valuable result was attained in showing the true and healthy character of the evangelistic message, thus creating a favorable impression, and giving due honor to those who faithfully represent it.

In June, Salvador exceeded a twenty-four-year record for high rainfall, with a hurricane which is said to have destroyed one thousand lives and five million dollars' worth of property. This occurred principally in the middle and western sections, but devastated the republic generally. Three thousand were rendered homeless in the capital alone, and light and water were partially cut off. With big trees everywhere blown over and bridges out, railroad and other traffic was blocked for two months; no one at first even knew conditions away from his own home, till airplanes began to reveal the state of things. After the storm, a woman of Baptist connection died at Los Naranjos, supposedly by indirect result. Beyond this Baptists, so far as

known, suffered no loss of life, for which we may thank God. Some Baptist people suffered material losses. Our good Nicaraguan brethren were most prompt and generous to help on this occasion.

November saw the first meeting of an All-Salvador Convention of Baptist churches, graced by the presence of our Dr. C. S. Detweiler, from New York, as guest of honor. For nearly eighteen years western churches have cooperated in an active association; eastern churches have done likewise for seven years. There exist also a national Sunday school convention, and recent organizations among young people's societies, and men's and women's groups. The principal annual gatherings have always been sources of enthusiasm and inspiration and looked forward to as outstanding events of the year. It is hoped that greater unity and economy may result by the new convention replacing, as it is expected, the two associations.

SALVADOR WELCOMES NEW WORKERS

(Our mission has been greatly strengthened by the coming of the experienced workers, Rev. and Mrs. Thomas F. F. Dixon, who have taken hold in a vigorous way. The statement below is by Mr. Dixon.—*John G. Todd, General Missionary in Salvador.*)

On December 8, 1934, we arrived happily in this beautiful and populous little Republic of El Salvador. We were warmly received by the missionaries on the field and by Mr. Luis Argueta, pastor of our Baptist church at the Capital, whom we had known while he was studying at our Spanish-American Seminary in Los Angeles, Calif.

During the past four months we have had the opportunity to travel and to become acquainted with our Baptist work. Truly as we have come to know the life story of some of the men and women of our churches and as we have looked upon the fruit of the gospel in the lives of the Christians, we have been made to rejoice in a fresh realization that this matchlessly wonderful message of Good News is the "power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth."

After the Capital our first visit was to the strong church in Santa Ana where Mr. Ismael Garcia, a graduate of the Spanish-American Seminary in Los Angeles, Calif., has done a good work. The church has over 300 active members and is in sad need of a new building. The small chapel is packed on Sunday evenings, and sometimes overflows the building and some have to stand, or sit on the doorsteps outside of the open doors. Fortunately, for the Sunday school we are able to use our primary school building near-by.

Soon after our first visit to Santa Ana we attended the National Convention of Baptist Sunday schools. This was indeed a privilege, for not only were we able to enjoy the Convention, but we also had the opportunity of meeting most of the pastors and workers from the different churches and of listening to a number of them speak on the Convention program.

Until now, when we have taken up our work as supply pastor in Santa Ana until Mr. Garcia returns from his furlough, we have traveled from end to end of the republic holding special meetings and Bible classes in a number of the churches. The Lord's blessing has attended our ministry, a number having made an open confession of their acceptance by faith of our Lord Jesus, and we have been gladdened by the readiness of the people to listen to the preaching.

There are many open doors that we should like to enter but there are not enough workers to satisfy these requests. Pray for El Salvador that national workers may be thrust forth by the Lord of the harvest to carry his gospel to those who are asking for it.

General Statistics for the Year

Churches, 19; outstations, 35; missionaries, 15; baptisms, 123; members, 940; church edifices, 18; missionary residences, 9; Sunday schools, 30; average attendance at each school, 30; value of properties, \$78,000; students for the ministry, 2; total contributions (U. S. currency), \$4,487.74; tracts and periodicals distributed (pages), 278,000; Bibles, books and similar goods sold (U. S.), \$277.51.

REPORTS OF FIELD EVANGELISTS

California, Southern—Rev. Harry O. Anderson, Director

Thirteen meetings were held by the Convention evangelist in seven different associations. These meetings were characterized by new power and blessing, giving much encouragement to the pastors. While the work is centered around the pastor and local church, special attention is given to the young people, and the Sunday school workers. In the San Diego area, eight churches cooperated in the second annual simultaneous meetings, with the daily noonday rallies for inspiration and reports of meetings held in the respective churches. All the churches united in an all-night prayer-meeting, Friday, April 5. Pastors with the evangelistic gift have been very generous with their time in making exchanges for evangelistic meetings. In the Los Angeles and Foothill Associations the pastors have worked most faithfully in a program up to Easter, with definite goals accepted by the cooperating churches looking forward to 5,000 additions in those two associations.

Over a period of ten years there has been a net gain of 20,078 in our membership, an average net gain per year of 2,007 members for the 170 churches of our Convention. The last three years have been peak years in baptisms, averaging 3,595 per year.

Colorado-Wyoming—Rev. E. M. Steadman, Director.

Some of the outstanding experiences of my ministry have occurred during the past year. The first revival of the year was held with a church where I have held eleven series of meetings and have been invited for another. I held my seventh revival with another church where fifty-two united with the church, mostly adults. I also located a pastor with this church and a B. Y. P. U. was organized.

In a second revival meeting with a church in Wyoming we had fifty-five decisions in all, forty-two of whom united with the church during the meetings and others expected to unite later. At this place a remarkable thing occurred. The last Sunday morning, when the temperature was twenty-eight below zero, the trash between the furnace and the jacket caught fire and sent a heavy smoke up, filling the house in a short time. Three of the men ran to the basement to look after the fire and I, being just ready to give my invitation, went ahead with my plan and eight came forward for membership in the church. We all decided that those people wanted to unite with the body of believers when they came under circumstances like these.

Two months were spent with the Oklahoma Indians, where we had some very marked experiences. One day I went out from Watonga to an Indian C. C. Camp, and Missionary Davis told me to ring a big bell near-by while he went and invited the Indians to an afternoon service. Suddenly the Indians came running from every direction, and I wondered what was the matter, but soon found out that I had been ringing the fire-bell. Well, we got them out and all in good humor. Meetings were held with the Indian children in the daytime at the public schools, also in homes, and in the churches at night. I spoke about 200 times in the two months while with them and 400 in all made decisions, some deciding for Christ the first time and some for reconsecration.

The Danish Baptist General Conference of America—Rev. M. A. Wesgaard, Director

I have conducted 16 series of evangelistic meetings; delivered 311 sermons and addresses; attended 48 Sunday schools; held 73 prayer-meetings; made 389 religious visits; 143 have confessed conversion, of which 114 have been added to our churches by baptism and eleven by confession. I have traveled 15,650 miles by railroad and

about as many by automobile. I have received in offerings for the Home Mission Society and the Conference \$461.97.

A number of our churches have been without pastors and I have assisted them to get pastors settled.

Indiana—Rev. G. C. Mitchell, Director

The Indiana Baptist Convention is just closing the second year of the Three-Year Conquest Campaign for 25,000 additions. This followed our great 10,000 campaign which was launched to win 10,000 and resulted in 11,308 additions to our churches.

Last year in round numbers 7,000 were added to our membership, and indications are that in this year now ending this figure will be equaled or exceeded.

In preparation for this last year's work in evangelism, a key-man or lieutenant was selected in each association in the state. These were all brought together at Seymour, Ind., for a two-day conference. Much time was spent in prayer and testimony for the deepening of the spiritual lives of those selected to lead the way in soul-winning in their respective associations. This conference was an upper-room experience and is still spoken of by those who attended. In as far as has been possible the lieutenant of the association has visited every church in his area. Rallies of entire associations, as well as of smaller groups, have been held.

At the annual meetings of the associations evangelism was presented by the director or some member of the state staff. This was also true of the midyear conferences.

Realizing the need of the spiritual culture of the new members of the churches, the Evangelistic Department prepared a course of Bible study, Baptist doctrines, finance and missions, and placed a copy in the hands of each pastor.

Next year is the third and closing year of our campaign for 25,000 additions, and we are expecting that it will be necessary to reach between ten and eleven thousand to attain the goal. However, with the confidence which is based on past experience, we expect victory.

Iowa—Rev. M. C. Carstensen, Director

In response to a need for emphasis on the evangelistic work in our churches, the State Convention in its annual meeting held in Burlington, last October, adopted a new program of evangelism. The Convention also voted to secure a director of evangelism for a period of six months in cooperation with The American Baptist Home Mission Society. About two months after the Convention, Rev. M. C. Carstensen was chosen by the State Committee on Evangelism to serve as director. He began his service at the beginning of the new year.

We have elected to call our campaign "The Iowa Baptist Church Emphasis Movement." Our goal is 5,000 accessions to our churches in the state during the Convention year. These accessions may be by baptism, restoration or church letter. To assist in the attainment of this goal we are encouraging every church to make some special evangelistic effort during the year. It is, of course, understood that we are not encouraging any superficial method of evangelism simply for the purpose of adding numbers to our churches. We do not want 5,000 accessions unless we have reason to believe that these persons have been converted and have accepted Christ as their personal Saviour.

We have been working along these lines: Protracted evangelistic meetings under the leadership of an evangelist; protracted meetings under the leadership of some of our pastors or in some cases under the leadership of the director; the third line of activity is that of personal evangelism in which every Christian becomes an evangelist.

Several series of evangelistic meetings have already been held in Iowa in our churches with blessed results. Among these are the following: Mt. Pleasant, Kalona, Sioux City (Morningside), Sac City, Corning, Keokuk, Boone, Grinnell, Burlington (Oak Street), Renwick, Eagle Grove, and several others from which as yet we have not had definite reports.

To stimulate the work of personal evangelism we have organized groups of Christians who are interested in winning others to Christ. We call these groups "G-O Clubs." These letters represent the first word in the Great Commission, "Go," and also stand for the words, "get-one." These groups are volunteer workers who pledge themselves to "endeavor sincerely and earnestly to win one new member for the local church before September 30, 1935." These "G-O Clubs" have been organized in most of our churches and total several thousand members.

Minnesota—Rev. Arthur J. Hoag, Director

The chief concern of the Department of Evangelism of the Minnesota Baptist Convention for this year has been the development and promotion of a three-year evangelistic program, launched at the seventy-fifth anniversary of the Convention at Winona last October.

A State Commission was organized to direct it. Five main objectives were adopted: (1) twenty-five per cent. increase in the attendance of the resident members; (2) twenty-five per cent. increase in the number of "Givers of Record"; (3) an organized group of personal workers in every church; (4) ten thousand additions to the churches; (5) thirty new outstations established.

During the year each association has been organized with an Evangelistic Committee to promote the program in the associations. Inspirational rallies and conferences have been held in all the associations and in many of the churches. Five campaigns of visitation evangelism have been held with local churches. Three ministers' retreats, two that were associational and one that was State-wide, gave the major emphasis to evangelism. There was a noticeable increase in the number of baptisms, though the main emphasis, so far, has been on the spiritual state of the churches rather than adding new members, though we have tried to do that also. We believe this three-year evangelistic program has also been effective in harmonizing and solidifying groups otherwise suspicious and almost hostile to each other, and we believe this good work will increase as the program continues to develop.

New Jersey—Rev. A. H. Stanton, Director

Not for many years has there been such general devotion to and participation in evangelistic undertakings. Large numbers of men and women and young people have not only manifested new interest in evangelism but have very definitely shared in special evangelistic services and other soul-winning efforts. All this has accompanied an increase in pastoral evangelism.

During the year the director has ministered in the interests of evangelism at one or more services in over 70 of the churches of the State. Most of the other 200 churches were reached through their representatives in attendance at conferences on evangelism held in connection with State Convention and associational meetings, laymen's gatherings and pastors' retreats. In all some 76 conferences have been held with pastors, laymen, officers, teachers and other personal workers. Besides, each month, an article in the interest of evangelism has gone out to the pastors and members of the churches through the *New Jersey Baptist Bulletin*.

In fifteen of the churches a series of services was held in which the director was the evangelist.

On April 1, at the meeting of the State Convention Board, the State Committee on Evangelism recommended some very definite goals: (1) fifty per cent. decrease in the inactive non-participating membership; (2) forty per cent. increase in church attendance; (3) twenty-five per cent. increase in Bible school attendance; (4) twenty-five per cent. increase in conversion baptisms; (5) ten per cent. increase in total membership; (6) constant emphasis on Christian stewardship.

These recommendations which were adopted by the Board have been forwarded to each pastor in the State, to the members of the State Board, to the moderators of the Associations and to the several associational committees on evangelism.

California, Northern—Rev. William A. Phillips, Director

This report is for the period July 1, 1934, to April 19, 1935, about seven and one-half months. The first few weeks were spent in becoming acquainted with the field and the work. No better opportunity could have been offered for this purpose than the three summer assemblies where the director received a most hearty welcome and made valuable contacts for the future work.

Soon after the arrival of the director, the Evangelistic Committee met and formulated a five-point, five-year program which was enthusiastically adopted by the State Convention.

The five points of emphasis in the program are: (1) revitalizing the church membership; (2) increasing the membership, suggesting a goal of 20,000 for five years or 4,000 each year; (3) stewardship of life; (4) youth evangelism; and (5) Christianizing the home.

The response to these suggestions has been very gratifying. Reports of fruitful revivals have come in from all over the convention field, in both small and large churches. Some of the smaller churches have increased the membership 50 per cent. or more within the current year. In many cases pastors have held their own meetings.

In cooperation with the Department of Christian Education, a pre-Easter convention-wide cooperative Church School Evangelistic Program was carried through. The response to this program was very encouraging, and it attracted the attention of workers in other convention fields.

Through the instrumentality of the Evangelistic Committee, the Pastors' Deeper Life Conference was revived and a two-day session was held at the Berkeley First Baptist Church in January.

It has been the privilege of the director to help in sixteen evangelistic campaigns, most of which were twelve days long. The favorite method has been to hold three week-night services and use the other three for home visitation. The greatest regret has been that in some cases the time was too short and many requests for campaigns had to be denied because of a lack of time.

Besides these evangelistic campaigns the director helped in four sectional evangelistic rallies, or schools of evangelism. Requests for schools of evangelism where more time can be given and more substantial work can be done have been made for next year.

The director has conducted sixteen campaigns in which there were 319 public confessions of faith and 317 additions to the churches, 206 of which were by baptism; held 60 group conferences; made 1,552 personal visits; written 1,819 letters; given 288 sermons and addresses; and traveled 12,102 miles.

Norwegian Baptist Conference of America—Rev. Otto E. Cedolph-Hansen, Director

It has been my privilege to aid many of our churches in revival services this year, with some good results. I have constantly used my many opportunities to recommend the denominational program, in some instances even helped promote the Every-Member Canvass; two of our churches have already accepted a substantial increase in their quotas for the coming year.

As a result of our work with the tent in North Dakota last summer one church was revived and reorganized and its membership more than doubled in the process (they have had additions since). A ladies' aid was also organized on this field. The State Convention is placing a man there this year. We also had two successful periods of daily vacation Bible school in the tent. My wife and older daughter were of great help in this work.

By way of statistics the following can be given: traveled 20,100 miles; visited 39 fields; made 1,811 calls; preached 290 sermons; written 215 letters and seven articles for the press in the interest of the work; taught 36 Sunday school lessons; attended and spoke at 91 prayer-meetings; conducted 59 committee and other business meetings. I know of at least forty-two additions to the churches as a result of my

ministry. I have also aided in the location of two permanent pastors and two student supplies.

Ohio—Rev. C. H. Stull, Director

I traveled nearly 10,000 miles visiting 123 churches, preaching eighty sermons, conducting ninety conferences, delivering fifty-four addresses, and teaching fifty-eight classes of friendly visitors the art of interviewing. There were 266 different persons instructed, who won a large number of persons to Christ and saw them baptized into the churches. We organized twenty Men's Gospel Teams in as many associations, and ten of these teams visited every church in their respective associations; held meetings also in churches of other denominations, in town halls, and even in C. C. C. Camps. In two cities the Methodists and United Brethren have taken up the idea, and are organizing the laymen on the same lines. It is by all odds the most encouraging movement we have seen in Ohio for a decade. It is bringing powerful support to the Laymen's Missionary Movement in the Northern Baptist Convention. The reflex influence of the meetings away from home is proving to be a great spiritual benefit to the work at home. Pastors who have given the movement the benefit of their leadership are delighted with the results. We are pushing this work, aided and encouraged by every department working with the Convention. We are laying broad plans for increased activity in soul-winning all along the line of Kingdom enterprise.

Vermont—Rev. Homer C. Bryant, Director

During the past year the director of Christian education and evangelism has conducted eight series of consecration services with gratifying results. There were 168 first decisions to live the Christian life, and eighty-four expressed a desire to be baptized. In one church a whole family, including a mother and four children, were baptized. The pastor of the church, who was a Methodist, also requested baptism. As a result of personal work, twelve also asked for their letters, and three asked to be received on experiences. In connection with these services the director held twenty-one meetings for boys and girls, stressing the claims of Christ upon their lives. During the year he has preached seventy-four sermons, made thirty-six addresses, visited sixty-nine churches and had 397 conferences. He has traveled in the interest of the Convention 9,912 miles, visited twenty-eight church schools, and attended thirteen conventions. He has taught a total of sixty-eight classes, including a class at the Royal Ambassador Camp at Ocean Park. He also served as assistant to Dean Towart at the New England School of Methods. He also promoted twenty-three vacation schools last summer. At each of the seven associational meetings held in October he gave an address stressing the needs in the fields of Christian education and evangelism and promoting the newest literature of our Publication Society. He has served as high counselor for the Royal Ambassadors of Vermont. In connection with his promotional work he has written 561 letters and sent out 20,265 pages of literature.

REPORTS OF STATE CONVENTIONS

Arizona—F. W. Wightman, Executive Secretary

This year has been one of steady growth in missionary interest and achievement. Each month's missionary receipts have been in advance of the corresponding month of last year.

In cooperation with the Home Mission Society we have continued our missionary program with the Mexican churches. Two very important new fields are quickly developing to a point where new workers must be placed. One of these has just organized a new Mexican church and is planning a building. This group has had splendid lay leadership and will soon need a minister of its own. The other is a border town with a large Mexican population and is especially in need of attention, since no religious services can be held across the line.

At present our Indian work is suffering on account of the new Indian policy of the government which encourages many of the pagan worship and social practices, which do not harmonize with the principles of the religion of Jesus Christ. In spite of this our missionaries are doing heroic work.

Our entire constituency greatly appreciates the continued support of our Home Mission Society, without which this truly mission field would be left to the inroads of independent and transient leadership, which is so disintegrating to permanent and constructive Christian service.

It is essential that more field workers be found, if we are going to possess this State for Northern Baptist work. "Every place that the sole of your foot shall tread have I given you," applies in this land of promise as it did to Canaan in the days of Joshua.

Colorado—F. B. Palmer, Executive Secretary

The outstanding feature of our Baptist work in Colorado is the privilege of entertaining the Northern Baptist Convention, meeting in Colorado Springs, June 20-25, also the fact that we have passed the Northern Baptist Convention level of giving in the State for the year closing April 30 as compared with last year. When our State Convention year closes October 30 we shall be able to report over 1,500 baptisms, surpassing any year since the depression started.

We are under lasting obligation to The American Baptist Home Mission Society for a life-saving grant of a special appropriation for missionary pastors in drought and dust-storm areas.

The joint appointees of the Society and the State Convention, including colporter missionaries, chapel-car and State evangelists, have been blessed in a very large measure along the special line of their endeavor. No mission fields have been permanently closed and our churches, both self-supporting and missionary, are carrying on in a sacrificial manner.

The First Church, Denver, is to break ground the week before the Northern Baptist Convention meets, for a new church edifice located in the vicinity of the State Capitol. President A. A. Shaw of the Convention is to give the address.

Colorado and Wyoming were the first Conventions to set up a regional promotional board under the new National Council on Finance and Promotion.

Connecticut—Elbert E. Gates, Executive Secretary

The Connecticut Baptist Convention appreciates the continuance of the financial cooperation with The American Baptist Home Mission Society, local unions, local churches, and the missions in thirteen centers, as follows: Ansonia, Italian and Russian; Bridgeport, Hungarian and Italian; Hartford, Italian and Russian; Meriden, Italian and Russian; New Haven, Italian and Russian; Wallingford, Hungarian;

and Waterbury, Italian and Russian. Several of these missions are housed in edifices owned by the mission or the property of the Convention. In some cases rent is paid by the Convention for use of rooms.

Four of these groups are organized churches, one, the Russian Evangelical Baptist Church of Connecticut, which includes the fine Russian missions in the State and is served by one missionary. The total number of missionaries to "New Americans" is eight; of these, five are Italian, two Hungarian and one Russian. One Italian missionary serves two groups. The survey committee of the Convention advises that, as soon as possible, other combinations should be arranged. This policy, if adopted, would need the endorsement of all parties concerned. The economic conditions compel the reduction of expense in this and all other parts of our work.

The Convention, in addition to the above cooperation, is aiding two missions among the Czechoslovaks located in Bridgeport, where the rent is paid by the Convention, and Torrington, which has rooms in the local church, which is served by one missionary. Occasional baptisms have been reported during the year.

Indiana—T. J. Parsons, Executive Secretary

This has been a happy and successful year in all departments of our work. In the fall we joined with Franklin College in the celebration of its Centennial, which was held in connection with the annual meeting of the State Convention. The spirit of evangelism continues with unabated zeal throughout the State, adding many souls to our churches. We have every reason to believe that the continued receding tide in missionary receipts from the churches has been definitely stopped this year and that the close of the fiscal year will register a considerable increase over last year.

We have continued the happy relations with the Home Mission Society in which we have cooperated in the support of several important projects. Brooks House and Katherine House, the two Christian centers in the Calumet District, have continued their heroic work under very trying conditions. At no time in their history was the work of these centers more needed than at present, and never was the sacrificial labors of the workers more deeply appreciated.

Changes have come in the leadership of both the Mexican and Hungarian work in the Calumet District, but the work has gone forward successfully. Our foreign-speaking churches are having a hard time of it during this distressful time and could not possibly carry on without the aid of the Home Mission Society and the State Convention.

The Perry County Parish, begun a few years ago as a cooperative project, continues to demonstrate the value of such work. Calls are coming from other sections of the State, notably among the underprivileged people in Brown County, asking for the organization of similar parishes. We must make a larger investment in our rural fields for the sake of the Kingdom.

Iowa—Frank Anderson, Executive Secretary

The Home Mission Society has cooperated with our Convention in sustaining with special drought appropriations the work in some fifteen of our churches in the section of the State greatly affected by the severe drought of last summer. Time and eternity can only reveal the number of people spiritually helped by the continuance of the regular church work on all these fields. The Home Mission Society can rest assured that they have advanced the cause of Christ by this generous and sympathetic cooperation.

Kansas—J. T. Crawford, General Superintendent

We again record our appreciation of the fine cooperation given to our work in Kansas by The American Baptist Home Mission Society from pioneer days. Its financial aid through more than a half-century was large and basic. During the past twenty-five years this aid has by general agreement been gradually reduced almost to the minimum.

Reports for the fiscal year show investments of \$1,982.12, which shared in the salary of two colporters, the support of two Mexican pastors and the employment of a worker for boys and men at the Bethel Neighborhood Center.

In addition to this assistance in operating accounts, aid in edifice work continues in two ways: First, some of our churches carry loans from the edifice department of the Society; second, settlement of contingent mortgages assigned by the Society to our Convention is creating a growing Home Mission Edifice Loan Fund which is handled by the Convention. This aspect of constructive cooperation is also appreciated.

The total receipts of our Convention, from all sources, available for operating accounts including promotional expenses, amounted to only \$26,847.57. By careful planning and concerted action the Convention adjusted its program to these limitations and carried forward a greatly reduced but constructive work on a strictly cash basis. The year was closed with no indebtedness and a small balance in the treasury.

Maine—J. S. Pendleton, Executive Secretary

In no State is the need of consecrated effort greater than in Maine. With a widely scattered population, made up in many sections of poor people, local support for Christian work is not possible, and if anything is to be done it must be through missionary agencies. One hundred and twenty-five towns with a population ranging from 100 to 1,000 depend upon the Baptists for Christian nurture. Through the Interdenominational Commission responsibility for neglected areas is definitely assigned to the different denominations so there is very little overlapping.

During the year seventy-five communities have been cared for by regular grants from the Convention treasury to missionary pastors. About twenty-five other communities have received help from summer students out of our seminaries, who have been placed by Convention workers. These students not only call upon the people of the neighborhood during the summer but preach on Sundays and for two or three weeks conduct daily vacation Bible schools. While the work we are doing with the small resources at our command is large we feel ever the call for workers for unoccupied areas.

The cooperative work with the Home Mission Society has been carried on as usual. In visiting the many unchurched communities with the gospel message and in supervising small interests Colporter-Missionary Fletcher has rendered invaluable service. The French work has been carried on as usual, but the one church that has been able to support a pastor for many years is now without a leader and is looking for a new man. The future of this work seems assured. The extent of our labors depends upon the resources at our disposal. If they could be enlarged we could do vastly more.

Massachusetts—Hugh A. Heath, General Secretary

There have been no changes this year in the fields of work among New Americans in Massachusetts, in which the Home Mission Society assists the Convention financially. One does not like to write substantially the same thing, yet there is much sameness in the story from year to year.

One thing is increasingly evident: the economic strain has grown harder in nearly every field, if not in all. Primarily this is due to the nation-wide economic situation. Locally it is due to the textile situation. This has been bad all the year, and at the time of writing is darker than ever. A very large proportion of the New Americans with whom we work have been dependent upon the textile industry for their living. With the closing of the mills they find no alternative. Some of the French have moved miles away onto farms, a recession to their early occupation. Others are "on the city," or struggling along with a job here and there. The result appears in their giving. There will be an increase in self-support in but two fields. The rest will do well to keep the present level. That they have done so this last year is a real achievement.

In the face of these facts and the concomitant need of pastoral work, financial assistance, and messages of cheer, our pastors have labored long and faithfully.

Moreover, they have extended their ministry outside their own flock, and already are seeing spiritual results from this work.

Two groups have this year been organized into independent churches: the New Bedford, Portuguese, and the Salem, French. We believe this has been the right thing to do, and is proving helpful to the churches. This is more noticeable with the New Bedford group than in Salem, where the mission has been fully organized and has carried on as a church under the able leadership of Rev. O. Brouillette for several years. So the present move is virtually recognizing a fact accomplished some years ago.

Rev. F. A. Perron has continued in surprisingly good health and is doing a work among the French in Lowell with a wide influence for good.

In June, Jean Valet left the Worcester-Manchaug French work to return to Belgium for military training. In September, Maxcel Bonard, who studied in Doctor Saillen's school in France, took up this work. He is living on the field in Manchaug. The attendance and interest is increasing on both fields. There have been some decisions for Christ at Manchaug.

Both Rev. Antonio Rodrigues, in New Bedford, and Rev. John P. Santos, in Fall River, have seen the work grow and develop among the Portuguese this year. The New Bedford people are happy in their growth from a mission to a church. Mr. Santos has opened meetings on Sunday afternoons in a store in a needy section of Fall River at some distance from our chapel. This Fall River church is the only group to take over voluntarily a larger share of their pastor's salary for the coming year in spite of the textile situation.

Rev. Theodore De Luca, at Wakefield, and Rev. Antonio Sannella, at Worcester, have seen their work among the Italians move steadily on. Both have splendid young people's groups. At Wakefield, not a textile town, the labor situation is very hard.

As a whole, we rejoice in the success of our missions. We believe that in general they desire to grow in service and influence. We shall keep the matter of financial responsibility, to become eventually independent, constantly before all these groups. With one exception, all these groups have given to our missionary quota.

There have been baptisms as follows: Lowell, 1; Salem, 1; Wakefield, 4; Worcester, 5; Fall River, 21. At New Bedford baptisms are in prospect as the fruit of recent evangelistic meetings. Wakefield and Salem each have a young man studying for the ministry.

We are grateful for the Society's assistance, and wish that between the two organizations we might put a Portuguese and an Italian general missionary on our field.

Michigan—Ralph Taylor Andem, Executive Secretary

It is with real pleasure that I write at the close of another cooperative year with the Home Mission Society concerning the work of Mr. Martin and our two bilingual pastors, Mr. Fraynack and Mr. Tolosa. Mr. Martin has accomplished an unusual year of service which would have been impossible without the cooperation of the Society, encouraging between seventy and eighty-five of our rural and town churches in raising their budgets and in securing pastoral leadership. I think our condition in the rural field was never better than at present. Mr. Fraynack and Mr. Tolosa have both had the joy of leading numbers into the baptismal waters during the past year and their work not only in Flint and Saginaw but in some of our rural sections has been very profitable. While the Society, because of lack of finances, is not cooperating now in our Hungarian work, we have succeeded in keeping the loyal group of Hungarians together. The State Convention has taken the burden of their church building debt over until they are able to carry it.

Minnesota—E. H. Rasmussen, Executive Secretary

Considering the problems we have faced and the limited budget we are working with, we can truly say that we have had a good year. Some feel that the outlook is better than for several years past.

Our main emphasis has been on winning new disciples and maintaining the work we

already have started. The number of baptisms increased during the year, also church attendance, Sunday schools report a larger enrolment.

The Home Mission Society has, during the year, cooperated with us in four projects: 1. Part of salary and travel expense of a director of evangelism. 2. Part of salary of colporteur. 3. Part of salary of one missionary pastor on Czechoslovak field. 4. Part of carrying charges on University Church mortgage. Our Convention sincerely appreciates this cooperation. I am glad to report that in each case results have been gratifying and the investment by the Convention and the Home Mission Society justified.

Some of our immediate and urgent needs are as follows:

1. The first and greatest need is an additional high-grade full-time field worker to give attention to town and country churches and fields.
2. The second greatest need is for a worker in the Department of Christian Education and Leadership Training.
3. The third greatest need is for an Evangelist to go into small mission fields and lead in such soul-winning campaigns as may be best suited to the community.
4. The fourth greatest need is the reduction of our accumulated Convention debt, which, though we have reduced it some from year to year, nevertheless is still holding us back like a ball and chain.
5. Our fifth greatest need is money with which to help about forty-six small town and country churches through the present financial crisis with a grant on pastor's salary or its equivalent.
6. There are twenty-three church properties in really disreputable condition. Immediate repair is needed to make them presentable and anywhere near suitable for service.
7. Fifteen new parsonages are desperately needed.
8. A city missionary is urgently needed in Duluth and vicinity.
9. Several pieces of new work need to be started with underprivileged and unreached special groups like Finns, Mexicans, Negroes, etc.
10. One additional girl is needed at headquarters in order to relieve the Executive Secretary for more field work.
11. Two or three automobiles are needed for the use of rural missionaries serving several fields.

Nebraska—H. Q. Morton, Executive Secretary

The American Baptist Home Mission Society has cooperated with The American Baptist Publication Society in the support of a colporteur-missionary—the Rev. J. F. Judkins—in the State for the year. It also very graciously gave us \$1,000 to aid pastors in the drought area. It has helped to keep the pastors on their fields and to maintain their morale during our unprecedented period of need. For the above aid, our Convention is very grateful to the Society.

The continued drought in the western part of Nebraska calls for a continuation of aid during this period, purely for the purpose of drought relief. We earnestly request that \$1,000 be granted us for this coming year, as this will enable some of our churches to have pastors which otherwise would not, and it would maintain the balance of our work in the western end of the state until better days may come. We always appreciate every kindness shown us by the Society and we wish it every good thing in its work for the future.

New Jersey—Chas. E. Goodall, Executive Secretary

The greatest difficulty that has confronted our cooperative work has been shortage of funds, but in spite of this there has been marked progress.

During the year Rev. Michael Major, pastor of the Hungarian church at New Brunswick, has measured up to the expectation of the church and Convention. He has gained the confidence of his people and in spite of staggering property obligations he has had an effective ministry. None of the mission stations have been closed, although in many localities unemployment has increased. Perhaps never before in the history of our foreign-speaking churches has the financing of the projects been more difficult.

At present our missionary work is among the Italians at Camden and Trenton; Hungarians at New Brunswick, Carteret, Perth Amboy, Garfield and Trenton; Poles

at Jersey City and Bayonne; Americans at Camden Fairview. The fields in the Newark area are reported through that City Society.

Rev. A. H. Stanton begins his eighth year as superintendent of evangelism. His work in all types of churches has been spiritually uplifting. We are again pleased to report our appreciation of the Department of Edifice Funds under the leadership of Dr. C. M. Dinsmore in his advice and counsel in many difficult situations. Perhaps our outstanding need at the present time is more cooperative work among the Negro Baptists.

New York—John E. Smith, Executive Secretary

In New York we are trying to forget depression and think only in terms of Kingdom advance, even though we know that with our reduced number of workers we cannot carry out in full the program of recent years.

We are laying emphasis this year on improved associational organization in order to offset as far as possible the loss of salaried workers. A strong committee is studying associational work (or lack of it) and conferences are being held with pastors and other representatives of the churches looking toward the use of the associational unit as a more active and effectual part of our state and denominational home mission agency.

More larger parishes will be organized among the town and country churches as fast as we can convince churches in certain areas of their need and as soon as we can be sure of adequate leadership.

The Home Mission Society has joined with the State Convention to assist financially the Italian churches in Syracuse and Utica and also several English-speaking churches in the State, including two or three Negro churches and the work on two Indian reservations. Greater care is being exercised by the Committee on Aided Churches in using the funds provided by the Convention for this purpose. The principles of Christian comity are being practised in the Indian fields. On the Cattaraugus Reservation the work of four denominations is now successfully carried on under the direction of our own missionary.

Northern California—C. W. Gawthrop, Executive Secretary

Northern California appreciates the continued cooperation of the Home Mission Society as we try to minister to the rapidly increasing population with so many different racial and sectional backgrounds.

Our work among the Japanese in Sacramento and outlying districts has been strengthened by the coming of Pastor Sankin Sano and Colporter Igarashi. Our Chinese, Mexican and Indian work is well maintained.

California, last year according to federal statistics, experienced the largest growth in population of any State in the Union. Northern California received a fair share of this increase and it constitutes a challenge to our churches to maintain our work in this enlarging field.

With the Easter ingathering yet to come, reported baptisms are over five hundred ahead of the total received last year. William A. Phillips, now completing his first year as State director of evangelism, has been cordially received by pastors and churches.

Our greatest challenge is in our widely scattered and constantly shifting rural population. Shrinkage of inflated land values and the low prices of produce in recent years have caused many to lose their ranches, among these many of the staunchest supporters of our churches. The problem of support for a properly trained ministerial leadership and adequate buildings for the educational and social needs of our communities is a perplexing one.

In spite of the long-continued depression, our financial showing is better than for many years. Several burdensome debts have been greatly reduced and missionary giving has increased. One new church building has been dedicated and three churches have completed additions to accommodate their growing church schools.

Oregon—F. W. Starring, Executive Secretary

Evangelism in Oregon has been given vitality in many sections by the consecrated energy of our home missionaries, Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Cutler on Chapel Car "Messenger of Peace," supported by The American Baptist Home Mission Society and The American Baptist Publication Society, and of Rev. and Mrs. J. L. Whirry, colporters, supported by the same societies and Oregon Baptist State Convention. "Messenger of Peace" during most of the year has been stationed in southeast Portland near the Arleta Baptist Church. Distressing conditions have been overcome and the work of this good church reestablished, more than sixty people coming into membership largely by baptism.

Rev. and Mrs. Whirry have a unique plan of house-to-house evangelism employed sometimes in connection with revival campaigns in churches and at other times in churchless areas. A host of additions to our church schools should be credited to them. Experiences of apostolic savor have been theirs not rarely but regularly. Although Brother Whirry has been in the work in Oregon many years he is at this very hour growing in the favor and esteem of pastors and churches throughout the State.

The close of the year finds us with Mr. and Mrs. Whirry laboring as the sole representatives of national home mission agencies in distinctively evangelizing activities. We continue to have, however, the greatly appreciated services in the Department of Christian Education of Dr. T. H. Hagen, director, and Miss Louise K. Hunderup, children's worker. We have also had helpful relations with the church edifice department of the Home Mission Society. As a result of a loan arranged by Dr. C. M. Dinsmore the Society saved for our colored Baptist brethren the meeting-house of Mt. Olivet Baptist Church in Portland.

Oregon Baptists are struggling to maintain the work for Chinese in Portland, believing we have in this mission a challenging opportunity. Our missionary, Mrs. A. D. Huntley, and her helpers, are carrying on, hoping that the day of enlargement is at hand. Our Convention also extends aid to twenty-one churches, helping eleven in pastoral support, five with building debts, and five by means of special appropriations for emergency needs.

Pennsylvania—B. C. Barrett, Executive Secretary

During the year a new piece of work has been launched among foreign-speaking groups in Shamokin. The First Baptist Church of that city, under the pastoral leadership of Rev. Charles B. Bowser, is assuming the financial responsibility for the present, designating a portion of its missionary contributions to cover the salary of Miss Dorothy Roughton, who has been engaged to direct the work. Miss Roughton has been recognized by the State Convention and is in regular relationship with the field program of the Department of State Missions. During the period from March to November, 125 special home visits were made, 620 lessons in English given, eighteen classes for boys, eighteen classes for girls, and sixty-seven for mixed groups were conducted. At Christmastime the Y. P. C. of the Shamokin church entertained twenty-five foreign children and distributed thirty-five gifts in addition to serving a Christmas luncheon for them. It is hoped that this new work may become increasingly effective throughout the rather large foreign population area about Shamokin.

The Department of State Missions of the Pennsylvania Convention is now assisting in the support of thirty missionary pastors, and aiding seven churches with their mortgage indebtedness and interest obligations.

The Home Mission Society cooperates with the Convention in the support of our Italian work in Scottdale, and the Hungarian Mission in New Castle. It is felt that areas of neglect and consequent opportunity among the Russians, Ukrainians, Poles and Italians in Pennsylvania should receive early and careful attention.

Southern California—Otto S. Russell, Executive Secretary

It is with great pleasure that we express to The American Baptist Home Mission Society our deep appreciation of their help in maintaining our missionary

work in Southern California. The cooperation on the part of the Society has been all that anyone could desire. During these strenuous times it would have been impossible to have carried on this work without this assistance. Some of the churches that might have been self-supporting under normal conditions are still being assisted, and others that had assumed self-support are again requesting aid because of the lack of financial support from their members. Notwithstanding all this, not a single mission has been closed and the spirit of optimism prevails.

We cannot report much progress in church building programs because of lack of funds. It has been necessary to loan to the churches sufficient to meet interest and other pressing obligations, and our finances have not justified very much aggressive work in the building line.

There have been very few changes in our missionary workers. We are making mention of those assisted by the Home Mission Society. Rev. Benjamin Urquidi, pastor of the First Mexican Church, San Diego, continues to do a very satisfactory work. The church holds a unique position in location, and Mr. and Mrs. Urquidi have proven themselves to be equal to all emergencies that arise. The work is going along splendidly in the new building.

Rev. A. Arellano, long time pastor at Tia Jauana, Old Mexico, is working in a very hard field. Many problems arise occasioned by conditions in Mexico which not only make the work very difficult, but the future of the same questionable.

Rev. and Mrs. Mateo Carceller are serving at Maravilla Park, having been there for a number of years. This field is especially interested in our missionary program.

Rev. C. M. Gurrola has won a great place in the hearts of his people at Santa Barbara, and also has the full confidence of the English-speaking church. The work is going along nicely.

Mr. Manuel Enriquez continues as pastor at Banning. A splendid opportunity is afforded him owing to the big engineering project of the Metropolitan Water District in that vicinity where many Mexicans are employed.

Rev. G. C. Portillo is located in Oxnard and is also looking after the mission at Camarillo. The reports are that both of these missions are accomplishing a great service among the Mexican people.

Rev. Antonio Giminez serves as pastor at Corona. This church has shown marked advance in mission giving and a splendid spirit prevails. Mr. Giminez is doing a most commendable work.

Our colporter missionary, Rev. P. J. Villanueva, of the auto-chapel car, Crawford Memorial, has been kept busy throughout the year, and we believe reports will show this to have been one of the very best years in the work of the chapel car.

Rev. A. B. Warner, colporter missionary in the mountain districts of San Diego, and his good wife, have been faithful to the task. We regret exceedingly that age and ill health are making the work more difficult for them. While they have suffered from illness occasioned by the rigors of the winter in this mountain section, they have been undaunted in their zeal and consecration. Brother Warner has rendered a fine service in contacting homes, encouraging people and selling and distributing Bibles and tracts. We regret exceedingly the time when he will not find himself equal to this work. It must be continued, however, for there is a great field here.

Rev. W. R. Carter, our general missionary to the Negroes, continues his invaluable service. He is called upon by many organizations other than our Baptist denomination to render assistance in connection with the problems that arise among the Negro people, and has proven himself to be equal to every emergency. During this time of depression the heads of the city and county departments have been calling upon him for advice and counsel.

Rev. Harry O. Anderson has served something like ten months of the past year as Convention evangelist. He has held some very splendid meetings. The churches have been greatly encouraged and a large number won for Christ.

The above gives but a brief review of the work in the Southern California Baptist Convention. If time and space permitted, we could write volumes. There are many other foreign-speaking ministers and missionaries supported by the Convention alone, as also English-speaking, who are rendering a most worthy service. Not only have the people made sacrifices to maintain the work, but also these pastors.

South Dakota—John Leslie Barton, Executive Secretary

We are happy to report that, through the cooperation of the Home Mission Society, the splendid edifice of the Watertown Baptist Church was saved. With a promising pastor in the person of Rev. W. C. Erickson located on the field, the church has taken on new life.

The drought relief money made possible the support of several pastors during the trying year just completed and permitted a number of communities to enjoy religious privileges that otherwise would have been deprived of them. This cooperation is deeply appreciated by our people. As an expression of their appreciation for what the denomination has done for them, the Baptists of South Dakota are responding nobly in their missionary giving. In spite of all the financial reverses suffered, and no State has suffered more than South Dakota, the Baptists of the State are actually giving more for world service this year than last. One pastor writes that, because of drought conditions, thirty-four per cent. of his membership have been forced to leave the farms and seek some other location that they may have a livelihood. Regardless of such conditions, our people are looking forward hopefully to a better year.

Sioux Falls College is a missionary institution. The Home Mission Society had a definite part in its establishment. The administrative officers of the college are undaunted. They are determined that the only standard Baptist college in the Northwest between Illinois on the east and Oregon on the west shall not fail. The college has had a good year and has weathered the financial storm wonderfully well.

Vermont—P. J. Morris, Executive Secretary¹

For another year The American Baptist Home Mission Society, in cooperation with The American Baptist Publication Society and the Vermont Baptist State Convention, has made possible the services of a full-time director of Christian education and evangelism for the Baptist churches of Vermont. The most pressing problem of the Vermont Convention is to provide adequate assistance for the needy missionary churches. Unlike the growing communities of many other sections of the country, the rural churches of the Green Mountain State are diminishing in membership and the community is shifting in its population. Old Yankee families die off or move into the cities and the farms are bought up by the newer Americans with another language and another religion. It is a question of keeping alive any Protestant work and often any sort of religious work in many of these towns and villages. The past year it was necessary for the State secretary to secure personal gifts amounting to \$1,000 to provide anything like adequate financial aid for twenty-seven churches. The economic stress has so lowered the standard of salaries that pastors cannot provide the necessities of life without this additional missionary aid. From these struggling churches has gone, however, a continual stream of trained Christian leaders into the larger city churches, into denominational leadership, the ministry and missionary service. In proportion to their size and seeming importance these village and rural churches have made a contribution to the leadership of the Christian cause that scarcely can be equaled.

Washington—Reported by Committee on Convention Management

The outstanding event in the work of the Washington Baptist Convention this year has been the resignation of Dr. J. F. Watson as executive secretary, after sixteen years of faithful service. When he began the work as secretary of the Convention it was heavily in debt. He left the work with cash in all departments, and permanent and building funds of considerable size.

The building of the Coulee Dam is presenting a wonderful missionary opportunity in this State. Already we have begun a cooperative work with other denominations in Coulee City and buildings are being erected for those who are now working upon the dam. With the completion of the dam, there will undoubtedly be

¹ Resigned to accept similar office in Ohio.

a very large increase in population, with a consequent increase in the missionary responsibility, and the Convention is already planning to do everything possible to meet this challenge.

The visit of Doctor Beers was an event which means much to the present and future work of our State. Everywhere he made a most favorable impression, and in the little time he was here, he gained a large insight into the future challenge of this great State.

We are trusting, that with the election of a new executive secretary in the near future, you will see Washington going forward to the largest work it has known in all the years of its history.

West Virginia—A. S. Kelley, Executive Secretary

The only service rendered during the past year by the two Home Mission Societies was at Weirton, W. Va., in connection with the Weirton Christian Center. The Woman's Society paid the salaries of three workers and the General Society paid the salary of a boys' worker for part of the year and something to the running expenses. The General Society has rendered some service in the way of loans to churches in the State in years past. The West Virginia Convention pays toward the salary of the superintendent, Rev. R. C. Ostergren, and also something on the running expenses. In years past, the Home Mission Society rendered a noble service in this State, but for some reason has not done much in this big mission field in recent years. West Virginia Baptists would greatly appreciate greater aid in doing the work on this mission field. The finances of the State Convention are so limited that it is impossible to do the work adequately that ought to be done here. The State Convention has always been more than self-supporting. It has delighted to share in the work of the denomination beyond its own borders. No mission field in the Northern Baptist Convention is in greater need than West Virginia.

Wisconsin—A. Le Grand, Executive Secretary

We are glad to report a hopeful outlook in the work in which the Home Mission Society and State Convention are working jointly.

Two changes have been made during the past year in the personnel of the workers. Rev. C. Dwight Klinck, a recent graduate of Colgate-Rochester, has taken the work as director of the Christian center and Rev. Walter Chrzanowski, of Buffalo, has come as pastor of the Christ Polish Church. Both of these men are fitting most beautifully into the situation.

The other piece of cooperative work is that among the Italians of Kenosha and Racine. The Kenosha Church is hoping for a remodeled church edifice in the near future. If this can be brought about, it will greatly increase the usefulness of this group.

To our mind, the greatest help from this cooperative movement does not lie in the financial aid rendered by the Home Mission Society, as greatly as this is needed; there is greater help found in working out cooperatively our denominational problems. A concrete illustration of this is found in the Christian center where two departments of the Home Mission Society have given splendid help in the various conferences, thus making it possible jointly to work out not only some serious situations, but to work them out in such a way that the work will, we are sure, be greatly benefited.

Our greatest problem just now is the problem of Americanization. It is easy to help the foreign-speaking groups financially, they enjoy greatly the service of a missionary, but the question of real Americanization or how to get the foreign-speaking peoples Americanized and how to get them to work with other groups is a harder problem; money will not do that. This is especially difficult in a Christian center where you have twenty or more nationalities represented. We are always grateful for any help or advice in this line from any of the national workers. Wisconsin again expresses its appreciation for the help and counsel, for the splendid spirit of cooperation on the part of both of our Home Mission Societies.

Wyoming—F. B. Palmer, Executive Secretary

The outstanding event of the year is the erection of a fine new church edifice at Powell, growing out of the labors of Chapel Car Evangelist A. C. Blinzinger. The new edifice will be dedicated early in the summer with all bills paid except a loan of \$2,500 from the Church Edifice Department of The American Baptist Home Mission Society. The appropriation on the part of the Society for drought relief has truly been a godsend and has enabled work to be carried on which otherwise would have been closed.

The number of baptisms for the Convention year closing the last of August will surpass that of any other period in recent years.

The newly established joint work of a colporteur serving a local church part time and at the same time looking after a large district is working out most happily for all concerned.

Considering the dust storms, drought and the prolonged depression our churches have done surprisingly well in missionary giving. The cooperative relationship between the Wyoming and Colorado Conventions is increasingly more and more of a success, as both fields share in the entire staff activities. The grant on the part of the Society for the support of missionary pastors has enabled us to maintain a high level of field activity.

REPORTS OF CITY MISSION SOCIETIES

Boston—Archibad A. Forshee, Executive Secretary

Condensed reports of the various mission stations and churches in whose support The American Baptist Home Mission Society is cooperating, follow:

Broadway Baptist Church—Rev. Austin T. Kempton, Pastor

The church-membership at present is 496. We have just received for baptism for the next three Sundays 42 more. Over 50 are uniting with the church at Easter season. We have an enrolment of 305 in the Sunday school, with an average attendance of 225. We could easily have a Sunday school of 500 if we could get the teachers and workers. We have a Portuguese Department splendidly presided over by Rev. John G. Loja, who has been with us 22 years. The membership of that department is about 165. They meet in their own building, conduct their own services partly in English and partly in Portuguese, manage their own finances, but are all members of Broadway. We have a small Italian Department holding regular services in a grocery-store. Sixteen of them have already been received into membership here and there are quite a number ready for baptism.

We are training and sending out mature men and women who will become deacons, Sunday school workers, ministers and missionaries in other communities in the future. We have already sent out from Broadway several ministers who have been ordained here. Several missionaries, one of our girls being at the Nurses' Training School and Hospital in Peiping, China, under the Yale Board. We have the finest group of young people to be found in any church of which I know. They attend prayer-meetings, assist the pastor in the Sunday evening services, hold gospel meetings in missions and homes frequently, some are on the Standing Committee of the church. The work of Miss Carrie Masteller is greatly appreciated and almost indispensable to our church. The Baptist City Mission Society has been more helpful and sympathetic in every way, always ready with counsel and as far as possible with financial assistance. We cannot speak too highly of the kindly ministry of Rev. A. A. Forshee, who is not only a fine executive of the City Mission Society but a warm friend of our church and people in every way.

East Portuguese Baptist Church—Rev. John G. Loja, Pastor

At the Portuguese Baptist Church, 114 Inman Street, Cambridge, Mass., there have been held 237 meetings with an aggregate attendance of 12,144. Received during the year, by experience, 1; by baptism, 6; 700 visitations have been made in homes and hospitals.

Italian at Bethel—S. Florena, Pastor

Never in the history of the Bethel have the people given any money toward the minister's salary. Starting January, 1934, the people have been using envelopes and pledged a certain amount, which they pay each week. During the year the offering was \$203. From this amount they gave to the pastor, \$120; for missions, \$20; for books and Italian weekly paper, \$27.

Our Sunday evening services have been attended by 2,235 people; the pastor and his wife made 500 calls; the prayer-meetings have been attended by 1,309 people. Six persons denoted their faith by accepting Christ through baptism; our sincere hope is that in this coming year, with the aid of your prayers and God's blessings, we shall do more.

Russian Missions—Rev. John Bucknell, Pastor

The gospel of Christ has been preached to the Russians in the following cities: Chelsea, Peabody, Newburyport, Worcester, Springfield, Woonsocket, Providence. Fourteen have been baptized.

Hyde Park Italian Mission—Rev. Frank T. Valdina, Pastor

The following is an eleven-month report as the year does not end until April 30: Sunday services, 48, average attendance, 52; prayer-meetings, 48, average attendance, 29; Sunday school, 48, average attendance, 44; all other meetings, 132, average attendance, 260; home visitation calls, 301; hospital calls, 33; social service cases, 9. The work is progressing in a splendid way. Five were baptized during the eleven-month period.

Trenton Street Baptist Church—Rev. Hilmer E. Nordlund, Pastor

Five members have been received by letter and one by experience. We have lost five members through death and dismissal to other churches so our present membership is 186 with only about 75 active members. We have a Sunday school of about 190 members.

Elim Mission—Rev. D. E. Anshus, Pastor

Last summer tent meetings were held in Hyde Park for three months. A student of the Baptist Seminary in Chicago helped and did splendid work. During the six months I have been pastor we have had many difficulties to fight. However, things are a little better and we have between 45 and 50 every Sunday morning. Our meetings have gradually come into a more sound evangelistic way. The disturbing element of the Pentecostal people is disappearing. We are trying to win the people in the community by the preaching of the gospel. Our own members are faithful.

Buffalo—F. G. Reynolds, Executive Secretary

The year has been marked by financial stress, Christian courage and spiritual achievement.

The first Polish Church secured Rev. Martin Pawlowski, of Milwaukee, as pastor to succeed Rev. Walter Chrzanowski who went to Milwaukee. This church celebrated its fortieth anniversary. The Black Rock Polish Mission is four years old, and there are fifty persons ready to organize a church. A larger building is sorely needed, but there are no funds. The situation requires an additional Polish pastor.

The First Italian Church has taken title to its property. The Emmanuel Italians have developed a fine orchestra. Weekly clinics for infants and juniors are largely attended there. Trenton Italian Center has a strong staff of voluntary workers. Italian youth is a leading factor in the three centers.

Rev. Alexander Kinda, of Chicago, is the new Hungarian pastor. As pastor, bandmaster and preacher he is getting results. The three German churches have decided to hold in abeyance the proposition to organically unite. The High Street German Church observed its sixtieth anniversary.

A survey of the Hebrew Mission neighborhood reveals thirty-six per cent. German, twenty per cent. Italian, thirteen per cent. Russian, etc. Many of the Germans and Russians are Jews. The New Hope Negro Church built a new commodious edifice around the old one, using voluntary labor, and the debt is only \$700. There are now twelve Negro Baptist churches.

Rev. Judson A. Beuermann has been colporter in western New York for thirty-eight and one-half years. He visits over 900 homes a month.

The Buffalo Association is observing its 125th anniversary.

Closer relations with the State Convention are giving impetus to our work. The American churches are evidencing strong practical interest in our Christian centers. Several national groups have improved their properties. Much relief work

has been carried on, and all activities have a spiritual emphasis. Drastic budget reductions seriously handicap the work.

Chicago—A. M. McDonald, Superintendent

The Home Mission Society has cooperated with the Chicago Baptist Association in the support of nine of the fourteen foreign-speaking churches and missions in the city. These churches are now facing perhaps the most critical period in their history. In addition to the financial distress felt by many of them, they are in the midst of a rapid transition in the conduct of their work from foreign languages to the English. The success of this transition in each case depends largely upon the ability of the pastor. He must hold the interest of the older people and, at the same time, be able to preach acceptably in English if he is not to lose the younger generation. For the most part, we have been very fortunate in the pastors of these churches. Among them are men very capable both in English and in their native language. There is a very definite effort being made now by these churches to attain self-support. During the last year, there were 69 additions to these churches.

Special mention should be made of our work for the Chinese, of whom there are about 5,000 in Chicago. We are responsible for the only evangelical work being attempted among them. We have recently secured as leaders two young men who are still taking studies at the Northern Baptist Seminary, but who have secured a place of influence and leadership among their fellow countrymen and have the undivided confidence of the Baptist constituency in the city. In addition to the work in Chinatown, there are nine Chinese schools in Baptist churches. Each Sunday not less than 250 Chinamen are in Sunday school in Chicago.

We have also had the assistance of the Home Mission Society in one of our three Christian centers, namely the South Chicago Neighborhood House. The work in this house has been most inspiring. In the community, which is under the eaves of the Illinois Steel Plant, there is a large cosmopolitan population wholly dependent upon the steel corporation for their living. There is an aggregate attendance in this house of 20,000 per month. Mr. Collins, the superintendent, and his two able assistants have given this institution a place of prominence among Christian social service institutions in the city.

We have appreciated greatly the cooperation of the Home Mission Society through its Edifice Fund, and its specialists in Chinese, Hungarian and Mexican work. We have been greatly helped by the counsel of these men of wide experience in special fields.

The Cleveland Baptist Association—D. R. Sharpe, Executive Secretary

The Cleveland Baptist Association in cooperation with the Home Mission Society supports ten foreign-language churches working in fourteen missions and ministering to over twenty racial groups; five American churches; aids in the support of fifteen workers in the Cleveland area; wholly supports a Christian center for Negroes, which institution ministered to more than 100,000 last year and renders a vital service in directing the colored churches in organization, finance, programs and worship services; conducted last year more than fifty daily vacation Bible schools with a total enrolment of 7,000; sponsored a city-wide program of evangelism, a School of Religion, an Institute of Teacher Training, a city-wide Every-Member Canvass; contributes financially to the Woman's Council; sponsors work among children; maintains a department of Christian Americanization; assists many churches in financing indebtedness; has a depository for stereopticon slides on missionary subjects; cooperates with the denominational agencies in State and nation and with other Protestant bodies in developing a Protestant program for the city. Many gains have been reported during the past year; work in the foreign-language churches is reaching an all-time high, most of these churches are crowded to capacity on Sunday and some of them have the largest prayer-meetings in the city. All of them report numerous baptisms. One church among American people, which was started ten years ago, had an average attendance of 501 in the Sunday school last year. Three such marvelous opportunities challenge us at the moment. We need to take

possession of these and other strategic opportunities. We need a new building for our Christian Community Center. We need to strengthen our Polish and Russian Missions. In fact, we have the greatest opportunity for advancement in every department Cleveland Baptists have ever known. Especially do we need to provide leadership for the youth in our churches and city. Failure to advance is due to lack of finances with which to carry forward an adequate Baptist program in this great city.

Missionary Work in the Metropolitan Area, Detroit, Michigan—

H. C. Gleiss, General Superintendent

We have had a great year! Most of the acute suffering among our various groups is over. While we are not yet back to a normal existence, the churches recognize the improved condition and are more confident and are doing a larger and better work. Financial obligations are being faced more courageously. The internal conditions in the churches are much improved.

Our churches are enthusiastic about the coming Centennial of the Michigan Baptist Convention, and will enter into the preparations with zest. The date is October 18-22, 1936.

We have had a particularly happy and successful year at the Baptist Christian Center (Negro). For more than ten years we did the best work possible for us to do in a very inadequate and unsatisfactory building at 1718 Russell Street. In September, 1933, we moved into the place we now occupy, the corner of Joseph Campau Avenue and Arndt Street. This was formerly the home of the First German Baptist Church, now the Bethel Baptist Church. It was purchased by the New Hope Baptist Church (colored) through the Detroit Baptist Union. When the depression came on, this church could not make payments, and other difficulties arose so they finally moved out, leaving the Detroit Baptist Union with this large, expensive church property on its hands, and no church that could and would buy it. Then came the conviction that this was the very property to be used as a Christian center. After careful study and much prayer, it was decided to acquire this property for this greatly needed project. After careful planning and earnest solicitation we secured sufficient funds to make the bank an offer of cash settlement which they accepted; hence, in November, 1934, we acquired the title to the property, free and clear. This was made possible by the generous cooperation of The American Baptist Home Mission Society—\$7,000, and the Woman's American Baptist Home Mission—\$5,000. But it was necessary to make certain alterations, some additions, a great deal of repair, and repainting, which left us with a small debt, but with a beautiful property, excellently located, with more than twenty rooms in which we are conducting not only this Christian center, but also provides a Baptist church of 400 members with a worship edifice. A very glorious week of rededication was observed March 25-29. Mrs. Mattie G. Anderson, whose deceased husband was formerly a successful pastor among the colored group, is now the capable and aggressive director. Associated with her are Mr. G. B. Burwell, Sallie Ogletree, and some eight or nine others in conducting this important work. Thirty-five distinct lines of work are carried on each week.

We have two other similar good-will stations, but they are not nearly so well equipped as the first-named. They are Friendship House in Hamtramck, substantially a Polish city, and Salina Park, a work among the varied groups near the great plant of the Ford Motor Company. During the past year Miss Peal Vilhauer and Miss Kose have been in charge of the Friendship House. They have done a remarkably self-sacrificing, splendid Christian work. At Salina Park, Miss Ethel Gorbitt has had to carry on quite alone. It was difficult, but she gave herself to her work without reserve. Since March 1, we have been fortunate enough to secure a boys' worker, dividing his time between these two stations, Mr. Andrew Halko. He has been a student at Denison University, and one time Y. M. C. A. worker, and withal a very earnest Christian soul. Already, he has won the hearts and lives of these non-Christian boys and men.

Missionary Activities

Some of the more interesting facts in our missionary work are:

Our good friend, Rev. W. G. Mason, who, for a number of years had done such an excellent work at the Gratiot Avenue Church, and before that at the Trinity Baptist Church, was compelled to retire after months of serious illness. We record our very high regard for his character, his faith and the excellent work accomplished. The Gratiot Avenue Church has secured, to succeed him, the Rev. E. W. Palmer, formerly at Farmington. Pastor Palmer says he is having the greatest time of his life in his new pastorate.

Last June the Coronado Baptist Church became independent of further missionary aid. Pastor Floyd H. Crompton resigned, but after several months the church insisted upon his coming back. A very gracious work is being done in this church. The Farmington Baptist Church has called Rev. Gilbert Miles from Hillsdale. He has accepted and expects to begin his work about June 1. Meanwhile Rev. Magnus Burgess is the stated supply.

We are sorry to lose Rev. John Leypoldt from the Ebenezer Baptist Church. He was one of our foremost workers. He has been called to Cleveland.

Pastor W. F. Dissette, of our Williamson Avenue Church, has also resigned, going to Toledo at the end of April.

We are happy to report the coming of Rev. M. S. Lesik to the Polish Baptist Church. Mr. Lesik is one of the best-trained, well-balanced Christian workers among the Polish people of America. He came to a very difficult situation, but is winning his way.

The women missionary workers that Detroit is favored with, report mostly to our noble Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society. They all continue to do a self-sacrificing, constructive work of soul saving and character building. Miss Espy works with the Second Roumanian and Russian churches, Miss Villhauer and Miss Kose at Friendship House, Mrs. Anderson and Miss Ogletree at the Christian center (colored) and Miss Gorbitt in Salina Park, very near the great River Rouge plant of the Ford Motor Company.

We are very happy over the development of a new layman's movement under the leadership of Brother Gordon Broholm. This is not a new organization, simply a movement by means of which a central committee arranges to furnish fresh inspiration to many of our men.

The Metropolitan Baptist Trustees Association continues to do helpful work. They meet about eight times a year and study the problems that are common to all churches and all boards of trustees. They also assume leadership and responsibility for the Every-Member Canvass in the metropolitan churches. Doctor Ettinger is president.

Our Detroit Baptist Union continues to hold and administer the many properties to which we still have title. We have some real victories already to report. The Ukrainian Baptist Church has paid its obligations in full. It has no more debt. Through the generous cooperation of Mr. C. H. Booth, of the Motor Bankers Corporation, we are able to reduce the debt on the Macedonia (colored) Baptist Church from about \$50,000 to \$24,000. The Christian center (Negro), on which two years ago we were in debt \$64,000, is now entirely paid for. The Jefferson Avenue Baptist Church has made some progress, but is facing new difficulties. Other churches are making payment on their obligations each month.

Kansas City—C. P. Jones, General Superintendent

Mexican Field

The work on our Mexican field has never seemed more prosperous. The attendance in Sunday school and in all the church services is keeping up even though many of our Mexican people have returned to Mexico. New families are being reached. There were 155 in Sunday school and nearly all of them remained for church services on Easter Sunday. There are four B. Y. P. U.'s; and a splendid attendance at the women's meeting, which is held each Monday afternoon. After the

sewing classes and other classes, all of the women remain for an hour of Bible study taught by the pastor's wife, Mrs. Apra.

The kindergarten and day nursery have a better attendance than ever before. The daily vacation Bible school during last summer was one of the best we have ever had; and the C. W. A. School, under the direction of the school board of the city, is largely attended and is adding to the interest in our general church activities.

There were four baptisms on Easter and twelve others are being trained, looking toward baptism. Rev. A. B. Apra is in his seventh year on this field; and he, with the women missionaries, is accomplishing a good work on this field.

Polish Field

The Polish field has had its best year of activities. The Sunday school is averaging around 160, 238 on Easter. The pastor, Rev. A. Soltys, baptized sixteen on Easter, and others are awaiting baptism. Six of these were adults from the Polish group in addition to the children.

There are some activities being carried on every day in the week, such as kindergarten, week-day school, girls' clubs, general prayer-meeting, Polish prayer-meeting, mothers' club, Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, and boys' athletic club. Pastor Soltys is making a great leader on this field, and Miss Mabelle Burke, the woman missionary, is also doing a fine piece of work.

Italian Field

We have a new man on our Italian field, and the work seems to be getting a fine start. The Home Mission Society, however, is not helping in this work.

We want to express again our appreciation to the Home Mission Society for the financial support to our work in Kansas City, and to thank you for the splendid spirit of cooperation that you have always manifested toward our work.

Los Angeles—James B. Fox, Executive Secretary

The City Mission Society is maintaining twelve Mexican stations, five Japanese, one Russian, one Italian, and one Hungarian. In addition to foreign-speaking missions, we are assisting twenty-one white American English-speaking groups and five Negro churches, and are counseling with and encouraging all of our thirty colored churches to undertake radical improvements in church program and emphasizing Christian education and organized work for boys and girls.

Our City Mission Society is still administering a fund in the interest of ministers and missionaries who are out of employment. An average of twenty-five of these ministers and missionaries are employed in personal evangelism under the immediate supervision of local pastors.

Our organized work for boys has resulted in the organization of forty-six clubs for boys. About thirteen hundred boys are enrolled during the year in these clubs, and earnest effort is being made to have these clubs supervised and led by Christian young men. We have but one salaried man at the head of this work, but the City Mission Society contributes in some cases carfare for the transportation of the club leaders especially when they are students in school and cannot afford to pay their own transportation.

Our Woman's Auxiliary meeting monthly at our Christian center has functioned with unusual efficiency during the past year. The auxiliary is composed of representatives from the Woman's Missionary Circles in our churches throughout the city. The Woman's Auxiliary fosters Christian Americanization, local White Cross or relief through our mission workers. This Woman's Auxiliary is the best promotional agency the City Mission Society has.

The University of Religious Conference (headquarters at the University of California) in Los Angeles is attracting nation-wide attention because of its success in popularizing religion in the educational institutions of Los Angeles. The City Mission Society cooperates with our Baptist Educational Board and the State Convention in carrying the Baptist part of this organization. It is a remarkable thing to see Catholics, Jews and Protestants working happily together, but the secret of it seems

to be that each worker is cordial to the other workers and is of assistance to them; others are cordial and return mutual assistance. The slogan adopted is still valued highly—"Cooperation without compromise."

The relation of our young people to our church and the denomination has become one of our most vital problems. Our pastors and missionaries are giving it the most prayerful and earnest attention. Among our foreign-speaking groups the question is demanding immediate solution. I will mention only one group as an illustration. Our older generation of Japanese people is growing less in numbers because of deaths among them and a much larger number of them returning to Japan. Our pastors up to the present have been selected because they could minister to the adults in the Japanese language. During the past ten years hundreds of the younger generation natural-born American citizens have grown to young manhood and womanhood getting their education in the English language, many of them graduating with honors from our high schools and universities. The pastors who have been preaching to the older group in the Japanese language, find that our young people cannot understand a sermon delivered in the Japanese language. The young people are requesting well-equipped young ministers either of the Japanese race or the English-speaking race to become their pastors and we are in a desperate situation because we have not these young pastors available. Neither have we the funds with which to employ two ministers for the same field; one for the adults and the other for the young people. It will take faith and patience to work out this serious situation.

Our Christian centers have made but very little progress during the period of financial depression. Our older Christian center is still carrying on its work under great handicap. We are in need of additional workers and of a trained nurse for our medical and dental clinics. Our two Christian centers that were in the process of organization five years ago are suffering for lack of missionaries. Each of these two centers are among our Japanese people. We are fairly well equipped with building and equipment to care for these fields where we have about three hundred Japanese boys and girls in each field. The Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society regrets that it had to withdraw so many workers from the Los Angeles fields since it leaves our fine equipment without workers to carry on efficiently.

New York City—Charles H. Sears, General Secretary

Two Standard City Mission Societies: The New York City Baptist Mission Society and the Baptist Church Extension Society of Brooklyn and Queens conduct work in the New York Metropolitan area with the cooperation of The American Baptist Home Mission Society in many phases.

The Down-town Church

Five down-town church centers are maintained in the New York down-town area (Mariners' Temple, Judson Memorial, Baptist Tabernacle, Central Park and Harlem). Each of these is in charge of an American pastor, assisted by one or more women missionaries and student workers, to carry out a wide social, evangelical program. Foreign-language groups are served in three of these centers. The Home Mission Society assists in the ministers' salaries, and the maintenance cost of one of the centers. In Brooklyn the down-town area presents an increasing problem.

Foreign-language Groups

Throughout the territory of the two City Mission Societies the foreign-language groups are served in twenty churches and missions: Italian (10); Latvian, Chinese, Russian, Hungarian, Czechoslovak (2), Estonian, Spanish (2), Polish. German, Swedish and Norwegian churches are now self-supporting. The Home Mission Society shares in the support of most of the foreign-speaking pastors, of whom there have been 18 during the past year.

This ministry to the foreign-speaking groups, who occupy for the most part, underprivileged areas, could not be carried on by the two City Mission Societies in Greater New York were it not for the assistance of The American Baptist Home Mission Society. Special types of work, such as open-air preaching and vacation

church schools and a number of week-day activities are carried on in connection with this foreign-language work.

Christian Centers

Three Christian centers are maintained in the Metropolitan area. The Judson Neighborhood House in New York; Emmanuel House in Brooklyn and Riverdale Chapel in Yonkers. These Christian centers bring to communities decidedly underprivileged religiously a wide ministry of Christian friendliness and service through such activities as daily kindergarten, day nurseries, dental and daily clinics, clubs and classes for boys and girls, mothers' meetings, Sunday schools, and special programs for young people. The Home Mission Society assists in the maintenance of these centers. The workers have been carrying on heroically in spite of considerable curtailment of funds.

Ministry to Negroes

Recent events in the largest Negro colony in America, nationally known as Harlem, a one-time fine residence area of white Americans where strong churches flourished, have attracted the attention of America to the Negro situation of the North, centered chiefly in cities like New York, Chicago, Detroit and Cleveland. Baptists in New York City as represented by the city societies of New York and Brooklyn feel keenly their responsibility, especially as there are 57,096 Negro Baptist church-members out of a total Negro Protestant church-membership of 95,808. Even Methodists have only approximately one-third of the Baptist church-membership. The Baptist Negro Educational Center located in Harlem is probably the strongest Protestant force at work in Harlem today, providing as it does a leadership of leaders, for its ministry first of all is to the pastors of Negro Baptist churches and then to the volunteer leadership chiefly in Sunday schools of Baptist and all other Protestant forces in Harlem. This center is headed by Rev. Horatio S. Hill.

Church Extension

Both of the City Mission Societies recognize the strategic importance of church extension in the newer residential sections. Many such areas can be spotted on the city map, with thousands of new residents and no evangelical ministry for these families, or church school opportunity for their children. At present there are two church extension enterprises in the New York area and five in Brooklyn and Long Island now having permanent structures and approaching self-support.

In addition to these extension enterprises three established English churches in the New York area and five in the Brooklyn-Long Island area have been assisted in meeting pastors' salaries and interest on mortgages. The churches themselves are taking an increasing share in the work of the denomination.

Special Concerns

The need for continued maintenance of the down-town and foreign-speaking church centers has been intensified rather than reduced by the economic situation. With decreased financial resources the two City Mission Societies are facing the responsibility of "equalizing religious privilege" for these areas. The work is constantly under review for the most judicious use of funds without loss of ministry to the people living in these sections.

Department of Cities of the Ohio Baptist Convention—E. Herbert Dutton, Director

I. GENERAL

Three and a Half Years' Experience. In accordance with the agreement between The American Baptist Home Mission Society and the Ohio Baptist Convention when the Department of Cities was constituted, a reexamination of the method was made after three and a half years' experiment. The result of such reexamination appears in a statement entitled: "Study of the Department of Cities Method." The experi-

ence recorded on these pages furnishes a basis for judging the value of the City Department as a means of strengthening our ministry as Baptists in the 220 cities (classed as B and C) within the area of the Northern Baptist Convention—where the major portion of the strength of the denomination is found.

Year-Round Evangelism. (1) In Cincinnati. Rev. A. B. Strickland completed at the beginning of the present fiscal year ten months of service for the churches in Cincinnati. His method led us by the way of spiritual diagnosis to the remedy. This involved a study (a) of the *inner life* of the local church, (b) of the *immediate neighborhood*, and (c) of *all parts* of the city that might need the ministry of Baptists. A booklet of 64 pages, summarizing the Cincinnati experience, was prepared at the request of the Evangelistic Committee of the Home Mission Society, and under the title *Year-Round Evangelism*, was printed and circulated among the pastors of the Northern Baptist Convention by The American Baptist Publication Society. (2) In Six Cities. Six of the seven cities served by the Department of Cities have been covered by Mr. Strickland since September 15 in service similar to that which was rendered first in Cincinnati. With the aid of a fund provided by the Home Mission Society and funds provided through local offerings, Mr. Strickland spent from one week to two months in the respective cities with notable results, both immediate and far-reaching. Many churches already have been challenged by the facts brought to light and taken measures to overcome the weaknesses revealed. Increased attendance, more careful planning, finer fellowship are some of the results already apparent.

Promotion Work has claimed a portion of the director's time since the end of 1934, when we lost by death our colleague, Rev. Ernest R. Fitch, of the Department of Promotion.

Flint, Mich. By request of the Home Mission Society, the director gave more than two weeks to the city of Flint, Mich., endeavoring to assist with a local situation that for several years has been unsatisfactory to Baptists.

Changes. The Seven Cities have lost heavily in leadership during the year by the going to other fields of Pastors Archibald and Wylie from Columbus; the illness of Bowyer, of Cincinnati, and Johnson, of Dayton; and the death of Phillips, of Akron, and Patrick, of Canton. *A Program of Spiritual Advance* was adopted by several city groups early in the autumn and became the cooperative background for advance in many churches in visitation, church attendance, evangelism and stewardship.

II. BY CITIES

Akron. The First Church has been most successful in merging into a unified service the Sunday morning services. Arlington Street reports an average of more than 800 in attendance at the Sunday school during March; also a crowded house of worship Sunday mornings after more than a hundred juniors are provided for in a service of their own. Goodyear Heights actually has begun to build the auditorium over the basement where the people have served and suffered bravely for a long term of years. The Slovak Church is being served each month by a pastor without a charge, who gives them a week with expense only for travel. "Christian Friendliness" is the slogan which will receive emphasis in Akron through the month of May, according to a program developed in other cities by Mrs. Kinney, who will be in charge here. Careful preparations have been under way for several weeks.

Canton. This city requires attention in connection with two major problems: Leadership of the Hungarian Church in the interest of the younger members, and administration of the Maryland Avenue Mission Church.

Cincinnati. A collegiate relationship has been established between the Lincoln Park and the Westwood churches, by which the two pastors function in both churches. Oakley seems to be on the way to self-support in the near future. Aggressive leadership of the Mt. Carmel Church has made for the church a large place in the interest of the neighborhood and makes it unnecessary for the Union longer to assist in the support of the pastor of Calvary Church, only about a mile distant from Mt. Carmel.

Columbus. The Emergency School work of the U. S. Government has provided a staff of excellent workers at the Neighborhood House during a period of nearly two years. Ten of these workers give full time to this center, conducting classes daytime and evening through more than sixty periods of one hour each during the week. Basement rooms are now being constructed for use in manual training. Hildreth has finished space for more Sunday school classes and faced the main building with brick tile. Other improvements are being made to beautify the exterior. Attendance and income each have increased about 100 per cent. during the last two years. Most of our Baptist people are as "sheep not having a shepherd" since Doctor Archibald and Mr. Wylie have left us. Mr. Wylie was the first president of the City Union. Mr. Strickland is acting pastor of the First Church, and in that connection is helping all the churches in the study of their respective fields in preparation for evangelism.

Dayton. A Committee on Objectives has developed a program for Dayton Baptists for five years ahead and the City Union has adopted it. It is based upon the study of the churches made during the month that Mr. Strickland was in Dayton. The committee also has prepared a set of twelve wall-charts to help visualize the facts which justify the program.

Toledo. It is the judgment of leaders of the Union that we could serve the neighborhood of the Polish church far better at this time by utilizing the Polish church building, which includes an apartment, for a seven-day Christian center program. The Emergency School of the U. S. Government functions here also under Baptist auspices. It occupies the educational building of Ashland Avenue Church five days of the week. A ministry to the Mexicans of Toledo has been carried on for many months by a deacon of the Mexican Baptist Church of Detroit. Twenty-five converts have been baptized by the pastor of the First Church, Doctor Morris. The services of this group henceforth will be held in the Polish church building Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoons. Rev. Harlan I. Frost, until recently pastor of the Second Baptist Church, is now secretary of the Federation of Churches—the unanimous choice of his colleagues in the ministry of Protestantism in Toledo.

Youngstown. Temporary arrangements have been made for the pastorate of the Roumanian church of Warren. The results thus far seem to be fairly satisfactory. It is possible to report again activity looking toward the erection of a new building for the work centering at Bethel House in Campbell. The architect and a committee are now studying plans.

A Varied Program for the Director

The director is always available for the following activities in addition to his other duties:

1. Studying with the pastors the *inner life and neighborhood* relationship of their churches.
2. Encouraging the *making of surveys* of the churches and surroundings and providing reference chart-maps for the churches whose surveys are completed.
3. *Assisting in conferences* with every sort of group in the local church or group of churches that has to do with the church's essential ministry and opportunity.
4. Maintaining *contacts with denominational leaders* who share with us responsibility for missionary work in these cities.
5. *Cultivating locally friends* for our work with a view to the strengthening of the personnel of the several city societies.
6. Promoting fellowship and cooperation with our *young people's federation*, our *university students*, and our *Negro Baptist brethren* in these cities.
7. *Cultivating a deeper sense of interdependence* on the part of the leaders in our churches, with a view of a greater effectiveness for the common good.

Philadelphia—Orlando T. Steward, Executive Secretary

The American Baptist Home Mission Society during the last year aided in Hungarian, Italian, Polish, Christian Community and Seamen's work. We feel, however, that this Society has indirectly aided all our work, in that its appropriations make it possible for us to engage in other work that otherwise we would have to abandon.

The Hungarian Church is afforded room by the Second Baptist Church, which, while in some instances limit this work because of the necessity of adjustments to avoid conflicting meetings, nevertheless has resulted in a bond of attachment between the young people of both churches. The Hungarians in our city are not located in any one section. Some of their young people have gone into English-speaking Baptist churches near their homes. While this may seem to have affected the Hungarian Church, it has, nevertheless, been a gain to the denomination.

The Italian Church is closely related to the Italian Community House. As the building is not nearly large enough to accommodate the community activities, a large part of them have been transferred to the church building. It is one of the busiest hives of religious activity in Philadelphia. Our work there has won praise from the Police Department. The lieutenant of the district in that down-town section has considerably less trouble than formerly and gives praise to the Italian work.

The Polish work is making its imprint in a section of the city from which sprang a great deal of lawlessness; 923 S. Front Street was at one time bitterly hated by the people and the front door bears the scars of many a brick and stone. In that section now, however, it is termed "Little Heaven." At a recent demonstration given there, two evenings were required, one for the local people and the next evening for Baptists of the city. Over five hundred people were in attendance. Our Polish pastor has three preaching services on Sunday, a Polish service in the morning, and an early evening service in Russian followed by an English preaching service.

The student worker for whom the Society makes an appropriation together with his helpers makes a great impression upon the boys and young men both at the Italian Church and the Mount Vernon Center. When we consider that the crime wave is costing our nation thirty-three million dollars a day, we feel that these community centers though reaching, of course, but a small portion of the seventeen million in our country are helping a great deal and are building Christian characters.

Pittsburgh—Lester W. Bumpus, Executive Secretary

Home Mission work in the Pittsburgh Baptist Association is passing from one epoch to another. This is well symbolized by the death of Mrs. Amalia Pauliniy, who played a large part in the beginnings of Baptist work among foreign-speaking peoples in this area. Today the rapid rise of the second generation emphasizes the need of the integration of our one-time foreign-speaking Baptists into the life of the Association and of near-by American churches. Toward this consummation, which proceeds alike from the obvious necessities of concrete situations and from the eternal inclusiveness of the gospel, Rev. Edwin L. Kautz is making an intelligent and helpful contribution. It should be stressed that among the half of the population of Homestead who live below the railroad, our Hungarian Baptist Church is the only white Protestant religious institution. There is a real need for a program in this area more adapted to the community.

Our Russian Baptist Church has this year found and entered a great evangelistic field. Preaching services are conducted each Sunday at the Water Street Shelter, a unit of the Federal Relief Program, where about half of the 1,400 men cared for are of Slavic extraction. There is great promise in this ministry to which Rev. Alex Beliasov and his people give themselves with great zeal and devotion. We are paying particular attention to an effort to prevent in the Russian Church the unfortunate differences between generations which have marred many foreign-language churches. In this Miss Helen Darby, our Christian Americanization secretary, and her volunteers, give valuable help. Occasional joint meetings of the Russian young

people with American young people of near-by South Side churches are a part of this program.

It is believed that after convalescing from an operation for appendicitis, Mr. Beliasov will be stronger than ever in the work.

This has been a great year at Rankin Christian Center. Attendance has been larger than ever. The rare abilities of Mr. E. R. Tingley and his increasing experience are evident in a developing program which is giving the center an expanding influence in the community. A survey of Rankin, in charge of a professor of the Department of Sociology of the University of Pittsburgh, is enlisting an unusual community participation. It is noteworthy that Rankin is the only place within miles where Negroes have even access to such a building. Our ministry in this sphere is outstanding. An evident need at Rankin is a full-time, thoroughly trained boys' worker, both to free Mr. Tingley for his proper activities and for the strengthening of the program.

For its cooperation in all of the above work, not merely in money, but also in counsel, the Pittsburgh Baptist Association extends to The American Baptist Home Mission Society its continuing appreciation. The Association is giving careful consideration to the implications of the Study of Aided Churches.

An important activity in Pittsburgh is a study now under way of the field and function of the Council of Churches. This may easily result in the necessity of Baptists putting forth special efforts to hold and carry on their none too large work in this strategic center, where others are so strong. We must do our part in the cooperative advance of Protestantism.

Finally, the fields are white already to the harvest, and our laborers are too few. In the most important center of one of our largest coal companies, in the languishing countryside of what is perhaps our only rural church, in the heart of Homestead and elsewhere, human need cries aloud for the divine Glad Tidings. In the Pittsburgh Baptist Association there is ample opportunity for "Pioneering Today in Home Missions."

San Francisco Bay Cities—W. Earle Smith, Executive Secretary

FOREIGN-SPEAKING WORK

Mexican. The year has seen marked advance in the work among our Mexican friends. Rev. A. P. Pierson became the superintendent of our Mexican work in the Eastbay in October, 1934. Under his leadership the activities of the work in Oakland and Richmond have nearly doubled. In San Francisco, Rev. R. O. Corona, who serves part time, is finding a very hearty response from his people. This phase of our work is unusually encouraging.

Russian. Brother A. H. Nikolaus, who has been the faithful pastor of the Russian Baptist Church on Potrero Hill and friend and counsellor of all the Russian people in that section of the city for the past fifteen years, closes his work May 1. We are very regretful to lose Brother Nikolaus, but he feels the time has come for him to retire from the active pastorate. Rev. J. Pregodich, of Chicago, conducted a successful meeting in March. The church has extended him a unanimous call to become their pastor and are looking forward to his leadership.

Chinese. Our Chinese Church in San Francisco suffered the loss of their pastor, Rev. Luke S. Chan, who passed away in February this year. Rev. Chan was greatly beloved by his people and had led the First Chinese Church into a high standard of activity. Our schools, both the English day-school and the Chinese evening-school, average about 125. The Sunday school has an average attendance of around 200, the largest in its history.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING

Not in the seven years of my experience in the Bay cities have our English-speaking churches been in as good condition, with as good leadership and as few problems, as at the present time. I believe it may be said of all of them that a

constructive program of all around Christian work is being done in each of these mission churches. The financial outlook is brightening with most of them. We have recently assisted the Trinity Church of Oakland in the reconstruction of their church building. This church is located in a territory assigned to the Baptists. Ours is the only church ministering to several thousand people and the response to the leadership of Trinity Church is very encouraging and challenging.

OTHER INSTITUTIONS

The Chung Mei Home, costing \$75,000, is nearing completion. We expect to move into the building the middle of June. The project is financed now within \$10,000. We are confident that the many friends of Chung Mei will respond to see the task completed. The new home will care for seventy-five boys. It is beautifully situated overlooking the Golden Gate and will be a great joy and satisfaction to the staff to have an adequate home in which to care for this large family of boys. When finished, this will be an institution of which the entire denomination will be proud.

Potrero Hill Neighborhood House. This institution is a cooperative work of the Presbyterians and Baptists among our Russian people of San Francisco. A new director in the person of Miss Amelia Anderson has come from Portland, Ore. Reverend Nikolaus has been very closely associated with this work. The Neighborhood House is the only Christian social institution of any kind in this large Russian community on the hill. A great responsibility rests upon us in meeting the needs of the young people of Potrero Hill. The outlook is most promising. Under Miss Anderson's leadership the program will be decidedly enlarged.

Oakland Christian Friendship Center. Mrs. W. Earle Smith has carried on as director along with Miss Lilla White as librarian and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Benton as helpers. These are serving without salary, a small honorarium being given for expenses. The Oakland Christian Friendship Center fills a very great need among the unfortunate people of West Oakland. A recent survey indicated there are one hundred twenty families who are regular attendants at the center, one-half of this number making daily contact with the center. Aside from this foreign-speaking group there is a similar group of under-privileged Americans.

St. Louis—S. E. Ewing, Executive Secretary

The last year has been a busy one for the Baptists in the St. Louis Association. All of our forty-one churches have had pastoral care throughout the year. The "City Mission Week," March 24-31, received hearty response, not only in the way of a reasonable over and above offering, but especially in calling attention of our constituency to the importance of St. Louis as a mission field. Our St. Louis Baptist Ministers Conference again voted to make April the month for our Simultaneous Evangelistic Campaign, and with hardly a single exception every church will conduct special revival meetings during the period of March 15 to April 30. Several new projects are being considered, such as larger cooperation with the sixty Negro churches within the bounds of the Association, more definite approach to foreign-speaking people, a direct appeal to the 100,000 Jews of our city, and several suburban fields that seem to be most inviting for Baptists at this time. Several of our churches are terribly burdened with mortgage indebtedness, but we are glad to say that the St. Louis Baptist Mission Board will close for the year as of April 30, 1935, with only \$4,000 bank indebtedness.

Twin City Baptist Union—E. A. Finstrom, Acting Executive Secretary

The work of the year 1934-1935 was begun under the able leadership of Rev. A. R. De Mott, who left the work on November 15 to become the pastor of the Irving Park Baptist Church of Chicago, Ill. On December 1 Mr. E. A. Finstrom, of Bethel Theological Seminary, St. Paul, Minn., became acting executive secretary.

The past year has been marked by consistent effort to reduce the indebtedness of the Twin City Baptist Union, and we are happy to be able to report substantial progress. In fact, we hope to be able to remove the greater part of this burden

within the next six months. Our service to four suburban churches continues to the extent of our ability, while real progress in the direction of growth and self-support is being made. We have in our churches continued to emphasize Christian education and evangelism. We have cooperated in the Leadership Training Schools and the Summer Assembly for Young People.

Extensive improvements have been made on the property of the First Slovak Church, Minneapolis, and the work in this church is making splendid progress. A feature of the work here that is especially encouraging is the large number of young people that are active in the church. In cooperation with the Woman's Home Mission Society a fine piece of Christian Americanization work is being done among the Slovak people of Minneapolis. In cooperation with the Board of Education and the Minnesota Baptist Convention we are giving aid to the University Baptist Church in its ministry to the students of the University of Minnesota.

Progress is noticeable in the work of our Negro churches. Here we are giving time and counsel, but not cooperating financially at present to any marked extent. One of these churches is now without a pastor and needs assistance in locating a pastor and in making improvements on the church building.

We are confronted with three situations of an emergency nature, but committees have been appointed to deal with these situations, and progress is being made. We are now at the point of taking steps in the direction of an aggressive program of city mission work. Our first step will be to make a comprehensive and thorough study of our fields. It is likely that this study will bring to us the challenge of sponsoring several new projects, of which we hope to undertake two or three: viz., a neglected area in Minneapolis, and Mexican and Slovak work in St. Paul.

We have recently held a successful conference with Dr. D. R. Sharpe, of Cleveland, Ohio, as the guest speaker. Practically all of our churches were represented at this conference, and it was decided enthusiastically to endorse and follow the principles of the Class A societies and to undertake and carry forward an advance program of work in the Twin Cities.

TREASURER'S REPORT

1934-1935

Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS

NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA
CHICAGO
BOSTON
NEWARK
BALTIMORE
WASHINGTON
PITTSBURGH

DETROIT
CLEVELAND
CINCINNATI
ROCKFORD
LOUISVILLE
ST. LOUIS
ATLANTA
DALLAS
HOUSTON

SAN FRANCISCO
LOS ANGELES
PORTLAND
SEATTLE
—
LONDON
PARIS
BERLIN

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY,
NEW YORK, N. Y.:

We have examined the accounts of THE AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY for the year ended April 30, 1935. The investments are carried at not more than cost or the values assigned thereto at dates of acquisition; in those cases in which the Society maintains reserves for depreciation of fund investments the amounts are ample to provide for the shrinkage in marketable securities based on market quotations at April 30, 1935 (except as to marketable securities included among Other Reserve Fund assets, against which the reserve is inadequate at that date), but such reserves may be insufficient to provide also for possible losses on mortgages and real estate included among the investments; the collectability of the outstanding loans to churches is not determinable by us; the amounts at which school and mission properties are carried include \$43,865.68 for expenditures on properties for which the Society does not hold legal title. Subject to the foregoing, we certify that, in our opinion, the appended balance sheet as at April 30, 1935, and deficit account and statements of income and expenditures for the year ended April 30, 1935, are correct.

LYBRAND, ROSS BROS. & MONTGOMERY

NEW YORK, JUNE 26, 1935.

BALANCE SHEET, APRIL 30, 1935

ASSETS

Permanent Funds assets:		
a. Investments	\$10,159,447.88	
b. Cash	1,105.43	
		\$10,160,553.31
Annuity Fund assets:		
a. Investments	\$1,401,843.59	
b. Cash	2,825.77	
		1,404,669.36
Special Trust Agreements assets:		
Agreements under which income is payable to individual beneficiaries:		
a. Investments	\$379,479.68	
b. Cash	103.52	
		\$379,583.20
Agreements under which income is payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies:		
a. Investments	1,159,616.10	
		1,539,199.30
Church Edifice Loan Fund assets:		
a. Loans to churches, principally on first mortgages ..	\$313,413.10	
b. Investments	5,000.00	
c. Cash	20,791.82	
		339,204.92
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund assets:		
a. Loans to churches on special terms	\$382,152.81	
b. Investments	17,824.50	
c. Cash	13,698.28	
		413,675.59
Property and Equipment:		
Interest in school properties	\$2,233,274.30	
Interest in mission properties	568,160.31	
Interest in Christian Center properties	302,446.38	
		3,103,880.99
Total Permanent and Trust Funds Assets		\$16,961,183.47
Assets representing temporary funds for designated purposes:		
a. Investments	\$198,416.50	
b. Cash (including \$250.58 in transit)	58,687.19	
		257,103.69
Assets representing undistributed income under Special Trust Agreements:		
a. Investments	\$2,000.00	
b. Cash	1,762.25	
		3,762.25
Liability Reserve Funds assets:		
a. Investments	\$67,500.00	
b. Cash	6,608.83	
		74,108.83
Other Reserve Funds assets:		
a. Investments	\$30,754.91	
b. Cash	10,743.35	
		41,498.26
Current and miscellaneous assets:		
a. Investments, less \$4,333.40 reserve	\$17,272.16	
b. Cash (Including \$28,149.38 cash in transit)	39,321.99	
c. Prepaid items, insurance, etc.	16,290.76	
		72,884.91
		<u>\$17,410,541.41</u>

NOTES:

Investments under various captions above include payments aggregating \$96,663.09 for taxes, improvements, etc., on properties owned or managed, less income therefrom.

Cash in transit includes \$27,098.00 received from the Council on Finance and Promotion for its distribution as at April 30, 1935.

BALANCE SHEET, APRIL 30, 1935

FUNDS, LIABILITIES AND RESERVES

Permanent Funds:		
a. Unrestricted as to income	\$6,371,027.27	
b. Restricted as to income	3,693,597.52	
c. Reserved for depreciation of investments	95,928.52	
	<hr/>	\$10,160,553.31
Annuity Fund:		
a. Par Value of unmatured annuity agreements	\$1,282,122.83	
b. Reserve for depreciation of investments	122,546.53	
	<hr/>	1,404,669.36
Special Trust Agreements:		
Funds, the income of which is payable to individual beneficiaries	\$379,583.20	
Funds, the income of which is payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies	1,159,616.10	
	<hr/>	1,539,199.30
Church Edifice Loan Fund		339,204.92
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund		413,675.59
Property and Equipment Funds		3,103,880.99
		<hr/>
Total Permanent and Trust Funds		\$16,961,183.47
Temporary Funds for designated purposes:		
Unexpended income designated for:		
a. Building purposes	\$106,384.06	
b. Other purposes	140,833.98	
c. Reserve for depreciation of investments	9,885.65	
	<hr/>	257,103.69
Income from Special Trust Funds:		
Payable to individual beneficiaries		3,762.25
Liability Reserves:		
a. Retirement Allowances	\$27,260.26	
b. Group Insurance	46,848.57	
	<hr/>	74,108.83
Current Liability:		
Notes Payable to Banks		160,000.00
		<hr/>
Total Funds, Liabilities and Reserves		\$17,456,158.24
Other Reserves:		
a. Equalization of income from legacies	\$27,290.02	
b. Fire and tornado insurance	12,842.44	
c. Reserve for depreciation of investments	1,365.80	
	<hr/>	\$41,498.26
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	87,115.09	
	<hr/>	
Excess of accumulated deficit over "Other Reserves"		45,616.83
		<hr/>
		<u>\$17,410,541.41</u>

SUMMARY OF ALL FUNDS—CREDITS

	Balances May 1, 1934	Receipts	Transfers	Deficit April 30, 1935	Totals
TRUST FUNDS AND PROPERTIES					
Permanent Funds -----	\$3,778,639.17	\$123,877.26	\$377,252.40	-----	\$3,279,768.83
Special Endowment for Schools -----	907,062.54	93.00	-----	-----	907,155.54
Annuity Fund -----	1,403,578.02	42,225.00	5,054.78	-----	1,450,857.80
Special Trust Funds (Income Payable to Individual Beneficiaries) -----	384,117.93	17,863.94	-----	-----	401,471.87
Special Trust Funds (Income Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies) -----	1,534,682.78	-----	-----	-----	1,534,682.78
Church Edifice Loan Fund -----	335,248.45	7,146.47	-----	-----	342,394.92
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund -----	383,617.61	4,191.44	23,991.54	-----	414,800.59
Property and Equipment Funds -----	3,144,495.92	2,820.83	32,400.96	-----	3,179,717.71
CURRENT AND TEMPORARY FUNDS					
Designated Funds -----	127,482.27	297,471.40	6,835.56	-----	431,789.23
Income from Special Trust Funds Payable to Individual Beneficiaries -----	4,896.08	23,797.76	-----	-----	28,694.44
Income from Special Trust Funds Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies -----	-----	299,281.13	-----	-----	299,281.13
Reserve Funds -----	107,657.96	4,598.03	23,332.02	-----	135,448.01
General Fund, Operating Budget, 1934-1935 -----	-----	458,037.16	42,698.81	-----	500,735.97
Deficit -----	-----	2,107.44	-----	\$87,115.09	80,222.53
Totals -----	\$17,114,349.33	\$1,252,970.96	\$511,556.07	\$87,115.09	\$18,965,991.35

SUMMARY OF ALL FUNDS—CHARGES

	Disbursements	Deficit May 1, 1934	Transfers	Balances April 30, 1935	Totals
TRUST FUNDS AND PROPERTIES					
Permanent Funds	\$24,316.28	-----	\$2,064.78	\$9,253,397.77	\$9,279,763.83
Special Endowment for Schools	-----	-----	-----	907,155.54	907,155.54
Annuity Fund	9,989.47	-----	36,108.97	1,404,669.36	1,450,857.80
Special Trust Funds (Income Payable to Individual Beneficiaries)	18,388.67	-----	3,500.00	379,583.30	401,471.87
Special Trust Funds (Income Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies)	-----	-----	375,066.68	1,159,616.10	1,534,682.78
Church Edifice Loan Fund	190.00	-----	3,000.00	339,304.92	342,394.92
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund	-----	-----	1,125.00	413,675.59	414,800.59
Property and Equipment Funds	66,536.72	-----	9,300.00	3,109,880.99	3,179,717.71
CURRENT AND TEMPORARY FUNDS					
Designated Funds	135,329.03	-----	39,366.51	257,103.69	431,780.23
Income from Special Trust Funds Payable to Individual Beneficiaries	24,902.19	-----	-----	3,762.25	28,664.44
Income from Special Trust Funds Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies	297,466.05	-----	1,815.08	-----	299,281.13
Reserve Funds	19,659.97	-----	180.95	115,607.09	135,448.01
General Fund, Operating Budget, 1934-1935	443,733.37	-----	39,953.10	-----	483,686.47
Deficit	777.03	\$105,455.00	-----	-----	106,232.03
Totals	\$1,011,293.78	\$105,455.00	\$511,556.07	\$17,337,656.50	\$18,965,991.35

INCOME

GENERAL AND DESIGNATED FUNDS

1934-1935

General Fund—Regular Budget:**NON-DONATION SOURCES:****Income from Investments:**

Permanent Funds	\$318,492.52
Isaac Davis Fund	618.53
Designated Funds	6,522.93
General Fund	1,415.79
Reserve Funds	4,895.97

	\$331,945.74
Less: Service charges on mortgages	\$3,083.08
Transfers to reserves for depreciation of investments	12,680.24
	<u>15,763.32</u>

\$316,182.42

Legacies	17,805.03
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Income from Annuities:

Income from investments	\$60,905.50
Less: Service charges on mortgages ...	1,908.59
	<u>\$58,996.91</u>

Annuity Funds released:

By death of donors	\$14,607.39
By living donors	16,000.00
	<u>30,607.39</u>

\$89,604.30

Less Annuities Paid	83,779.81
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5,824.49

Trustee Commissions	7,399.74
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Rent from School and Mission Properties	843.79
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Transferred from Permanent Funds	500.00
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Total from Non-Donation Sources	\$348,555.47
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DONATION SOURCES:**Contributions from the Denomination:**

Distributable funds	\$110,573.21
Designated funds	40,081.52
Colporteur and chapel car collections	618.79
Evangelists' collections	906.98

Total from Donation Sources	\$152,180.50
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Total Income General Fund	\$500,735.97
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EXPENDITURES

GENERAL AND DESIGNATED FUNDS

1934-1935

General Fund—Regular Budget:**FIELD EXPENDITURES:****Missions in the United States:**

States	\$48,814.36	
Cities	34,308.67	
Indian	28,639.75	
Colporters and Chapel Cars	14,050.87	
Christian Philanthropies	4,472.92	
Field Workers	7,942.48	
Miscellaneous	3,552.83	
Mission Properties	11.15	
Secretary's Salary and Expenses	3,751.41*	
		\$145,544.44

Evangelism:

Salaries and Expenses	\$12,466.04	
Secretary's Salary and Expenses	1,366.68*	
		13,832.72

Christian Centers:

Salaries and Expenses	\$16,317.57	
Director's Salary and Expenses	5,825.30	
		22,142.87

Missions in Latin America:

Missions—Salaries and Expenses	\$81,715.71	
Education—Salaries and Expenses	21,516.27	
Secretary's Salary and Expenses	3,807.73*	
		107,039.71

Education in the United States:

Salaries and Expenses	\$83,835.29	
Secretary's Salary and Expenses	1,935.14*	
		85,770.43

Department of Edifice Funds:

Loans to Churches	\$250.00	
Mission Properties	1,400.00	
Chung Mei Home	5,000.00	
Christian Center Properties	3,200.00	
Other Appropriations	1,387.78	
Building Counsel (Net).....	3,142.87	
Secretary's Salary and Expenses (paid by other Funds)		14,380.65

MISCELLANEOUS:

Group Insurance and Retirement Allowances	\$8,000.00	
Home Missions Council	1,200.00	
Legal Expenses	56.65	
		9,256.65

ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL EXPENSES:

Finance Department	\$27,947.46	
General Administration	35,550.56	
Retirement Allowances, Secretaries and Superintendents..	8,000.00	
Interest on Budget Loans	6,410.10	
		77,908.12

PUBLICITY, LITERATURE AND RESEARCH

7,820.88

Total Expenditures General Fund \$483,696.47

*Apportioned.

INCOME—Continued **GENERAL AND DESIGNATED FUNDS** **1934-1935**

Designated Funds—Supplemental and Specifics Budget:

NON-DONATION SOURCES:

Income from Investments:

Special Trust Fund for Endowment of Schools	\$41,594.63
Permanent Trust Funds for Church Edifice Purposes	11,128.89
Permanent Trust Funds for Special Purposes	113,318.83
Other Trust Funds for Special Purposes	67,639.98
Designated Funds	3,935.93

\$237,618.26

Less: Service charges on mortgages \$3,303.65

Trustee commissions credited General

Fund 5,403.71

8,707.36

\$228,910.90

Legacies

2,279.48

Annuity gift released by death of donor

360.63

Contingent mortgages repaid

574.50

Miscellaneous:

Rents from mission properties	\$361.25
Rents from Christian Center properties	407.31
Sale of school properties	4,956.56
Sale of mission properties	615.19
Insurance collected	2,091.99
Transferred from General Fund—on account of ad- vances for Jewish Work	1,200.00
Reserve for depreciation of investments	4,347.33
Unclassified	83.13

14,062.76

Total from Non-Donation Sources

\$246,188.27

DONATION SOURCES:

Contributions from Churches and Individuals:

For sundry purposes	\$56,409.84
Colporter collections	1,708.85

Total from Donation Sources

58,118.69

Total Designated Funds

\$304,306.96

\$805,042.93

EXPENDITURES—Continued

GENERAL AND DESIGNATED FUNDS

1934-1935

Designated Funds—Supplemental and Specifics Budget:**FIELD EXPENDITURES:****Missions in the United States:**

States	\$16,938.65	
Colporters—Salaries and Expenses	24,031.43	
Christian Philanthropies	11,413.17	
Mission Properties	2,224.44	
	<hr/>	\$54,607.69

Evangelism		2,420.51
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Christian Centers		5,732.02
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Missions in Latin America	\$3,832.96	
Mission Properties	5,000.00	
Puerto Rico Relief	198.81	
Education	145.00	
	<hr/>	9,176.77

Education in the United States:

Salaries and Expenses	\$57,056.75	
School Properties	6,265.37	
	<hr/>	63,322.12

Church Edifice Work:

Loans, etc.		18,805.00
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Other Disbursements:

Payments of income for special purposes	\$3,174.57	
Loss on securities sold during year	274.57	
Shaw University, Income from Endowment Funds	14,494.70	
Miscellaneous	413.70	
	<hr/>	18,357.54

Transferred to Other Funds:

Permanent Funds	\$1,688.49	
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund	574.50	
	<hr/>	2,262.99

Total Supplemental and Specifics Budget		\$174,685.54
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Total Expenditures		\$658,382.01
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Excess of income over expenditures:

General Fund	\$17,039.50	
Designated Funds	129,621.42	
	<hr/>	146,660.92
		<hr/>
		\$803,042.93
		<hr/>

EXPENDITURES—Continued
GENERAL AND DESIGNATED FUNDS
1934-1935

DEFICIT ACCOUNT

April 30, 1935

Deficit, May 1, 1934	\$105,485.00
Deduct:	
Net credits applicable to budgets of prior years	1,330.41
	<u>\$104,154.59</u>
Excess of General Fund income over expenditures for year ended	
April 30, 1935	17,039.50
Deficit, April 30, 1935	<u><u>\$87,115.00</u></u>

DETAILS OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES UNDER THE BUDGET OF 1934-1935

Missions in the United States

STATES	Salaries	Expenses
Arizona	\$2,664.52	\$232.01
California, Northern	1,623.00	73.50
California, Southern	975.71	.....
Colorado	38.36	.....
Connecticut	3,481.99	315.00
Idaho	957.00	.....
Illinois	653.64	.....
Indiana	885.46	.....
Iowa	875.00	.....
Kansas	456.00	.....
Maine	202.67	.....
Massachusetts	3,128.08	.....
Michigan	1,140.00	.....
Minnesota	513.00	.....
Montana	2,318.88	.....
Nebraska	1,000.00	.....
Nevada-Sierra	3,374.76	.....
New Jersey	3,602.00	.....
New York	676.00	902.00
North Dakota	1,860.11	.....
Ohio	1,566.45	.....
Ohio Cities	3,000.00	1,050.00
Pennsylvania	589.00	.....
Rhode Island	2,234.76	25.00
South Dakota	466.25	.....
Utah	4,400.00	125.00
Washington	772.01	.....
Wisconsin	1,274.00	5.00
Wyoming	1,358.20	.....
	<u>\$46,086.85</u>	<u>\$2,727.51</u>
		\$48,814.36

CITIES

Boston, Mass.	\$1,444.00	\$464.50
Brooklyn, N. Y.	1,521.00	.....
Buffalo, N. Y.	2,308.66	.....
Chicago, Ill.	2,669.99	.....
Cleveland, Ohio	1,877.50	.....
Detroit, Mich.	2,490.86	.....
Kansas City, Mo.	952.00	200.00
Los Angeles, Calif.	2,287.86	.....
Minneapolis, Minn.	304.00	.....
Newark, N. J.	1,529.00	855.00
New York, N. Y.	5,672.52	1,764.63
Philadelphia, Pa.	1,300.00	.....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	731.00	.....
Rochester, N. Y.	659.00	.....
San Francisco, Calif.	2,797.13	1,391.88
St. Louis, Mo.	1,088.14	.....
	<u>\$29,632.66</u>	<u>\$4,676.01</u>
		34,308.67

INDIAN		<i>Salaries</i>	<i>Expenses</i>	
Arizona	\$1,360.00	\$535.73		
California, Northern	800.00	223.49		
Montana	4,340.00	1,019.90		
Montana—Addition to Properties		11.15		
Nevada-Sierra	1,520.00	619.29		
Oklahoma	10,411.63	2,647.38		
Field worker	2,980.00	1,049.91		
Miscellaneous		1,132.42		
	<u>\$21,411.63</u>	<u>\$7,239.27</u>		\$28,650.90
COLPORTERS				
Arizona	\$570.00			
California, Southern	380.00			
Indiana	638.87			
Kansas	817.00			
Maine	342.00			
Minnesota	457.00			
Nebraska	380.00			
New York	570.00			
North Dakota	1,825.00			
Oregon	457.00			
Washington	599.00			
Atlantic States	608.00			
New England	380.00			
	<u>\$8,023.87</u>			
CHAPEL CARS				
Arizona	\$507.00			
California, Northern	1,276.00			
California, Southern	700.00			
Colorado	760.00			
Oregon	684.00			
Wyoming	900.00			
	<u>\$4,827.00</u>			
The American Baptist Publication Society, Admin- istration expense	\$1,200.00			14,050.87
CHRISTIAN PHILANTHROPIES				
California, Chung Mei Home, Berkeley		\$999.99		
Oklahoma, Murrow Indian Orphans' Home, Bacone	\$3,000.00	372.93		
Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Seamen's work	100.00			
	<u>\$3,100.00</u>	<u>\$1,372.92</u>		4,472.92
General field workers	\$6,312.02	\$1,630.46		7,942.48
Miscellaneous		\$3,552.83		3,552.83
Secretary's salary and expenses	*\$3,000.00	\$751.41		3,751.41
				<u>\$145,544.44</u>

*Apportioned.

Evangelism

	<i>Salaries</i>	<i>Expenses</i>
California, Northern	\$500.00	\$109.72
California, Southern	590.62	67.58
Colorado	872.12	179.90
Indiana	1,000.00	296.73
Iowa	250.00	100.00
Minnesota	545.41	249.03
New Jersey	1,283.00	176.17
North Dakota .....	.....	75.00
Ohio	2,100.00	331.10
Vermont	746.30	255.47
Danish Conference	900.00	.....
Norwegian Conference	855.00	200.00
Sundries .....	.....	782.89
	<u>\$9,642.45</u>	<u>\$2,823.59</u>
Secretary's salary and expenses	*\$1,366.68	.....
		<u>1,366.68</u>
		<u>\$13,832.72</u>

Christian Centers

Boston, Mass., West End	\$900.00	\$120.00	
Brooklyn, N. Y., Emmanuel House	720.00	.....
Brooklyn, N. Y., Strong Place House	500.00	130.00	
Camden, N. J., Italian	360.00	.....
Chicago, Ill., South Chicago Neighborhood House	780.00	.....
Cleveland, Ohio, Negro	720.00	.....
East Chicago, Ind., Katherine House	900.00	420.00	
East Hammond, Ind., Brooks House	945.00	940.00	
Fresno, Calif., Chinese .....	.....	37.50	
Kansas City, Kans., Bethel Neighborhood Center	537.50	.....
Locke, Calif., Chinese .....	.....	37.50	
Los Angeles, Calif., Cosmopolitan .....	.....	100.00	
Milwaukee, Wis., South Side	330.00	.....
Natick, R. I., Cosmopolitan .....	.....	270.00	
Newark, N. J., Italian .....	.....	300.00	
New York, N. Y., Judson Neighborhood House ..	930.00	.....
Oakland, Calif., Christian Friendship Center ....	.....	150.00	
Philadelphia, Pa., Italian	300.00	.....
Phoenix, Ariz., Mexican .....	.....	180.00	
Pittsburgh, Pa., Rankin	810.00	.....
Providence, R. I., Italian .....	.....	360.00	
Pueblo, Colo.	133.34	.....
Sacramento, Calif., Chinese .....	.....	60.00	
Sacramento, Calif., Japanese	150.00	.....
Seattle, Wash., Chinese and Japanese	900.00	.....
Tucson, Ariz., Mexican .....	.....	60.00	
Weirton, W. Va.	1,200.00	120.00	
Yonkers, N. Y., Riverdale Chapel	330.00	.....
Miscellaneous .....	.....	1,586.73	
	<u>\$11,445.84</u>	<u>\$4,871.73</u>	<u>\$16,317.57</u>
Director	\$3,540.00	\$2,285.30	5,825.30
	<u>\$14,985.84</u>	<u>\$7,157.03</u>	<u>\$22,142.87</u>

*Apportioned.

Missions in Latin America

MISSIONS	Salaries	Expenses	
Cuba	\$7,895.04	\$7,274.86	
El Salvador	7,059.98	3,446.32	
Haiti	6,640.26	1,238.12	
Mexico	18,621.80	3,546.50	
Nicaragua	4,298.23	2,030.24	
Puerto Rico	10,492.55	5,559.73	
General		3,612.06	
	<u>\$55,007.86</u>	<u>\$26,707.85</u>	\$81,715.71
EDUCATION			
Cuba, Colegios Internacionales, Cristo	\$8,900.00	\$560.17	
Nicaragua, Colegio Bautista, Managua	5,026.92	2,563.19	
Puerto Rico, Barranquitas Academy, Barranquitas	2,287.16	111.86	
Puerto Rico, Evangelical Seminary, Rio Piedras ..	1,539.00	289.79	
Miscellaneous	238.18		
	<u>\$17,991.26</u>	<u>\$3,525.01</u>	21,516.27
Secretary's salary and expenses	*2,733.32	1,074.41	3,807.73
	<u>\$20,724.58</u>	<u>\$4,599.42</u>	<u>\$107,039.71</u>

Education in the United States

HIGHER SCHOOLS FOR NEGROES

Benedict College, Columbia, S. C.	\$9,000.00	\$1,538.91
Bishop College, Marshall, Texas	11,800.00	5,907.39
Jackson College, Jackson, Miss.		1,728.21
Leland College, Baker, La.		3,462.11
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.	6,000.00	1,713.69
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.	8,500.00	2,887.65

SCHOOL FOR INDIANS

Bacone College, Bacone, Okla.	\$10,800.00	\$2,295.77
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OTHER SCHOOLS

International Baptist Seminary, East Orange, N. J.	\$6,265.00	\$4,106.54
Spanish-American Baptist Seminary, Los Angeles, Calif.	4,500.00	500.00

MISCELLANEOUS

Auditing school accounts	\$1,291.65	\$958.07	
Supplies and other expenses		580.30	
	<u>\$58,156.65</u>	<u>\$25,678.64</u>	\$83,835.29
Secretary's salary and expenses	*\$1,500.00	\$435.14	1,935.14
	<u>\$59,656.65</u>	<u>\$26,113.78</u>	<u>\$85,770.43</u>

Department of Edifice Funds and Building Counsel

Loans to churches		\$250.00	
Mission properties		1,400.00	
Chung Mei Home		5,000.00	
Christian Center properties		3,200.00	
Other appropriations		1,387.78	
Building Counsel (Net)		3,142.87	
Secretary's salary and expenses	\$5,346.40		
Less paid by Loan funds	5,346.40		
			<u>\$14,380.65</u>

*Apportioned.

Miscellaneous		Salaries	Expenses
Transfer to Group Insurance Reserve			\$3,000.00
Transfer to Retirement Allowance Reserve			5,000.00
Home Missions Council			1,200.00
Legal Expenses			56.65
			<u>\$9,256.65</u>

Administration and General Expenses

Finance Department:

Treasurer	\$4,800.00		
Assistant Treasurer	2,683.33		
Office salaries	12,370.50		
Audit		\$1,170.00	
Custodianship service		2,305.11	
Expense of collecting legacies		164.38	
Legal expenses		2,103.37	
Surety bonds		166.25	
Contingent		2,184.52	
	<u>\$19,853.83</u>	<u>\$8,003.63</u>	
			<u>\$27,947.46</u>

General Administration:

Headquarters office:

Executive Secretary	\$3,266.66	\$581.53	
Clerical salaries:			
a. General	5,470.00		
b. Departmental	9,612.00		
Rent		7,884.96	
Telephone		719.93	
Postage		1,192.26	
Telegrams		133.84	
Office furniture and fixtures		446.72	
Supplies, equipment and general expenses		2,916.25	
	<u>\$18,348.66</u>	<u>\$13,875.49</u>	
			<u>32,224.15</u>

Miscellaneous:

Board and Committee meetings		\$2,418.55	
Convention expenses		880.46	
Contingent		27.40	
			<u>3,326.41</u>

\$35,550.56

Retirement Allowances—Secretaries and Superintendents

Interest on Budget Loans			8,000.00
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6,410.10

Total Administration and General Expenses ..			<u>\$77,908.12</u>
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Publicity, Literature and Research

Secretary's salary and expenses	\$4,100.00	\$761.62	
Annual Report		931.12	
Advertising		1,139.59	
Literature		614.58	
Postage		156.84	
Miscellaneous		117.13	
	<u>\$4,100.00</u>	<u>\$3,720.88</u>	
			<u>\$7,820.88</u>

DETAILS OF DESIGNATED FUNDS EXPENDITURES

Missions in the United States

STATES	Salaries	Expenses
Arizona		\$2.52
California	\$1,754.64	
Colorado	455.00	
Idaho	464.00	
Michigan	445.00	
Montana	1,169.00	2,057.81
Nevada	100.00	
New York	3,405.00	125.00
North Dakota	2,388.11	
Ohio		142.24
Oklahoma		2,227.44
Pennsylvania	270.00	
South Dakota	2,839.33	
Wyoming	1,068.00	250.00
	<u>\$14,358.08</u>	<u>\$4,805.01</u>

\$19,163.09

COLPORTERS

Colorado	\$2,736.00	\$842.94
Idaho	5,725.00	1,808.59
Montana	3,908.00	1,816.81
Pennsylvania	475.00	
Utah	1,026.00	428.58
Wyoming	3,704.00	1,560.51
	<u>\$17,574.00</u>	<u>\$6,457.43</u>

24,031.43

CHRISTIAN PHILANTHROPIES

Oklahoma, Murrow Indian Orphans' Home, Bacone	\$3,816.17
California, Chung Mei Home, Berkeley	1,000.00
California, Chung Mei Home, Berkeley (Building)	6,597.00
	<u>11,413.17</u>
	<u>\$54,607.60</u>

Evangelism

California, Northern, and Nevada	\$500.00
California, Southern	590.63
Colorado and Wyoming	590.00
Minnesota	658.70
Vermont	63.70
Miscellaneous	\$17.48
	<u>\$2,403.03</u>
	<u>\$17.48</u>
	<u>\$2,420.51</u>

Christian Centers

Boston, Mass., West End Community House	\$300.00
Buffalo, N. Y., Hebrew	1.00
Buffalo, N. Y., Italian-Polish	\$78.00
Calumet, Okla.	360.63
Detroit, Mich., Hamtramck Rumanian	100.00
Fresno, Calif., Chinese	37.50
Locke, Calif.	346.09
Los Angeles, Calif.	260.00
Milwaukee, Wis.	307.50
Oakland, Calif.	299.50
Phoenix, Ariz., Mexican	276.20
Pueblo, Colo.	400.00
Sacramento, Calif.	292.50
Sacramento, Calif., Japanese	60.00
Seattle, Wash., Chinese-Japanese	150.00
Tucson, Ariz.	350.00
	<u>\$45.00</u>
	<u>\$3,040.50</u>
	<u>\$2,692.42</u>
	<u>\$5,732.92</u>

Missions in Latin America

MISSIONS	Salaries	Expenses	
Cuba	\$999.96	\$120.00	
Cuba—Addition to property		5,000.00	
El Salvador		103.00	
Haiti	428.00	115.00	
Mexico		1,205.00	
Nicaragua		63.00	
Puerto Rico		799.00	
	<u>\$1,427.96</u>	<u>\$7,405.00</u>	\$8,832.96
Puerto Rico Relief			198.81
EDUCATION			
Colegio Bautista, Managua, Nicaragua			145.00
			<u>\$9,176.77</u>

Education in the United States

HIGHER SCHOOLS FOR NEGROES			
Benedict College, Columbia, S. C.	\$1,200.00	\$703.75	
Bishop College, Marshall, Texas		87.02	
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.	17,293.63	42.50	
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.	22,840.30	1,481.19	
SCHOOL FOR INDIANS			
Bacone College, Bacone, Okla.	7,092.16	945.58	
Additions to property		6,265.37	
OTHER SCHOOLS			
International Baptist Seminary, East Orange, N. J.		3,085.42	
Spanish-American Seminary, Los Angeles, Calif. ..	600.00	185.20	
MISCELLANEOUS			
National Ministers' Institute		1,500.00	
	<u>\$49,026.09</u>	<u>\$14,296.03</u>	\$63,322.12

Church Edifice Work

Loans to Churches, etc.	\$18,805.00	\$18,805.00
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Other Disbursements

Payments from Income Permanent Funds for Special Purposes	\$3,174.57	
Loss on securities sold during year	274.57	
Shaw University, Raleigh, N. C.	\$14,494.70	
Miscellaneous	413.70	
	<u>\$14,494.70</u>	<u>\$3,862.84</u>
		<u>\$18,357.54</u>

Transferred to Other Funds

Permanent	\$1,688.49	
Special Church Edifice Loan	574.50	
		<u>\$2,262.99</u>
Total Designated Funds Expenditures		<u>\$174,685.54</u>

PERMANENT FUNDS

Balance May 1, 1934 (Includes \$907,062.54 Special Trust Fund for Endowment of Schools) \$9,685,701.71

CREDITS

Contributions	\$280.00	
Legacies	13,163.23	
Income added to principal of fund	1,689.49	
Net profit on securities sold during year	68,909.75	
Morehouse College Endowment	24,316.28	
Virginia Union University Endowment	17,300.00	
Transferred from Annuity Fund (Released by death of donor)	263.91	
Transferred from Special Trust Funds (Released by death of original beneficiaries)	375,000.00	
Transferred from General Fund	300.00	
		<u>501,222.66</u>
		\$10,186,924.37

CHARGES

Transferred to Morehouse College Endowment	\$24,316.28	
Transferred to General Fund	500.00	
Transferred to Annuity Fund	1,554.78	
		<u>26,371.06</u>
Balance April 30, 1935 (Includes \$907,155.54 Special Trust Funds for Endowment of Schools)		<u>\$10,160,553.31</u>

ANNUITY FUND

Balance May 1, 1934 \$1,403,578.02

CREDITS

Contributions	\$45,725.00	
Transfer from Permanent Funds	1,554.78	
		<u>47,279.78</u>
		\$1,450,857.80

CHARGES

Net loss on securities sold during year	\$9,989.47	
Transferred to General Fund	30,607.39	
Transferred to Designated Funds	360.63	
Transferred to Permanent Funds	263.91	
Transferred to Special Church Edifice Loan Fund (Church Edifice Revolving Fund)	4,967.04	
		<u>46,188.44</u>
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$1,404,669.36</u>

SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS

SPECIAL TRUST AGREEMENTS

INCOME PAYABLE TO INDIVIDUALS

Balance May 1, 1934		\$384,117.93
CREDITS		
Legacies	\$3,354.94	
Net proceeds from sale of real estate	13,999.00	
		<u>17,353.94</u>
		\$401,471.87
CHARGES		
Net loss on securities sold or written off during year	\$7,888.67	
American Baptist Foreign Mission Society	3,500.00	
Woman's American Baptist Foreign Mission Society	3,500.00	
Woman's American Baptist Home Mission Society	3,500.00	
Transferred to Annuity Fund	3,500.00	
		<u>21,888.67</u>
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$379,583.20</u>

SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS

SPECIAL TRUST AGREEMENTS

INCOME PAYABLE TO STATE CONVENTIONS
AND CITY MISSION SOCIETIES

Balance May 1, 1934		\$1,534,682.78
CHARGES		
Transferred to General Fund	\$66.68	
Transferred to Permanent Funds	375,000.00	
		<u>375,066.68</u>
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$1,159,616.10</u>

CHURCH EDIFICE LOAN FUND

Balance May 1, 1934		\$335,248.45
CREDITS		
Interest received from churches	\$6,404.61	
Income from investments	741.86	
		<u>7,146.47</u>
		\$342,394.92
CHARGES		
Loans written off	\$190.00	
Administration expenses	3,000.00	
		<u>3,190.00</u>
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$339,204.92</u>
Loans repaid during year	\$5,203.91	
Loans made during year	30,424.40	

SPECIAL CHURCH EDIFICE LOAN FUND

Balance May 1, 1934		\$386,617.61
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CREDITS

Interest received from churches	\$3,915.28	
Income from investments	276.16	
Transferred from Annuity Fund (Released by death of donor)	4,967.04	
Transferred from Designated Funds	574.50	
Additions to Fund, representing loans during year from:		
General Fund	250.00	
Designated Funds	18,200.00	
		<u>28,182.98</u>

CHARGES

Administration Expenses		1,125.00
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$413,675.59</u>

Loans repaid during year	\$11,722.93
Loans made during year	22,290.00

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT FUNDS

Balance May 1, 1934		\$3,144,495.92
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ADDITIONS

Interest in school properties	\$6,265.37	
Interest in mission properties	25,756.42	
Interest in Christian Center properties	3,200.00	
		<u>35,221.79</u>
		<u>\$3,179,717.71</u>

DEDUCTIONS

Sale of school property	\$5,000.00	
Sale of mission properties	617.00	
Loss on sale of school property	35,400.00	
Book value of school properties written off	23,358.87	
Book value of mission properties written off	2,160.85	
Transferred to mission properties	9,300.00	
		<u>75,836.72</u>
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$3,103,880.99</u>

INCOME FROM SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS**PAYABLE TO INDIVIDUAL BENEFICIARIES**

Balance May 1, 1934		\$4,866.68
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CREDITS

Income from investments		23,797.76
		<u>\$28,664.44</u>

CHARGES

Payments to individuals		24,902.10
Balance April 30, 1935		<u>\$3,762.25</u>

INCOME FROM SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS

PAYABLE TO STATE CONVENTIONS
AND CITY MISSION SOCIETIES

Balance May 1, 1934

CREDITS

Income from investments \$269,281.13

CHARGES

Colorado Baptist Convention	\$852.95
Los Angeles City Mission Society	120,806.55
San Francisco Bay Cities Baptist Union	25,000.00
Seattle Baptist Union	25,000.00
Southern California Baptist Convention	95,806.55
Trustee Commissions—Credited General Fund	1,815.08
	<u>269,281.13</u>

RESERVE FUNDS

Balance May 1, 1934 \$107,557.96

CREDITS

Income from investments, etc.	\$9,390.05
Transferred from General Fund to:	
Retirement Allowance Reserve	13,000.00
Group Insurance Reserve	3,000.00
Fire and Tornado Insurance Reserve	2,500.00
	<u>27,890.05</u>
	\$135,448.01

CHARGES

Paid beneficiaries under Retirement Allowance Plan	\$16,911.48
Paid beneficiaries under Group Insurance Reserve	1,963.16
Loss on securities disposed of during year	785.33
Trustee Commissions on Retirement Allowance Reserve	
Fund Income—Credited General Fund	180.95
	<u>19,840.92</u>
Balance April 30, 1935	<u>\$115,607.09</u>

Legacy Reserve	\$27,290.02
Retirement Allowance Reserve	27,260.26
Group Insurance Reserve	46,848.57
Fire and Tornado Insurance Reserve	12,842.44
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	1,365.80
	<u>\$115,607.09</u>

EXHIBIT A

Income and Expenditures Under Regular Budget for 1934-1935

<i>Income</i>	<i>Budget Ex- pectations</i>	<i>Income</i>	<i>More than Ex- pectations</i>	<i>Less than Ex- pectations</i>
Non-Donation Sources:				
Income from investments	\$300,000.00	\$316,182.42	\$16,182.42	.....
Legacies	40,000.00	17,805.03	.....	\$22,194.97
Matured annuities—Net	20,000.00	5,824.49	.....	14,175.51
Trustee commissions .....	.....	7,399.74	7,399.74	.....
Released from Permanent Funds	500.00	500.00	.....	.....
Miscellaneous .....	.....	843.79	843.79	.....
Donation Sources:				
Contributions from the Denomi- nation	272,465.00	150,654.73	.....	121,810.27
Colporter and chapel car collec- tions .....	.....	618.79	618.79	.....
Evangelists' collections .....	.....	906.98	906.98	.....
Total Budget Income	\$632,965.00	\$500,735.97	.....	\$132,229.03
<hr/>				
<i>Expenditures</i>	<i>Budget Estimate</i>	<i>Expendi- tures</i>	<i>More than Estimate</i>	<i>Less than Estimate</i>
Field Expenditures:				
Missions in the United States:				
States	\$67,211.25	\$48,814.36	.....	\$18,396.89
Cities	44,543.55	34,308.67	.....	10,234.88
Indian	30,000.00	28,639.75	.....	1,360.25
Colporters and chapel cars ...	18,127.95	14,050.87	.....	4,077.08
Christian philanthropies	7,100.00	4,472.92	.....	2,627.08
Field workers	7,960.00	7,942.48	.....	17.52
Miscellaneous	5,057.25	3,552.83	.....	1,504.42
Mission properties .....	.....	11.15	\$11.15	.....
Secretary's salary and expenses	4,333.00*	3,751.41*	.....	581.59
Total Missions in the United States	\$184,333.00	\$145,544.44	.....	\$38,788.56
<hr/>				
Evangelism:				
Salaries and expenses	\$23,000.00	\$12,466.04	.....	\$10,533.96
Secretary's salary and expenses.	5,500.00	1,366.68*	.....	4,133.32
Total Evangelism	\$28,500.00	\$13,832.72	.....	\$14,667.28
<hr/>				
Christian Centers	\$27,265.00	\$22,142.87	.....	\$5,122.13
<hr/>				
Missions in Latin America:				
Missions	\$97,000.00	\$81,715.71	.....	\$15,284.29
Education	28,000.00	21,516.27	.....	6,483.73
Secretary's salary and expenses.	5,500.00	3,807.73*	.....	1,692.27
Total Missions in Latin Amer- ica	\$130,500.00	\$107,039.71	.....	\$23,460.29

*Apportioned.

<i>Expenditures</i>	<i>Budget Estimate</i>	<i>Expenditures</i>	<i>More than Estimate</i>	<i>Less than Estimate</i>
Education in the United States:				
Appropriations to schools	\$81,500.00	\$68,859.67	.....	\$12,640.33
Audit	4,000.00	2,249.72	.....	1,750.28
Insurance	13,500.00	12,145.60	.....	1,354.40
Miscellaneous	4,500.00	580.30	.....	3,919.70
Secretary's salary and expenses.	2,167.00*	1,935.14	.....	231.86
Total Education in the United States	\$105,667.00	\$85,770.43	.....	\$19,896.57
Department of Edifice Funds and Building Counsel:				
Loans to churches, etc.	\$15,500.00	\$11,237.78	.....	\$4,262.22
Building Counsel (Net).....	\$12,000.00	\$3,142.87	.....	\$8,857.13
Secretary's salary and expenses.	\$6,000.00	\$5,346.40	.....	\$653.60
Less paid by Loan funds	4,500.00	5,346.40	\$846.40	.....
	\$1,500.00	.....	.....	\$1,500.00
Total Department of Edifice Funds and Building Counsel	\$29,000.00	\$14,380.65	.....	\$14,619.35
Miscellaneous:				
Transfer to Group Insurance Reserve	\$5,000.00	\$3,000.00	.....	\$2,000.00
Transfer to Retirement Allowance Reserve	7,500.00	5,000.00	.....	2,500.00
Home Missions Council	1,200.00	1,200.00	.....	.....
Contingent	7,500.00	56.65	.....	7,443.35
	\$21,200.00	\$9,256.65	.....	\$11,943.35
Administration and General Expenses:				
Finance Department:				
Treasurer's salary and expenses	\$5,700.00	\$4,800.00	.....	\$900.00
Associate Treasurer	4,500.00	.....	.....	4,500.00
Assistant Treasurer	2,700.00	2,683.33	.....	16.67
Clerical salaries	13,500.00	12,370.50	.....	1,129.50
Audit	1,200.00	1,170.00	.....	30.00
Collecting agencies	2,300.00	2,305.11	\$5.11	.....
Expense of collecting legacies	300.00	164.38	.....	135.62
Legal expense	2,500.00	2,103.37	.....	396.63
Surety bonds	200.00	166.25	.....	33.75
Contingent	2,100.00	2,184.52	84.52	.....
	\$35,000.00	\$27,947.46	.....	\$7,052.54
General Administration:				
Executive Secretary's salary and expenses	\$6,800.00	\$3,848.19	.....	\$2,951.81
Clerical Salaries—General	7,500.00	5,470.00	.....	2,030.00
Departmental	7,500.00	9,612.00	\$2,112.00	.....
Rent	8,333.33	7,884.96	.....	448.37
Telephone	750.00	719.93	.....	30.07
Postage and telegrams	1,500.00	1,326.10	.....	173.90
Supplies, equipment and general expense	2,116.67	3,362.97	1,246.30	.....
Total Headquarters Office	\$34,500.00	\$32,224.15	.....	\$2,275.85

*Apportioned.

<i>Expenditures</i>	<i>Budget Estimate</i>	<i>Expendi- tures</i>	<i>More than Estimate</i>	<i>Less than Estimate</i>
Miscellaneous:				
Board and Committee meetings..	\$3,000.00	\$2,418.55	.....	\$581.45
Convention expenses	2,000.00	880.46	.....	1,119.54
Contingent	3,000.00	27.40	.....	2,972.60
Total Miscellaneous	\$8,000.00	\$3,326.41	.....	\$4,673.59
Total General Administration .	\$42,500.00	\$35,550.56	.....	\$6,949.44
Retirement Allowances—Secretaries and Superintendents	\$8,000.00	\$8,000.00	.....	.....
Interest on Budget Loans	\$10,000.00	\$6,410.10	.....	\$3,589.90
Total Administration and Gen- eral Expenses	\$95,500.00	\$77,908.12	.....	\$17,591.88
Publicity, Literature and Research:				
Secretary's salary and expenses.	\$5,000.00	\$4,861.62	.....	\$138.38
Annual Report	1,000.00	931.12	.....	68.88
Advertising	2,500.00	1,139.59	.....	1,360.41
Literature	1,500.00	614.58	.....	885.42
Postage	300.00	156.84	.....	143.16
Miscellaneous	700.00	117.13	.....	582.87
Total	\$11,000.00	\$7,820.88	.....	\$3,179.12
Total Expenditures	\$632,965.00	\$483,696.47	.....	\$149,268.53

Budget expectation for year	\$632,965.00	
Budget income for year	500,735.97	
Income less than expectation		\$132,229.03
Budget requirements for year	\$632,965.00	
Budget expenditures for year	483,696.47	
Budget expenditures less than requirements		\$149,268.53
Excess of income over expenditures		\$17,039.50
Deficit reported April 30, 1934	\$105,485.00	
Less adjustments during 1934-1935	1,330.41	
		\$104,154.59
Net deficit April 30, 1935		\$87,115.09

EXHIBIT B

LEGACIES
FOR GENERAL PURPOSES

CALIFORNIA	
Griffith, A. P.—Los Angeles	\$71.10
CONNECTICUT	
Bennett, Alice Howard—Hartford	2,000.00
Browning, Polly—Uncasville	27.24
Peckham, Grace K.—Franklin	200.00
Wooster, Mary McC.—Saybrook	885.04
ILLINOIS	
Ronda, Annie—Chicago	200.00
Wood, Frank M.—Paris	1.00
KANSAS	
Cannon, Laura—Phillipsburg	187.50
Hill, Allie E.—Fort Scott	97.38
MAINE	
Pearson, Lilla H.—Morrill	44.39
Sayward, Josephine H.—Sanford	400.00
MASSACHUSETTS	
Bowers, Sarah E.—Newton	216.51
Elwell, Mary—Newburyport	13.56
Fiske, Peter—Woburn	380.00
Gage, Nena D.—Woburn	329.60
Gifford, Laura A.—Monterey	11.37
Goodhue, Maria—Danvers	261.02
Greenleaf, Orick H.—Springfield	488.06
Hastings, Mary L.—West Boylston	250.00
Hibbard, Salmon P.—Boston	6.55
Houghton, Henry L.—Boston	353.71
Lindsay, Elizabeth—Boston	927.50
Price, Joseph—Salem	1,239.02
Stone, Susannah—South Gardner	32.00
Taylor, Nellie M.—Wakefield	119.22
Ward, Chloe—Tyringham	15.07
MINNESOTA	
Lane, Luther—Medford	102.27
Peterson, Matilda—Lake Crystal	250.00
NEW HAMPSHIRE	
Sanborn, Asahel—Laconia	38.84
Quimby, Alida—Pittsfield	12.77
NEW JERSEY	
Kent, Ella G.—New Brunswick	1,552.00
NEW YORK	
Bigelow, Anna M.—Buffalo	200.00
Clarke, Sidney—Jamestown	600.00
Jarrell, Edith M.—Brooklyn	250.00
Schusler, Phebe L.—Elmira	209.47
Starkweather, Amelia B.—Rochester	1,000.00
Potter, Augustus W.—Wethersfield	373.48
OHIO	
Mason, Mary E.—Marietta	230.21
Shearer, Sarah J.—Loudonville	440.00

PENNSYLVANIA

Jones, Mary E.—Reading	\$37.18
Shupe, Walter—Saltsburg	5.40

RHODE ISLAND

Barney, Abby V.—Providence	183.32
Bucklin, Clara A.—Providence	25.00
Lee, Oscar F.—Providence	54.69

VERMONT

Hotchkiss, James M.—Fairfax	15.00
Preble, Effie J.—Ludlow	1,900.00

WASHINGTON

Doty, Amanda—Latah	25.00
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WISCONSIN

Crosby, James B.—Janesville	1,374.92
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RECEIVED THROUGH THE NORTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION

Braman, Martha G.	19.12
Ostholm, Elizabeth	63.27
Yaisle, Jacob	85.35
	<u>\$17,805.03</u>

FOR DESIGNATED FUNDS

MAINE

Ridley, Joseph—Springvale	\$27.86
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MINNESOTA

Peterson, Peter A.—Grove City	100.00
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NEW JERSEY

Coles, J. Ackerman—Scotch Plains	2,151.62
	<u>\$2,279.48</u>

FOR PERMANENT FUNDS

CALIFORNIA

Griffith, A. P.—Los Angeles	\$71.10
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INDIANA

Crampton, John—Ashley	1,000.00
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MASSACHUSETTS

Patten, Alice—Dorchester	5,000.00
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NEW HAMPSHIRE

Chickering, Sarah E.—Suncook	2,067.71
Fellows, Mary J.—Suncook	1,521.77

NEW YORK

Eaton, Fidelia D.—Manlius	2.65
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WISCONSIN

Peebles, Adaline—Evansville	3,500.00
	<u>\$13,163.23</u>

FOR SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS
SPECIAL TRUST AGREEMENTS

Income Payable to Individuals

NEW JERSEY

Taylor, Helen E.—Plainfield	<u>\$3,354.94</u>
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EXHIBIT C

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

PERMANENT FUNDS

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS					
\$9,350.00	Home Owners Loan Corporation	1952	3	\$9,350.00	\$9,547.76
20,000.00	City of Cleveland, Ohio, Water Works	1963	5½	21,395.19	23,200.00
25,000.00	State of Mississippi	1937	5½	24,486.41	25,875.00
10,000.00	City of San Antonio, Tex., School	1956	5	10,000.00	11,000.00
100,000.00	City of Toronto, Can., Cons. Deb.	1954	4½	96,675.00	108,000.00
4,000.00	City of Toronto, Can., Cons. Deb.	1955	4½	3,850.04	4,320.00
				<hr/> \$165,756.64	<hr/> \$181,942.76
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$10,000.00	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Ry., Gen. Mtg.	1995	4	\$9,625.00	\$10,925.00
100,000.00	*Atlantic Coast Line R. R., Louisville & Nashville R. R., Collateral	1952	4	72,000.00	73,500.00
25,000.00	Baltimore & Ohio R. R., First Mtg.	1948	5	25,235.00	26,687.50
10,000.00	Baltimore & Ohio R. R., Rfdg. & Gen. Mtg.	1995	5	10,000.00	6,200.00
2,000.00	*Baltimore & Ohio R. R., Rfdg. & Gen. Mtg. "A"	1995	5	1,640.00	1,240.00
100,000.00	Baltimore & Ohio R. R., Rfdg. & Gen. Mtg. "D"	2000	5	100,500.00	60,750.00
50,000.00	Boston & Maine Railroad, First Mtg. "JJ".	1961	4¾	47,875.00	33,000.00
10,000.00	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry., Cons. Mtg.	1957	4½	10,000.00	5,600.00
10,000.00	Chesapeake & Ohio R. R., Gen. Mtg.	1992	4½	9,938.75	11,750.00
10,000.00	Chicago & Alton Ry., Rfdg. Mtg.	1949	3	7,187.50	4,000.00
150,000.00	*Chicago, Indianapolis & St. Louis Short Line R. R., First Mtg.	1953	4	99,750.00	138,000.00
150,000.00	*Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., Gen. Mtg.	1989	4½	114,562.00	64,875.00
10,000.00	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., Gen. Mtg.	1989	4½	10,000.00	4,325.00
120,000.00	*Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R., Conv. Adj. Mtg. "A"	2000	5	76,800.00	3,750.00
36,000.00	*Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R., Conv. Adj. Mtg. "A"	2000	5	27,700.00	1,125.00
30,000.00	Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R., Mtg. "A"	1975	5	28,200.00	3,150.00
9,000.00	*Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R., Mtg. "A"	1975	5	9,000.00	945.00
5,000.00	*Chicago & North Western Ry., Gen. Mtg..	1987	4	5,000.00	2,050.00
25,000.00	Chicago & North Western Ry., Gen. Mtg..	1987	4	23,900.00	10,250.00
10,000.00	*Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., Gen. Mtg.	1988	4	7,800.00	3,900.00
10,000.00	Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Ry., Cons. Mtg.	1951	5	10,000.00	9,600.00
1,000.00	Chicago Union Station	1963	4	1,010.00	1,055.00
35,000.00	Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis R. R., Gen. Mtg.	1993	4	33,750.00	33,250.00
25,000.00	Great Northern Ry., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1961	4¾	24,943.75	24,687.50
10,000.00	Illinois Central R. R., First Mtg.	1951	3½	8,562.50	10,000.00
150,000.00	*Kansas City Southern Ry., Rfdg. & Imp. Mtg.	1950	5	115,500.00	87,750.00
35,000.00	Kansas City Terminal Ry., First Mtg.	1960	4	33,905.00	37,275.00
25,000.00	Louisville & Nashville R. R., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "C"	2003	4½	23,318.75	25,375.00

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
\$10,000.00	Louisville & Nashville R. R., Unified	1940	4	\$9,535.00	\$10,750.00
100,000.00	*Louisville & Nashville R. R., Unified	1940	4	82,500.00	107,500.00
30,000.00	Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry., First Cons.	1938	4	28,612.50	9,562.50
100,000.00	Missouri Pacific R. R., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "F"	1977	5	99,750.00	21,750.00
50,000.00	New Jersey Junction R. R. Co., First Mtg., 100 yr.	1986	4	43,250.00	46,750.00
50,000.00	New York Central R. R., Rfdg. & Imp. "C"	2013	5	50,475.00	29,562.50
10,000.00	New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Rfdg. & Imp. "A"	2013	4½	9,475.00	5,300.00
10,000.00	New York Central-Michigan Central R. R., Coll.	1998	3½	10,000.00	8,362.50
125,000.00	New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R., Rfdg. & Gen. Mtg. "A"	1974	5½	132,500.00	81,875.00
6,000.00	New York, Lackawanna & Western Ry. Co., First Rfdg. Mtg.	1973	4	6,000.00	6,097.50
150,000.00	*New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R., Deb.	1955	4	84,000.00	46,500.00
15,000.00	Norfolk & Western Ry. Div., First Lien, Gen. Mtg.	1944	4	13,447.50	15,825.00
15,000.00	Norfolk & Western Ry., Pocahontas Joint Mtg.	1941	4	14,100.00	16,050.00
35,000.00	Northern Pac. Ry., Rfdg. & Imp. Mtg. "A"	2047	4½	33,693.75	27,300.00
30,000.00	Northern Pac. Ry. Rfdg. & Imp. Mtg. "B"	2047	6	28,738.75	28,500.00
50,000.00	Northern Pac. Ry., Prior Lien & Land Grant Mtg.	1997	4	48,713.75	52,000.00
25,000.00	Oregon-Washington R. R. & Nav. Co., First & Rfdg. "A"	1961	4	20,662.50	25,906.25
50,000.00	Pennsylvania R. R., Gen. Mtg. "A"	1965	4½	48,951.25	53,750.00
50,000.00	Pennsylvania, Ohio & Detroit R. R., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1977	4½	49,947.50	52,250.00
10,000.00	Portland Terminal Company, First Mtg.	1961	5	9,675.00	10,450.00
25,000.00	Reading Co., Gen. & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1997	4½	25,312.50	26,406.25
50,000.00	Reading Co., Jersey Cent., Coll. Trust	1951	4	48,434.17	49,937.50
25,000.00	San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railway Com- pany, First Mtg.	1943	4	21,312.50	19,687.50
75,000.00	St. Louis Southwestern Ry., First Terminal & Unifying	1952	5	73,125.00	34,875.00
10,000.00	St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R., Montana Ext. First Mtg.	1937	4	10,100.00	10,150.00
50,000.00	St. Paul Union Depot Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1972	5	51,125.00	57,750.00
100,000.00	*Southern Pacific R. R., First Rfdg. Mtg.	1955	4	77,375.33	93,750.00
50,000.00	*Southern Pacific Co., Equipment Trust "L"	1940	4½	47,990.00	52,000.00
50,000.00	Southern Pacific Co., Equipment Trust "L"	1941	4½	47,862.98	52,000.00
10,000.00	Southern Ry., First Cons. Mtg.	1994	5	10,000.00	8,937.50
10,000.00	Terminal R. R. Ass'n of St. Louis, First Cons. Mtg.	1944	5	10,100.00	11,262.50
50,000.00	Texarkana & Ft. Smith Ry., First Mtg. "A"	1950	5½	52,187.50	44,000.00
125,000.00	Texas Pacific-Missouri Pacific Terminal R. R. of New Orleans, First Mtg. "A"	1964	5½	128,750.00	119,687.50
50,000.00	Texas & Pacific Ry. Gen. & Ref. Mtg. "C"	1979	5	49,000.00	43,500.00
50,000.00	Texas & Pacific Ry. Gen. & Ref. Mtg. "D"	1980	5	49,125.00	43,312.50
3,000.00	*Texas & Pacific Ry., First Mtg.	2000	5	2,655.00	3,453.75
10,000.00	Texas & Pacific Ry., First Mtg.	2000	5	9,300.00	11,512.50
21,000.00	Toledo Terminal R. R., First Mtg.	1957	4½	20,850.00	22,207.50
25,000.00	Virginia Ry. Co., First Mtg. 50 yr. Series "B"	1962	4½	25,390.00	26,156.25
7,000.00	*Wabash R. R., Second Mtg.	1939	5	4,920.00	4,760.00
25,000.00	Wabash Ry. Co., Rfdg. & Gen. Mtg. "D"	1980	5	25,187.50	3,312.50
50,000.00	West Shore R. R.	2361	4	50,000.00	39,625.00
5,000.00	*West Shore R. R.	2361	4	5,000.00	3,962.50
100,000.00	*Wisconsin Central Ry., First Gen. Mtg. C/D	1949	4	70,000.00	8,500.00
5,000.00	*Wisconsin Central Ry., First Gen. Mtg. C/D	1949	4	4,112.50	425.00
				<u>\$2,690,945.73</u>	<u>\$2,142,227.50</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
STREET RAILWAY BONDS					
\$5,000.00	Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Ry., First Cons. Gen. Rfdg.	1982	2	\$4,550.00	\$187.50
6,000.00	Third Ave. Ry., Adjustment Mtg.	1960	5	6,000.00	1,177.50
				<u>\$10,550.00</u>	<u>\$1,365.00</u>
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$25,000.00	Alabama Power Co., First Mtg. "A"	1946	5	\$24,937.50	\$25,312.50
50,000.00	Alabama Power Co., First Mtg. Lien & Rfdg.	1951	5	49,637.50	47,500.00
25,000.00	Alabama Power Co., First Mtg. Lien & Rfdg.	1956	5	24,875.00	23,531.25
100,000.00	Arkansas Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1956	5	97,500.00	91,000.00
50,000.00	Associated Electric Co.	1953	4½	47,000.00	18,490.00
15,000.00	Associated Gas & Electric Co., Conv. Deb.	1948	4½	14,601.20	2,700.00
30,000.00	Associated Gas & Electric Co., Conv.	1949	4½	28,575.00	5,400.00
1,000.00	*Associated Gas & Electric Co., Conv. Deb. ..	1950	5	145.00	190.00
61,500.00	Associated Gas & Electric Co., Cons. Rfdg. Deb.	1968	5	61,500.00	11,838.75
100,000.00	Bell Telephone Co. of Canada, First Mtg. "B"	1957	5	102,500.00	116,750.00
25,000.00	Bellows Falls Hydro. Elec. Corp., First Mtg.	1958	5	24,437.50	24,906.25
50,000.00	Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co., Mtg. & Coll. Trust, "B"	1952	5	45,750.00	52,500.00
50,000.00	Central Illinois Public Service, First Mtg. "G"	1968	5	50,375.00	46,000.00
125,000.00	Central Maine Power Co., First & Gen. Mtg. "D"	1955	5	124,750.00	129,437.50
25,000.00	Central Power & Light Co., First Mtg.	1956	5	24,125.00	19,250.00
50,000.00	Chicago District Electric Generating Corp., First Mtg. "A"	1970	4½	47,250.00	50,875.00
50,000.00	Chicago District Electric Generating Corp., First Mtg. "A"	1970	4½	47,250.00	50,875.00
6,000.00	Commonwealth Edison Company, First Mtg. "G"	1962	5½	5,580.00	6,337.50
50,000.00	Connecticut River Power Company, First Mtg. Sinking Fund "A"	1952	5	47,875.00	52,937.50
15,000.00	Detroit City Gas Co., First Mtg. "B"	1950	5	15,000.00	14,437.50
100,000.00	East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co., First Mtg. "A"	1942	5	98,125.00	99,000.00
25,000.00	Florida Power & Light Co., First Mtg.	1954	5	24,312.50	19,500.00
25,000.00	Gatineau Power Co., First Mtg.	1956	5	23,437.50	21,062.25
50,000.00	Georgia Power Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1967	5	48,353.75	47,125.00
25,000.00	Gulf States Utilities Company, First Mtg. & Rfdg. "B"	1961	4½	23,500.00	24,656.25
15,000.00	Hackensack Water Co., Gen. Rfdg. Series "B"	1977	5½	14,475.00	16,200.00
15,000.00	Hackensack Water Company, First Mtg.	1952	4	14,550.00	15,937.50
10,000.00	Illinois Power & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. "A"	1953	6	10,000.00	9,250.00
10,000.00	Illinois Power & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. "B"	1954	5½	9,950.00	8,650.00
1,000.00	*Illinois Power & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. "C"	1956	5	562.50	830.00
50,000.00	Illinois Power & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. "C"	1956	5	49,375.00	41,500.00
25,000.00	Indiana & Michigan Elec. Co., First & Rfdg.	1955	5	24,625.00	26,125.00
50,000.00	Indiana Service Corp., First & Rfdg. "A" ..	1950	5	47,750.00	22,500.00
30,000.00	Indianapolis Power & Light Company, First Mtg. "A"	1957	5	27,740.00	30,900.00
100,000.00	Interstate Public Service Company, First Mtg. & Rfdg. "D"	1956	5	100,750.00	67,000.00
50,000.00	Iowa Power & Light Company, First Mtg. "A"	1958	4½	48,500.00	52,312.50
25,000.00	Iowa Ry. & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. "B" ..	1946	5	24,685.00	25,750.00

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
\$25,000.00	Jersey Central Power & Light Co., First Mtg. 30 yr. "C"	1961	4½	\$23,375.00	\$25,500.00
25,000.00	Kansas Power & Light Co., First Mtg. "B"	1957	5	23,937.50	26,437.50
50,000.00	Laclede Gas Light Co., First & Rfdg. Coll. "C"	1953	5½	51,875.00	32,312.50
1,000.00	*Lexington Utilities Company, First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1952	5	545.00	940.00
25,000.00	Louisiana Power & Light Co., First Mtg. ..	1957	5	24,500.00	24,312.50
25,000.00	Minnesota Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1955	5	24,600.00	24,500.00
25,000.00	Mississippi Power & Light Co., First Mtg. ..	1957	5	24,187.50	20,500.00
100,000.00	Montreal Public Service Corporation, First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1942	5	90,000.00	105,250.00
5,000.00	New Amsterdam Gas Co. of New York, First Cons. Mtg.	1948	5	4,750.00	5,375.00
50,000.00	New England Gas & Electric Co., Conv. Deb.	1947	5	49,750.00	27,875.00
50,000.00	New York Power & Light Co., First Mtg. ..	1967	4½	48,000.00	51,562.50
25,000.00	New York Steam Corp., First Mtg.	1956	5	23,482.50	26,500.00
125,000.00	*New York and Westchester Lighting Co., Gen. Mtg.	2004	4	52,500.00	129,375.00
50,000.00	Northern Indiana Gas & Electric Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg.	1952	6	52,500.00	52,500.00
75,000.00	Northern Indiana Public Service Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "C"	1966	5	74,812.50	72,750.00
60,000.00	Northern Ohio Power & Light Company, Gen. & Rfdg. Mtg.	1951	5½	62,475.00	63,900.00
50,000.00	The Ohio Power Company, First & Rfdg. Mtg. "B"	1952	5	46,750.00	52,500.00
1,000.00	*Orange & Rockland Electric Company, First Mtg.	1958	5	890.00	1,040.00
50,000.00	Pacific Gas & Electric Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "B"	1941	6	54,125.00	50,000.00
50,000.00	Pacific Gas & Electric Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "C"	1952	5½	52,250.00	52,500.00
5,000.00	Pacific Gas & Electric Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "G"	1964	4	3,000.00	5,100.00
100,000.00	Pacific Power & Light Co., First Mtg. & Prior Lien	1955	5	98,500.00	73,500.00
50,000.00	Penn Central Light & Power Company, First Mtg.	1977	4½	48,250.00	48,625.00
25,000.00	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co., First Mtg.	1981	4½	24,687.50	26,250.00
4,000.00	The Peoples Gas, Light & Coke Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "C"	1957	6	4,000.00	3,880.00
47,000.00	Philadelphia Company, Secured "A"	1967	5	46,096.50	43,592.50
25,000.00	Public Service Co. of New Hampshire, First & Rfdg. Mtg. "B"	1957	4½	24,947.50	26,500.00
100,000.00	Public Service Company of Northern Illinois, First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg. "F"	1981	4½	97,500.00	97,125.00
50,000.00	Public Service Company of Oklahoma, First Mtg. "D"	1957	5	50,250.00	51,250.00
60,000.00	Puget Sound Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1940	5½	60,950.00	43,275.00
25,000.00	St. Joseph Ry. Light, Heat & Power Co., First Mtg.	1937	5	25,000.00	25,375.00
10,000.00	San Diego Consolidated Gas & Electric Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "D"	1960	5½	10,125.00	10,625.00
30,000.00	Shawinigan Water & Power Co., First Mtg. & Coll. Trust S. F. "C"	1970	5	29,879.17	30,637.50
50,000.00	Sioux City Gas & Electric Co., First Mtg. ..	1960	5	49,875.00	47,000.00
100,000.00	Southern California Edison Co., Rfdg. Mtg.	1951	5	100,500.00	105,625.00
50,000.00	Southern California Edison Co., Rfdg. Mtg.	1960	3¾	49,250.00	49,250.00
25,000.00	Southwestern Light & Power Co., First Mtg. "B"	1957	5	24,062.50	22,000.00
50,000.00	Tennessee Electric Power Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1956	5	49,500.00	46,000.00
75,000.00	Terre Haute Electric Company, Inc., First Cons. Mtg.	1944	5	65,500.00	70,125.00

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
\$50,000.00	Texas Electric Service Co., First Mtg.	1960	5	\$49,000.00	\$48,750.00
50,000.00	Toledo Edison Company, First Mtg.	1962	5	47,750.00	53,625.00
25,000.00	United Power & Light Corp. (of Kansas), First Mtg. "B"	1947	5	24,187.50	25,312.50
50,000.00	Virginia Electric & Power Company, First & Rfdg. "A"	1955	5	47,625.00	53,375.00
105,000.00	Wisconsin-Michigan Power Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1957	5	103,687.50	109,462.50
50,000.00	Wisconsin Power & Light Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg. "F"	1958	5	49,500.00	47,375.00
				<u>\$3,445,283.12</u>	<u>\$3,336,832.25</u>

INDUSTRIAL BONDS

\$11,000.00	Bethlehem Steel Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1942	5	\$11,000.00	\$11,880.00
50,000.00	*Bethlehem Steel Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1942	5	44,250.00	63,720.00
80,000.00	Canadian International Paper Co., First Mtg.	1949	6	76,000.00	51,200.00
25,000.00	Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., First Mtg. & Coll. Trust	1957	5	24,581.25	25,968.75
25,000.00	National Steel Corporation, First Coll. Mtg. S. F.	1956	5	24,875.00	26,593.75
25,000.00	Price Bros. & Co., Ltd., First Mtg., S. F., "A," C/D	1943	6	25,000.00	23,000.00
				<u>\$205,706.25</u>	<u>\$202,362.50</u>

REAL ESTATE BONDS

\$54,500.00	Estey Operating Corporation, Income Deb...	1941	6	\$49,124.00	\$3,270.00
1,500.00	*Mortgage Guarantee Co. of America, First Mtg. Coll., "AH"	1940	5½	1.00	450.00
				<u>\$49,125.00</u>	<u>\$3,720.00</u>

INVESTMENT COMPANY BONDS

\$50,000.00	International Securities Corp., Deb.	1947	5	\$47,750.00	\$37,875.00
5,000.00	*Providence Securities Co., Deb.	1957	4	4,300.00	1,000.00
				<u>\$52,050.00</u>	<u>\$38,875.00</u>

Shares

STOCKS

50	*American Locomotive Co., Preferred	7	\$5,000.00	\$1,750.00
3,912	*Consolidated Oil Corporation .....	..	154,850.00	31,296.00
500	Estey Operating Corporation, Voting Trust Ctfs. ....	..	1.00	1.00
10	*The First National Bank of Hughesville, Pa. ....	..	381.00	1,900.00
50,000	*International Petroleum Co. ....	..	375,000.00	1,581,250.00
140 25/75	*Mission Corporation (Nevada) .....	..	1.00	1,717.33
6,000	*Ohio Oil Co. ....	..	212,250.00	69,000.00
584	*Ohio Oil Co. ....	..	1,825.00	6,716.00
1,200	*Socony-Vacuum Corporation .....	..	8,180.00	16,950.00
500	*Standard Oil Co. of California .....	..	6,944.48	16,937.50
1,080	*Standard Oil Co. of Indiana .....	..	9,000.00	27,405.00
400	Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey) .....	..	10,000.00	17,200.00
2,400	*Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey) .....	..	12,000.00	103,200.00
757.83	*Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. ....	..	7,609.30	2,747.14
2/10	*Valvoline Oil Company .....	..	30.01	1.70
			<u>\$803,071.79</u>	<u>\$1,878,071.67</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
MORTGAGES					
Greater New York		3		\$800.00	\$800.00
Greater New York		4		1,000.00	1,000.00
Greater New York		4½		106,000.00	106,000.00
Greater New York		5		298,825.00	298,825.00
Greater New York		5½		98,593.63	98,593.63
Greater New York		6		350,775.00	350,775.00
New York State		5		32,434.97	32,434.97
New York State		5½		16,500.00	16,500.00
New York State		5½		31,001.00	31,001.00
New York State		6		165,752.00	165,752.00
New York State		5		33,700.00	33,700.00
New York State		5½		70,775.00	70,775.00
New York State		6		51,057.00	51,057.00
New York State		6½		6,400.00	6,400.00
New York State		7		14,350.00	14,350.00
				<u>\$1,277,963.60</u>	<u>\$1,277,963.60</u>

REAL ESTATE BONDS AND MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES

Greater New York	5½	\$169,687.50	\$70,350.00
Elsewhere	6	10,000.00	3,450.00
		<u>\$179,687.50</u>	<u>\$73,800.00</u>

REAL ESTATE

Greater New York .....	..	\$201,503.05	\$201,500.00
New York State .....	..	41,001.00	41,001.00
Birmingham, Alabama .....	..	14,500.00	14,500.00
*Azusa, California .....	..	4.00	4.00
*Chicago, Illinois .....	..	40,000.00	40,000.00
Minneapolis, Minnesota .....	..	8,897.00	8,897.00
*St. Louis County, Minnesota .....	..	127.82	127.82
*Adair County, Oklahoma .....	..	88.91	88.91
Muskogee, Oklahoma .....	..	4,546.45	4,546.45
		<u>\$310,668.23</u>	<u>\$310,665.18</u>

NOTES

Pennsylvania .....	..	\$3,500.00	\$3,500.00
Net advances for taxes, foreclosure expenses, etc. ....	..	\$59,050.02	.....

Total Investments—Permanent Funds ..

\$9,253,357.88 \$9,451,325.46

Special Endowment for Schools

GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

\$14,000.00	Home Owners Loan Corporation	1952	3	\$14,000.00	\$14,293.09
51,000.00	City of Toronto, Canada, Cons. Deb.	1955	4½	49,088.01	55,080.00
10,000.00	City of Yonkers, N. Y., Assessment	1938	6	10,530.00	10,450.00
				<u>\$73,618.01</u>	<u>\$79,823.09</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$50,000.00	*Atlantic Coast Line R. R., Louisville & Nashville R. R., Collateral	1952	4	\$40,000.00	\$36,750.00
5,000.00	Kansas City Terminal Railway, First Mtg. .	1960	4	4,775.00	5,325.00
50,000.00	*Louisville & Nashville R. R., Unified	1940	4	45,500.00	53,750.00
50,000.00	*Southern Pacific R. R., First Rfdg. Mtg. ..	1955	4	43,000.00	46,875.00
50,000.00	*Wisconsin Central Ry., First Gen. Mtg. C/D	1949	4	40,000.00	4,250.00
				<u>\$173,275.00</u>	<u>\$146,950.00</u>

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$3,000.00	The Peoples Gas, Light & Coke Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "C"	1957	6	\$3,000.00	\$2,910.00
50,000.00	Utica Gas & Electric Co., Gen. Mtg. "E" ..	1952	5	46,375.00	52,500.00
				<u>\$49,375.00</u>	<u>\$55,410.00</u>

STOCKS					
330	*Norfolk & Western Ry. ....	...	..	\$33,660.00	\$54,780.00

MORTGAGES					
	Greater New York .....	...	5	\$73,500.00	\$73,500.00
	Greater New York .....	...	5½	94,100.00	94,100.00
	Greater New York .....	...	6	184,350.00	184,350.00
	New York State .....	...	4½	30,000.00	30,000.00
	New York State .....	...	5	26,000.00	26,000.00
	New York State .....	...	5½	31,000.00	31,000.00
	New York State .....	...	6	60,500.00	60,500.00
				<u>\$499,450.00</u>	<u>\$499,450.00</u>

MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES					
	Greater New York .....	...	4	\$250.00	\$110.00
	Greater New York .....	...	5	2,300.00	782.00
	Greater New York .....	...	5½	8,000.00	3,120.00
	New York State .....	...	5½	100.00	25.00
				<u>\$10,650.00</u>	<u>\$4,037.00</u>

REAL ESTATE					
	Greater New York .....	...	..	\$34,000.00	\$34,000.00
	New York State .....	...	..	17,503.00	17,503.00
				<u>\$51,503.00</u>	<u>\$51,503.00</u>

	Net advances for taxes, foreclosure expenses, etc. ....	...	..	\$14,558.99	.....
	Total Investments—Special Endowment for Schools .....	...	..	\$906,090.00	\$891,953.09
	Total Investments—Permanent Funds ..	....	..	<u>\$10,159,447.88</u>	<u>\$10,343,278.55</u>

ANNUITY FUND

GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS					
Par Value					
\$20,000.00	Home Owners Loan Corporation	1952	3	\$20,000.00	\$20,418.75
50,000.00	City of Cranston, R. I., Rfdg. Railroad Bonds	1940	5	48,275.00	53,500.00
				<u>\$68,275.00</u>	<u>\$73,918.75</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$10,000.00	Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line Ry., First Mtg. "B"	1944	5	\$10,000.00	\$10,812.50
20,000.00	Canada Southern Ry., First & Rfdg. Cons. Mtg.	1962	5	20,920.00	21,800.00
10,000.00	Chicago & Alton R. R., Rfdg. Mtg.	1949	3	8,196.11	4,000.00
5,000.00	Chicago & North Western Ry., Gen. Mtg. ..	1987	4	4,750.00	2,050.00
10,000.00	Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry., Gen. Mtg.	1993	4	7,900.00	9,500.00
10,000.00	Denver & Rio Grande R. R., First Cons. Mtg.	1936	4	7,837.50	2,437.50
18,000.00	Denver & Rio Grande Western R. R., Gen. Mtg. S. F.	1955	5	14,400.00	1,372.50
20,000.00	*Erie R. R., Prior Lien	1996	4	19,318.75	19,925.00
5,000.00	Erie R. R. Co., Prior Lien	1996	4	4,920.00	4,981.25
10,000.00	Iowa Central Ry., First Mtg. C/D	1938	5	10,000.00	650.00
5,000.00	Lehigh Valley Ry., First Mtg.	1940	4½	4,500.00	4,250.00
10,000.00	Lexington & Eastern Ry., First Mtg.	1965	5	9,900.00	11,475.00
25,000.00	Midland Valley R. R., First Mtg.	1943	5	24,250.00	18,000.00
10,000.00	Missouri Pacific R. R., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "I"	1981	5	9,475.00	2,112.50
7,000.00	Northern Pacific Ry., Gen. Lien	2047	3	4,637.50	5,153.75
20,000.00	Seaboard Air Line Ry., Rfdg. Mtg., C/D ..	1959	4	16,300.00	900.00
15,000.00	Seaboard Air Line Ry., Rfdg. Mtg., C/D ..	1959	4	11,607.50	675.00
10,000.00	Seaboard Air Line Ry., First Mtg., C/D ..	1950	4	8,297.50	1,000.00
20,000.00	Southern Ry., First Cons. Mtg.	1994	5	20,000.00	17,875.00
10,000.00	Texas & Pacific Ry., First Mtg.	2000	5	9,800.00	11,512.50
5,000.00	Virginia Ry. Co., First Mtg. Series "B" ..	1962	4½	5,275.00	5,225.00
10,000.00	Wabash R. R., First Mtg.	1939	5	10,000.00	9,500.00
25,000.00	Western Maryland R. R., First Mtg.	1952	4	21,187.50	23,250.00
10,000.00	*West Shore R. R., First Mtg.	2361	4	7,100.00	7,925.00
				<u>\$270,572.36</u>	<u>\$196,382.50</u>
STREET RAILWAY BONDS					
\$7,500.00	Chicago Rys., First Mtg.	1927	5	\$7,372.50	\$5,475.00
10,000.00	Interborough Rapid Transit, First & Rfdg. Mtg. C/D	1966	5	9,900.00	8,900.00
4,000.00	Kansas City Public Service Co., First Mtg. "B" (Rfdg. & S. F.)	1951	3	3,600.00	1,160.00
				<u>\$20,872.50</u>	<u>\$15,535.00</u>
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$25,000.00	American Gas & Electric Co., Deb.	2028	5	\$25,250.00	\$25,468.75
25,000.00	Butte Electric & Power Co., First Mtg.	1951	5	25,562.50	26,000.00
25,000.00	Central Illinois Public Service Co., First Mtg. "F"	1967	4½	23,625.00	20,750.00
25,000.00	Florida Power & Light Co., First Mtg.	1954	5	23,375.00	19,500.00
25,000.00	Gatineau Power Co., First Mtg.	1956	5	24,250.00	21,062.25
25,000.00	Houston Lighting & Power Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1953	5	25,312.50	26,250.00
25,000.00	Kansas Gas & Electric Co., First Mtg.	1980	4½	25,781.25	26,187.50
25,000.00	Mississippi Power & Light Co., First Mtg. ..	1957	5	24,125.00	20,500.00
10,000.00	Montana Power Co., First Mtg.	1943	5	9,487.50	10,550.00
10,000.00	New Amsterdam Gas Co. of New York, First Cons. Mtg.	1948	5	10,000.00	10,750.00
5,000.00	New York Telephone Co., First & Gen. Mtg.	1939	4½	4,962.50	5,568.75

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
\$25,000.00	Northern Indiana Public Service Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "D"	1969	5	\$23,437.50	\$24,062.50
25,000.00	Pacific Gas & Elec. Co., Gen. & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1942	5	22,925.00	26,687.50
50,000.00	Puget Sound Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "D"	1950	4½	47,125.00	32,437.50
15,000.00	Western Union Telegraph Co., Fund. & R. E. Mtg.	1950	4½	14,553.00	13,575.00
25,000.00	Wisconsin-Minnesota Light & Power Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg.	1944	5	24,750.00	25,781.25
				<u>\$354,521.75</u>	<u>\$335,131.00</u>

INDUSTRIAL BONDS

\$10,000.00	Armour & Co., R. E. First Mtg.	1939	4½	\$9,362.50	\$10,375.00
15,000.00	Republic Iron & Steel Co., S. F. Mtg.	1940	5	14,906.25	15,712.50
				<u>\$24,268.75</u>	<u>\$26,087.50</u>

Shares

STOCKS

30	*Kansas City Public Service Co., Pfd. "A" ..	....	7	\$2,280.00	\$15.00
70	*Kansas City Public Service Co. ....	....	..	1,120.00	7.00
				<u>\$3,400.00</u>	<u>\$22.00</u>

MORTGAGES

Greater New York .....	....	4½	\$13,500.00	\$13,500.00
Greater New York .....	....	5	30,200.00	30,200.00
Greater New York .....	....	5½	93,100.00	93,100.00
Greater New York .....	....	6	41,500.00	41,500.00
New York State .....	....	4	24,000.00	24,000.00
New York State .....	....	5	6,000.00	6,000.00
New York State .....	....	5½	22,500.00	22,500.00
New York State .....	....	6	103,132.50	103,132.50
Elsewhere .....	....	5	24,175.00	24,175.00
Elsewhere .....	....	6	110,291.75	110,291.75
Elsewhere .....	....	6½	30,000.00	30,000.00
Elsewhere .....	....	7	8,700.00	8,700.00
			<u>\$507,099.25</u>	<u>\$507,099.25</u>

REAL ESTATE

Greater New York .....	....	..	\$48,500.00	\$48,500.00
New York State .....	....	..	9,500.00	9,500.00
Birmingham, Alabama .....	....	..	25,900.00	25,900.00
*Los Angeles, California .....	....	..	9,005.47	9,005.47
Atlanta, Georgia .....	....	..	13,000.00	13,000.00
Augusta, Georgia .....	....	..	10,474.10	10,474.10
*Reeves County, Texas .....	....	..	7,746.03	7,746.03
*Ward County, Texas .....	....	..	9,054.20	9,054.20
			<u>\$133,179.80</u>	<u>\$133,179.80</u>

Net advances for taxes, foreclosure expenses,
etc.

\$19,654.18

Total Investments—Annuity Fund

\$1,401,843.59

\$1,287,355.80

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS—SPECIAL TRUST AGREEMENTS INCOME PAYABLE TO INDIVIDUAL BENEFICIARIES

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS					
\$33,175.00	Home Owners Loan Corporation	1952	3	\$33,343.00	\$33,869.60
7,000.00	*Milam Co., Texas, Road Dist. No. 6	1954	5½	7,000.00	7,000.00
5,000.00	*Yuma, Arizona, County of, Road Dist.	1951	5	5,000.00	4,100.00
				<u>\$45,343.00</u>	<u>\$44,969.60</u>
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$4,000.00	*Chicago & Erie Ry., First Mtg.	1982	5	\$4,000.00	\$4,545.00
1,000.00	New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lake Shore Coll.	1998	3½	831.25	850.00
6,000.00	*West Shore R. R., First Mtg.	2361	4	6,000.00	4,755.00
				<u>\$10,831.25</u>	<u>\$10,150.00</u>
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$8,000.00	Continental Gas & Electric Co., Deb. "A" ..	1958	5	\$3,500.00	\$4,980.00
5,000.00	Illinois Power & Light Corp., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "B"	1954	5½	4,975.00	4,325.00
15,000.00	Indiana Gas Utilities Co., First Mtg.	1946	5	14,475.00	12,900.00
1,000.00	*International Hydro-Electric System, Conv. Deb.	1944	6	500.00	348.75
20,000.00	Puget Sound Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1949	5½	19,837.50	14,425.00
5,000.00	Utah Light & Traction Co., First & Rfdg. "A"	1944	5	4,475.00	4,225.00
				<u>\$47,762.50</u>	<u>\$41,203.75</u>
STOCKS					
Shares					
50	*American Telephone & Telegraph Company .	...	..	\$5,000.00	\$5,556.25
10	*Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Ry., Pfd. ....	...	5	1,000.00	750.00
66	*Boston Insurance Co. ....	...	..	8,800.00	36,960.00
85	*Commonwealth & Southern Corp., Cum. Pfd.	...	6	7,007.30	3,442.50
74-40	*Consolidated Oil Corporation .....	...	..	1,468.00	595.20
75	*East Middlesex Street Ry. ....	...	..	6,375.00	5,250.00
41	*Ludlow Mfg. Associates .....	...	..	5,445.62	4,120.50
74	*Massachusetts Power & Light Associates ..	...	..	223.00	29.60
203	*Massachusetts Power & Light Associates, Pfd.	...	2	4,722.42	3,349.50
25	*Morris & Essex R. R. ....	...	..	1,575.00	1,600.00
19	*New England Power Association, Option Warrants .....	...	..	4.58	4.75
30	*New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. ..	...	..	3,270.00	2,790.00
10	*New York Transit Co. ....	...	..	590.00	30.00
40	*Ohio Oil Company .....	...	..	1,525.00	460.00
6,000	*Pennsylvania Gas Co. ....	...	..	100,000.00	63,000.00
26	*Plymouth Cordage Co. ....	...	..	2,275.00	2,106.00
100	*Socony-Vacuum Corporation .....	...	..	1,493.60	1,412.50
128	*Standard Oil Co. of Calif. ....	...	..	3,360.00	4,336.00
40	*Standard Oil Co. of Indiana .....	...	..	3,069.17	1,015.00
				<u>\$157,203.69</u>	<u>\$136,807.80</u>
MORTGAGES					
	Greater New York .....	...	4½	\$1,223.14	\$1,223.14
	Greater New York .....	...	5½	48,400.00	48,400.00
	Greater New York .....	...	6	22,250.00	22,250.00
	Elsewhere .....	...	6	3,501.00	3,501.00
	Elsewhere .....	...	6½	5,000.00	5,000.00
				<u>\$80,374.14</u>	<u>\$80,374.14</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES					
	Greater New York .....	....	4	\$18,000.00	\$6,085.00
	Greater New York .....	....	5½	12,202.10	5,247.51
	New York State .....	....	4	5,260.00	1,488.00
	Elsewhere .....	....	5½	2,500.00	2,500.00
				<u>\$37,962.10</u>	<u>\$15,320.51</u>
REAL ESTATE					
	*Graham County, Kansas .....	....	..	\$1.00	No Market
	*Minneapolis, Minnesota .....	....	..	1.00	No Market
				<u>\$2.00</u>	<u>.....</u>
NOTE					
	*Note .....	....	..	\$1.00	.....
	Total Investments Special Trust Funds				
	—Special Trust Agreements—Income				
	Payable to Individual Beneficiaries ..	....	..	\$379,479.68	\$328,825.80
				<u><u>\$379,479.68</u></u>	<u><u>\$328,825.80</u></u>

**SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS—SPECIAL TRUST AGREEMENTS
INCOME PAYABLE TO STATE CONVENTIONS
AND CITY MISSION SOCIETIES**

Shares	STOCKS				
2	*Brynmoor Apartments Holding Corporation. ....	..	..	\$925.00	\$200.00
10	*Chateau La Martine, Inc. ....	..	..	980.00	250.00
150,000	*International Petroleum Co. ....	..	..	1,125,000.00	4,743,750.00
	*Pacific States Savings & Loan Co., Fidelity Definite Term Certificate	1936	6	287.23	143.62
	*Pacific States Savings & Loan Co., Fidelity Participating Certificate	1936	6	95.75	No Market
40	*Southern Calif. Edison Co., Ltd., Pfd. "A". ....	....	7	1,080.00	1,015.00
48	*Southern Calif. Edison Co., Ltd. ....	....	..	2,158.50	720.00
				<u>\$1,130,526.48</u>	<u>\$4,746,078.62</u>
MORTGAGES					
	Greater New York .....	....	6	\$4,250.00	\$4,250.00
	*California .....	....	6	1,059.69	1,059.69
	*California .....	....	7	3,100.00	3,100.00
	*Colorado .....	....	7	12,085.78	12,085.78
				<u>\$20,495.47</u>	<u>\$20,495.47</u>
MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES					
	Greater New York .....	....	5	\$2,000.00	\$1,000.00
	Greater New York .....	....	5½	1,400.00	364.00
	New York State .....	....	5½	1,200.00	420.00
				<u>\$4,600.00</u>	<u>\$1,784.00</u>
REAL ESTATE					
	Colorado .....	....	..	\$3,450.00	\$3,450.00
	Net advances for taxes, foreclosure expenses, etc. ....	....	..	\$544.15	.....
	Total Investments Special Trust Funds				
	—Special Trust Agreements—Income				
	Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies .....	....	..	\$1,159,616.10	\$4,771,808.09
				<u><u>\$1,159,616.10</u></u>	<u><u>\$4,771,808.09</u></u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

CHURCH EDIFICE LOAN FUND

<i>Par Value</i>	<i>Securities</i>	<i>Due</i>	<i>Rate</i>	<i>Book Value</i>	<i>Market Value As of April 30, 1935</i>
LOANS					
Loans to Churches in various States	\$313,413.10	\$313,413.10
MORTGAGES					
Minnesota	6	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
				\$318,413.10	\$318,413.10

SPECIAL CHURCH EDIFICE LOAN FUND

BONDS					
\$17,475.00	Home Owners Loan Corporation	1952	3	\$17,824.50	\$17,840.87
LOANS					
	Loans to Churches in various States .....	....	..	\$382,152.81	\$382,152.81
				\$399,977.31	\$399,993.68

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT FUNDS

Equities in School Properties

	<i>Book Value</i>
Bacone College, Bacone, Oklahoma	\$391,201.72
Barranquitas Academy, Barranquitas, Puerto Rico	7,200.00
Benedict College, Columbia, S. C.	196,109.98
Bishop College, Marshall, Texas	145,325.00
Colegio Bautista, Managua, Nicaragua	49,148.85
Colegios Internacionales, Cristo, Cuba	114,324.16
Evangelical Seminary, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico	41,489.09
Frontier Institute for Higher Studies, Saltillo, Mexico	51,000.00
International Baptist Seminary, East Orange, N. J.	299,387.67
Jackson College, Jackson, Miss.	83,793.32
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.	312,716.65
Murrow Indian Orphans' Home, Bacone, Okla.	172,974.27
Spanish-American Baptist Seminary, Los Angeles, Calif.	16,278.02
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.	352,325.57
	\$2,233,274.30

Equities in Mission Properties

Arizona, Keams Cañon	\$3,116.75
California, San Francisco	31,689.45
Berkeley	14,300.00
Montana, Bighorn	9,206.81
Black Lodge	2,600.00
Crow Agency	13,152.50
Lodge Grass	30,582.07
Pryor	6,011.00
Reno	1.00
Wyola	2,076.45
Nevada, Dresslerville	2,995.05
Fallon	583.17
Reno	10,067.87
New York, New York	20,177.22
Oklahoma, Anadarko	7,799.65
Calumet	4,505.00
Greenfield	2,726.50
Kingfisher	1,301.00
Saddle Mountain	2,600.00
Sugar Creek	6,919.80
Walters	2,224.44
Watonga	4,370.30

	<i>Book Value</i>
Cuba, Baracoa	\$727.00
Bayamo	30,000.00
Camaguey	1,576.98
Céspedes	650.00
Ciego d'Avila	1,500.00
Guantanamo	3,000.00
La Piedra	169.00
Lindero	300.00
Maffo	785.14
Manzanillo	2,000.00
Pueblo Viejo	600.00
Saito	417.45
Santa Cruz del Sur	1,000.00
Santiago	5,300.00
Sitio-Sagua	100.00
Yara	2,500.00
El Salvador, Atiquizaya	400.00
Apopa	200.00
Chilatenango	200.00
Ciudad Barrios	2,586.79
Guatajiagua	100.00
La Union	500.00
San Salvador	23,315.58
Santa Ana	2,000.00
Mexico, Aldama	1,200.00
Cadareita	500.00
Cecilia	1,000.00
Juarez	1,200.00
Mexico City	31,565.68
Oaxaca	300.00
Puebla	52,304.90
Tampico	5,400.00
Victoria	2,500.00
Zacatelco	200.00
Nicaragua, Diriamba	3,299.30
Leon	4,875.00
Managua	350.00
Masatepe	2,000.00
Masaya	5,000.00
Rivas	1,300.00
Sabana Grande	350.00
San Marcos	300.00
Puerto Rico, Adjuntas	800.00
Aguas Buenas	3,107.28
Anon	2,347.41
Barranquitas	360.75
Barrazas	1,328.12
Barrinas	451.19
Barrio Obrero	500.00
Barros	106.50
Bayamoncito	1,001.47
Caguas	3,963.39
Carolina	5,354.66
Cayey	499.19
Cedros	2,846.00
Cidra	18,534.84
Cenenoga Alta	870.00
Coamo	37.83
Corral Viejo	1,428.00
Guanica	579.28
Gurabo	246.00
Guyabo Dulce	196.55
Hato Nuevo	3,698.23
Jerusalem	1,528.00
Juncos	613.00
La Cuchilla	2,919.43
Las Cruces	3,372.13

	Book Value
Puerto Rico, Maneyes	\$84.00
Mango	591.76
Palmer	2,103.15
Peniel	2,335.76
Playa-Ponce	7,160.11
Quebrada Grande	1,840.31
Quintana	301.35
Rio Piedras	13,382.36
San Juan	80,834.44
San Lorenzo	26.32
Santurce	14,942.49
Toita	5,003.06
Trujillo	10,007.10
Zarzar	100.00
	<hr/> \$568,160.31

Equities in Christian Center Properties

Arizona, Phoenix, Mexican Mission	\$18,499.14
Tucson, Mexican Mission	16,347.00
Yuma, Mexican Mission	5,516.96
California, Fresno, Cosmopolitan Mission	5,920.45
Fresno, Mexican	5,000.00
Locke, Chinese	5,000.00
Oakland, Christian Friendship Center	4,000.00
Sacramento, Japanese	9,850.00
Colorado, Denver, Mexican Mission	2,000.00
Pueblo, Mexican Mission	3,000.00
Connecticut, Ansonia, Italian	2,681.41
Illinois, Chicago, Albany Park	5,000.00
Chicago, South Chicago Neighborhood House	5,300.00
Indiana, East Hammond, Brooks House	21,281.58
Indiana Harbor, Katherine House	16,000.81
Kansas, Kansas City, Bethel Neighborhood Center	12,500.00
Massachusetts, Boston, West End	12,500.00
Michigan, Detroit, Negro	7,000.00
Detroit, Polish	5,000.00
Nebraska, Omaha	5,000.00
Scottsbluff, Mexican Mission	3,000.00
New Jersey, Newark, Italian	10,000.00
New York, Buffalo, Jewish Mission	3,000.00
Buffalo, Prospect Neighborhood House	1,000.00
Buffalo, Reid Memorial	4,500.00
Buffalo, Trenton Avenue Italian Mission	2,500.00
New York, Chinese	10,000.00
Rochester, Polish	7,500.00
Utica, Italian Mission	7,000.00
Ohio, Cleveland, Negro	10,000.00
Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Morgan Community House	5,297.00
Rankin	11,000.00
Rhode Island, Providence, Federal Hill Italian	8,000.00
Washington, Seattle, Chinese	15,000.00
Seattle, Japanese	15,000.00
Tacoma, Japanese	1,250.00
West Virginia, Weirton	21,002.03
	<hr/> \$302,446.38
Total Property and Equipment Funds	<hr/> \$3,103,880.99

DESIGNATED FUNDS

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$18,000.00	Union Terminal Co. (Dallas), First Mtg. ..	1942	5	\$18,270.00	\$19,260.00
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
1,000.00	*American Gas & Electric Company, Deb. ..	2028	5	\$740.00	\$1,018.75
2,000.00	Continental Gas & Electric Corporation, Series "A"	1958	5	877.50	1,245.00
1,000.00	*Illinois Power & Light Corporation, First & Rfdg. Mtg. "B"	1954	5½	570.00	865.00
1,000.00	*New England Power Association, Deb.	1948	5	292.50	640.00
25,000.00	New England Power Association, Deb.	1948	5	24,937.50	16,000.00
500.00	*Puget Sound Power & Light Co., First & Rfdg. Mtg. "A"	1949	5½	295.00	360.62
500.00	*Seattle Lighting Company, Rfdg. Mtg.	1949	5	300.00	200.00
25,000.00	*South Carolina Power Co., First Lien & Rfdg. Mtg.	1957	5	24,062.50	22,187.50
50,000.00	Southern California Edison Co.	1960	3¾	49,250.00	49,250.00
1,000.00	*Tokyo Electric Light Co., Ltd., First Mtg. ..	1953	6	265.00	787.50
				<u>\$101,590.00</u>	<u>\$92,554.37</u>
INVESTMENT COMPANY BOND					
\$1,000.00	*Lincoln Mortgage & Title Guaranty Com- pany, First Mtg. Coll., C/D	1937	..	\$70.00	\$135.00
STOCKS					
Shares					
800	*Barker Bros. Corp. ....	..	..	\$1.00	\$3,000.00
800	*Columbia Oil & Gasoline Corp. ....	..	..	300.00	300.00
1,400	*Consolidated Oil Corp. ....	..	..	10,325.00	11,200.00
1,000	*International Petroleum Co. ....	..	..	30,750.00	31,625.00
5 25/75	*Mission Corporation .....	..	..	1.00	61.33
100	*The Ohio Oil Company .....	..	..	937.50	1,150.00
100	*Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) .....	..	..	4,200.00	4,300.00
100	*The United Corporation, Cum. Pfd. ....	..	..	2,150.00	2,875.00
				<u>\$48,664.50</u>	<u>\$54,511.33</u>
MORTGAGES					
	New York State .....	..	6	\$21,000.00	\$21,000.00
	New York State .....	..	..	3,920.00	3,920.00
				<u>\$24,920.00</u>	<u>\$24,920.00</u>
REAL ESTATE					
	*Los Angeles, California .....	..	..	\$1.00	\$1.00
	*Cherokee County, Oklahoma .....	..	..	1.00	1.00
				<u>\$2.00</u>	<u>\$2.00</u>
NOTES					
Note .....		..	..	\$4,900.00	\$4,900.00
Total Investments—Designated Funds ..		..	..	<u>\$198,416.50</u>	<u>\$196,282.70</u>

INCOME SPECIAL TRUST FUNDS

Payable to Individual Beneficiaries

MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES

Greater New York	5½	\$2,000.00	\$680.00
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* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

RESERVE FUNDS

Par Value	Securities	Due	Rate	Book Value	Market Value As of April 30, 1935
RAILROAD BONDS					
\$25,000.00	Midland Valley R. R., First Mtg.	1943	5	\$24,312.50	\$18,000.00
STREET RAILWAY BONDS					
\$2,500.00	Denver Tramway Corporation, Gen. Rfdg. Mtg.	1950	5	\$1,750.00	\$1,262.50
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$5,000.00	Consolidated Electric & Gas Company, Coll. Trust "A"	1962	3-6	\$4,937.50	\$1,475.00
25,000.00	Utah Power & Light Co., First Lien & Gen. Mtg.	1944	4½	24,187.50	21,000.00
				\$29,125.00	\$22,475.00
INDUSTRIAL BONDS					
\$20,000.00	Canadian International Paper Co., First Mtg.	1949	6	\$19,000.00	\$12,800.00
	*Security of Doubtful or Unknown Value ..	....	..	1.00	No Market
				\$19,001.00	\$12,800.00
STOCKS					
60	*American State Savings Bank, Lansing, Mich. ....	....	..	\$6,600.00	\$720.00
40	*Huntington & Broad Top Mt. R. R. & Coal Co., Pfd. C/D .....	....	..	400.00	No Market
1¾	*Olive Milling Co. ....	....	..	1.00	No Market
				\$7,001.00	\$720.00
MORTGAGES					
	Kansas .....	....	6	\$3,500.00	\$3,500.00
MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES					
	New York State .....	....	3½	\$100.00	\$35.00
	*Michigan .....	....	6	500.00	500.00
				\$600.00	\$535.00
REAL ESTATE					
	New York State .....	....	..	\$8,500.00	\$8,500.00
	*Kern County, California .....	....	..	159.66	159.66
				\$8,659.66	\$8,659.66
NOTES					
	*Note .....	....	..	\$1,450.00	\$1,450.00
	Net advances for taxes, foreclosure expenses, etc. ....	....	..	\$2,855.75	.....
	Total Investments—Reserve Funds ....	....	..	\$98,254.91	\$69,402.16

GENERAL FUND

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS					
\$20,000.00	Consolidated Electric & Gas Co., Coll. Trust "A"	1962	3-6	\$4,800.00	\$5,400.00
REAL ESTATE BONDS					
\$5,500.00	*New York United Hotels, Inc., 20 Yr. S. F. Deb.	1947	6	\$1.00	\$55.00
	*Security of Doubtful or Unknown Value ..	....	..	1.00	No Market
				\$2.00	\$55.00

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

<i>Shares</i>	<i>Securities</i>	<i>Due</i>	<i>Rate</i>	<i>Book Value</i>	<i>Market Value As of April 30, 1935</i>
STOCKS					
20	*Baxter Laundry, Inc., Class A .....	....	..	\$1.00	No Market
30	*Madison Street Building Corporation, Preference .....	....	..	1.00	No Market
20	Standard Oil Company of California .....	....	..	1,133.00	\$677.50
				<u>\$1,135.00</u>	<u>\$677.50</u>
MORTGAGES					
	Greater New York .....	....	6	\$2.00	\$2.00
MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES					
	Greater New York .....	....	5½	\$95.00	\$95.00
REAL ESTATE					
	*Denver, Colorado .....	....	..	\$8,932.88	\$8,932.88
	*Birmingham, Michigan .....	....	..	910.34	910.34
	*Atoka, Oklahoma .....	....	..	4,789.08	No Market
	*Sundry parcels in various states .....	....	..	935.26	935.26
				<u>\$15,567.56</u>	<u>\$10,778.48</u>
NOTES					
	*Notes .....	....	..	\$2.00	\$2.00
	Bank Claims .....	....	..	2.00	2.00
				<u>\$4.00</u>	<u>\$4.00</u>
	Total Investments—General Fund .....	....	..	\$21,605.56	\$17,011.98
	Less Reserve for Depreciation of Investments .....	....	..	4,333.40	
				<u>\$17,272.16</u>	

CASH BALANCES

	<i>In Depositories</i>	<i>In Transit</i>
Permanent Funds	\$1,105.43	.....
Annuity Fund	2,825.77	.....
Special Trust Funds, Income payable to individual beneficiaries	103.52	.....
Church Edifice Loan Fund	20,791.82	.....
Special Church Edifice Loan Fund	13,698.28	.....
Designated Funds	58,436.61	\$250.58
Income Special Trust Funds, Payable to individual beneficiaries	1,762.25	.....
Reserve Funds	17,352.18	.....
General Fund	11,172.61	28,149.38
	<u>\$127,248.47</u>	<u>\$28,399.96</u>

* Indicates Donations and Legacies.

SUMMARY OF THE INVESTMENTS OF THE SOCIETY

April 30, 1935

FUND	Bonds	Stocks	Mortgages, etc.	Real Estate	Notes, Loans, etc.	Net Advances for Taxes, etc.	Totals
Permanent -----	\$6,619,416.74	\$803,071.79	\$1,457,651.10	\$310,668.23	\$3,500.00	\$59,050.02	\$9,253,357.88
Special Endowment for Schools -----	296,283.01	33,660.00	510,100.00	51,503.00	-----	14,553.99	906,090.00
Annuity -----	733,510.36	3,400.00	507,069.25	133,179.80	-----	19,654.18	1,401,843.59
Special Trust Agreements: Income Payable to Individual Beneficiaries -----	103,693.75	157,903.69	118,336.24	2.00	1.00	-----	370,479.68
Special Trust Agreements: Income Payable to State Conventions and City Mission Societies -----	-----	1,130,326.43	25,065.47	3,450.00	-----	544.15	1,159,616.10
Church Edifice Loan -----	-----	-----	5,000.00	-----	313,413.10	-----	313,413.10
Special Church Edifice Loan -----	17,824.50	-----	-----	-----	382,152.31	-----	399,977.31
Property and Equipment -----	-----	-----	-----	3,103,880.99	-----	-----	3,103,880.99
Designated -----	119,930.00	43,664.50	24,920.00	2.00	4,900.00	-----	198,416.50
Income Special Trust Funds: Payable to Individual Beneficiaries -----	-----	-----	2,000.00	-----	-----	-----	2,000.00
Reserve -----	74,188.50	7,001.00	4,100.00	8,669.66	1,450.00	2,855.75	98,254.91
General -----	4,802.00	1,135.00	97.00	15,567.56	4.00	-----	21,605.56
Totals -----	\$7,974,576.56	\$2,184,663.46	\$2,654,399.06	\$3,626,913.24	\$705,430.01	\$96,603.09	\$17,242,935.62

EXHIBIT D

PERMANENT FUNDS

All gifts for the Permanent Funds of the Society appear in this exhibit with the years in which they were received. These funds amount to \$10,160,553.31.

A. FOR GENERAL PURPOSES

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Allen, Jonas	1872.....	Vermont	\$100.00
Ambler, J. V., Memorial (1)	1906.....	Pennsylvania .	15,000.00
Anderson, David	1880.....	Maine	1,000.00
Angle, Derrick Lane	1930.....	New York ...	3,370.43
Argabrite, S. V.	1903.....	West Virginia.	100.00
Axtell, Mrs. Hannah E.	1876.....	Michigan	311.11
Bailie, David	1897.....	New York ...	1,055.00
Ballew, W. B.	1902.....	Missouri	384.65
Banister, John E.	1931.....	Minnesota	1,390.98
Barker, Julia E.	1932.....	New York ...	2,600.54
Barker, Wm. E.	1915.....	New York ...	300.00
Barney, Martha B.	1907.....	Ohio	5,000.00
Barney, N. P., Memorial (2).....	1881.....	Ohio	5,000.00
Bartlett, Harriet Hastings	1905.....	Massachusetts .	500.00
Bigelow, Ella M. H.	1931.....	Vermont	1,220.00
Blackburn, Alexander, Memorial (3).....	1928.....	Massachusetts .	2,846.12
Blain, John	1869.....	Massachusetts .	1,000.00
Brimhall, Permelia, Memorial	1888-91...	Illinois	1,572.99
Brockett, E. J.	1892.....	New Jersey ..	1,000.00
Brockett, Ruth E.	1924.....	Ohio	541.37
Brown, John Greenwood, Fund (4).....	1931.....	Massachusetts .	1,251.63
Burchard, Hannah M.	1919.....	Illinois	3,874.38
Burke, R. P.	1908.....	West Virginia.	100.00
Butler, Chas. S.	1888.....	Massachusetts .	1,000.00
Butler, Elizabeth N.	1914.....	Massachusetts .	1,000.00
Candace, Ward-Bates	1926-27...	Kansas	4,921.73
Capen, Barnabas D.	1889.....	Massachusetts .	10,000.00
Carlton, Younglove	1891-92...	New York ...	830.21
Carmichael, Sarah E.	1922.....	Indiana	300.00
Case, Rhutson	1928.....	New Jersey ..	2,445.04
Cheever, William	1881.....	Massachusetts .	7,657.82
Chickering, Sarah E.	1935.....	New Hampsh'e	2,067.71
Clark, Ellen, Fund (5)	1926.....	Massachusetts .	1,000.00
Clark, Simeon L.	1908.....	New York ...	5,000.00
Clissold, Emma S., Fund (6)	1932.....	Illinois	936.68
Collins, Susan J.	1917.....	New Hampsh'e	666.66
Corry, Aaron	1885-88...	Massachusetts .	1,480.81
Crie, Harriet	1911.....	Maine	300.00
Crozer, Robert H.	1915.....	Pennsylvania .	16,666.67
Currier, Emily C.	1916.....	Massachusetts .	125.00
Darling, Henry	1869-74...	Maine	1,000.00
David, Sarah Hyde	1922.....	Illinois	1,941.49
Davis, Isaac	1878-82...	Massachusetts .	13,745.00
Davis, James M.	1902.....	Rhode Island .	3,412.50

(1) Founded by Mrs. A. T. Ambler.

(2) Contributed by her children.

(3) Founded by Mrs. Virginia Blackburn.

(4) Founded by Abby L. A. Brown.

(5) Founded by Margaret E. Johnston

(6) Founded by Emma S. Clissold.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Dayton, A. Alphonse, Fund (1)	1928	Pennsylvania	\$450.00
Dearborn, Denville A., Memorial	1912-14	Massachusetts	9,291.83
De Puy, Ten Eyck	1906	New York	4,750.00
Dexter, Lewis	1921	New Hampsh'e	1,500.00
Dimock, L. and F. W., Fund (2)	1912	Massachusetts	2,000.00
Dizer Fund (3)	1908	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Dodge, Harriet P.	1904	New Hampsh'e	250.00
Dodge, Mrs. M. N.	1929	Vermont	3,611.00
Drown, Mary Newell	1889	Rhode Island	600.00
Drowne, Frank S., Memorial (4)	1921-24	Rhode Island	7,568.83
Dunbar, Robert	1888	Pennsylvania	500.00
Dunn Fund, The John B.	1919	Rhode Island	1,000.00
Durfee, James H. and Helen A.	1911	Illinois	1,731.33
Eastman, Lucy J.	1933	Kansas	200.00
Eaton, Fidelia D.	1902-31	New York	6,547.06
Edson, Eunice B.	1922	Connecticut	200.00
Eldridge, Lyman	1877	Massachusetts	75.00
Estes, Abarintha A.	1913	Massachusetts	25.00
Evans, Levi P.	1920	Pennsylvania	500.00
Farwell, Clara M.	1930	Maine	1,000.00
Fay, Mrs. L. R. B.	1883-85	Massachusetts	4,189.61
Fellows, Mary J.	1935	New Hampsh'e	1,521.77
Fengar, Mary E.	1914-21	Connecticut	16,888.33
Fisk, Theron	1852	New York	2,500.00
Flagg, Mary	1919	Illinois	6,366.40
Flint, Harriet N.	1897	Massachusetts	5,000.00
Frantz, Gertrude L.	1932	Pennsylvania	1.00
"Frazer Fund" (5)	1887	Canada	3,500.00
French, Joseph E.	1924-28	Massachusetts	18,101.69
Gale, Gertrude Hakes	1925	Connecticut	5,000.00
Gardner, Christopher C., Memorial	1923	New Hampsh'e	500.00
Gardner, Susan B., Memorial (6)	1923	New Hampsh'e	200.00
Gay, Addie D.	1930	Vermont	285.00
Giddings, Mrs. Lovinia	1890	Massachusetts	600.00
Glover, Henry R.	1895	Massachusetts	5,000.00
Greenleaf, Orick H.	1905	Massachusetts	2,351.63
Griswold, Giles O.	1919-25	Ohio	5,000.00
Gunn Fund, David Brainard (7)	1926	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Hale, John V.	1911	Massachusetts	2,000.00
Ham, William	1871	Rhode Island	100.00
Hansen, Christina, Fund	1920	New York	1,500.00
Hargis, Charles B.	1927	Indiana	1,759.88
Harmon, Eugene E.	1920	New York	1,000.00
Harris, Elinor F.	1928	Rhode Island	200.00
Hastings, Marinda	1917	Pennsylvania	500.00
Hewett, Harriet B.	1916	New York	6,434.44
Hills, Rexie B., Memorial (8)	1924	New York	300.00
Hodge, Charles W.	1934	Massachusetts	15,693.88
Holton, Mary E., Memorial	1897-1909	New Jersey	52,575.00
Horner, Erie W.	1916	Vermont	334.68
Howard, Annie W.	1926	Massachusetts	981.77

(1) Founded by Frances E. Dayton.

(2) Founded by Mrs. Frances W. Dimock.

(3) Founded by Marshall C. Dizer.

(4) Founded by Abby F. and Henrietta Martin.

(5) Founded by Mrs. S. M. McMaster.

(6) Founded by Christopher C. Gardner.

(7) Founded by Mrs. Hannah H. Gunn.

(8) Founded by her daughter, Miss L. Adell Hills.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Howard, Harry H.	1897.....	Illinois	\$100.00
Hoyt, Joseph B.	1890.....	Connecticut ..	25,000.00
Howe, Martha L.	1933.....	Massachusetts ..	1,524.45
Huntley, A. Eudella	1930.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Huntley, Wm. E.	1884-1909.	Vermont	9,700.00
Hutchins, Lizzie F.	1911.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Hutchins, Samuel M.	1911.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Ingersoll, Edith M.	1924.....	New York ...	432.47
John, Lizzie J., Memorial	1884.....	Pennsylvania ..	1,000.00
Johnson, Susannah (1)	1903.....	Massachusetts ..	300.00
Jones, B. E.	1905.....	Pennsylvania ..	250.00
Jones, John J.	1906.....	New Jersey ..	50,000.00
Joslyn, Eliza J. and Eugene A.	1918.....	New York ...	2,000.00
Kelly, Chloe M.	1896.....	Vermont	500.00
Kendall, Horace	1863.....	Connecticut ..	1,000.00
Ketcham, Geo. W., Memorial No. 3..	1920-27...	New York ...	35,412.78
Lees, William B.	1883.....	Pennsylvania ..	950.00
"Leonard Memorial Fund" (2)	1916.....	Pennsylvania ..	1,194.73
Lewis, Richard V.	1923.....	New York ...	3,000.00
Liddle, Mary F.	1928.....	New York ...	500.00
Linch, Jarrett	1899-1908.	West Virginia.	13,426.36
Lindsey, Mary E.	1919.....	Massachusetts ..	2,000.00
Little, Geo. W.	1901.....	Massachusetts ..	5,000.00
Littler, Nathan	1889.....	Iowa	3,874.68
Logan, John	1893-94...	Illinois	400.00
Lougee, Clara A.	1915.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Lovelace, Joanna N.	1925-28...	Kansas	4,331.76
Mann, Marcia J.	1925.....	New York ...	500.00
McBlain, Thomas, Memorial (3)	1924.....	New York ...	5,000.00
Mathews, Thomas S.	1918.....	Pennsylvania ..	475.00
Maurice Fund (7)	1932.....	Pennsylvania ..	698.69
Melling, Sarah M.	1932.....	Massachusetts ..	2,449.43
Mendenhall, T. G.	1901-15...	Illinois	9,148.83
Merrick, Austin	1892-99...	Massachusetts ..	53,069.30
Messenger, Frances E.	1930.....	Vermont	1,000.00
Messer, Judith	1913.....	New Hampsh'e	101.97
Miller, Mrs. Cyrus, Memorial (4) ..	1931.....	Illinois	500.00
Mills, Thomas L., Memorial (5)	1903.....	Illinois	150.00
Morehouse, Seth S., Memorial (6) ..	1924.....	New York ...	1,000.00
Morehouse, Emma B., Memorial (6) ..	1924.....	New York ...	1,000.00
Newman, Mr. and Mrs. W. S., Memo- rial	1911.....	Pennsylvania ..	8,000.00
Norcross, Stephen W.	1880-1927.	Massachusetts ..	8,130.34
Noyes, Mary	1882.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Nugent, George	1885.....	Pennsylvania ..	1,000.00
Osborn, Palmer	1931.....	Kansas	4,818.54
Owen, Hannah A.	1929.....	Kansas	1,493.33
Parks, Louisa M.	1903.....	Illinois	1,000.00
Pease, Nancy P.	1868.....	Connecticut ..	1,000.00
Peebles, Adaline	1935.....	Wisconsin	3,500.00

(1) Founded as a memorial to her mother and sister Mary.

(2) Founded by Lizzie L. Baker.

(3) Founded by Mary McBlain.

(4) Founded by Cyrus Miller.

(5) Contributed as a memorial by Marguerite M. Youmans.

(6) Founded by Henry L. Morehouse.

(7) Founded by Edward M. Ogden.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Pell, Lydia R., Memorial (1)	1904.....	Pennsylvania ..	\$2,568.10
Perkins, Martha, Memorial (2)	1926.....	Pennsylvania ..	4,300.00
Pevear, Henry A.	1914.....	Massachusetts ..	6,250.00
Pierce, E. L., and Lardner, W. R., Memorial (3)	1926.....	Kansas	1,500.00
Pierce, Levi and Sabra, Fund	1929.....	Massachusetts ..	240.00
Pillsbury, Geo. A.	1900.....	Minnesota	5,000.00
Porter, Benjamin	1904.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Porter, Nancy C.	1924.....	Massachusetts ..	500.00
Potter, Wm. B.	1908.....	New York ...	200.00
Pritz, J. A. and Earl, Memorial (4) ..	1921.....	Ohio	10,000.00
Renfrew, Jefferson	1911.....	Vermont	1,000.00
Rice, William, Fund (5)	1927-28...	Massachusetts ..	11,816.42
Rider, J. Leland, Memorial (6)	1907.....	Connecticut ...	1,350.00
Rieff, Wm. E.	1917.....	Pennsylvania ..	17,577.68
Roberts, Elizabeth	1871.....	Connecticut ...	3,000.00
Rockefeller, John D.	1919-21...	New York ...	5,517,176.60
Rockwell, Rufus	1885.....	Pennsylvania ..	461.80
Rogers, Anna	1888.....	New Jersey ..	500.00
Rogers, Elizabeth W.	1888.....	New Jersey ..	500.00
Rohrman, Anna, Memorial (7)	1927.....	Pennsylvania ..	6,000.00
Russell, P. R.	1904.....	New Jersey ..	14,700.00
Ruth, Mordecai T.	1897.....	New Jersey ..	5,242.68
Sargeant, Lizzie S.	1932.....	New Hampshire ..	50.00
Selleck, Levi	1868.....	New York ...	1,000.00
Sherman, Geo. J.	1877.....	Rhode Island ..	1,000.00
Shirk, Milton, Memorial (8)	1903.....	Indiana	2,500.00
Skolfield, Sarah A.	1914.....	Maine	500.00
Smith, Alice, Memorial	1899.....	Ohio	5.00
Smith, Benjamin M.	1913.....	Massachusetts ..	1,000.00
Spencer, Elizabeth M.	1917.....	New York ...	480.39
Stark, Laura Hooker, Fund (9)	1928.....	Michigan	400.00
Stevens, Amos	1900.....	Ohio	55.70
Swaim, Mary A. N.	1867.....	Massachusetts ..	9,400.00
Tedford, J. G. and Martha, Memo- rial (10)	1923.....	Indiana	5,000.00
Thorn, Mrs. J., Memorial (11)	1891.....	New York ...	5,000.00
Thorsen, Mary A.	1911-12...	Wisconsin	8,634.35
Thresher, Henry C.	1930.....	Connecticut ...	2,000.00
Thurber, Emma	1913.....	Rhode Island ..	5,748.00
Tinkham, Mary Ann, Memorial	1928.....	Wisconsin	500.00
Tobie, Charles F.	1933.....	Maine	1,077.70
Towne, Mrs. Mary J.	1910.....	Maine	2,500.00
Tripp, Susan	1868.....	New York ...	500.00
Trowbridge, Edward and Mary P., Memorial	1930.....	Wisconsin	928.00
Tubbs, Ella E.	1928-30...	New York ...	1,873.47
Tuxbury, A. C.	1916.....	New Jersey ..	4,762.50
Van Eps, A. Y.	1927.....	New York ...	4,944.43
Van Husen, C., Memorial (12)	1885.....	Michigan	2,000.00
"Veness Fund"	1919.....	Illinois	1,000.00
Walworth, Vinton	1934.....	Michigan	200.00

(1) From estate of Amanda M. Pell.

(2) Founded by Martha Perkins.

(3) Founded by Eliza L. Pierce.

(4) Founded by Helen F. Pritz.

(5) Founded by Jane R. Bullock.

(6) Founded by Mrs. Carrie Rider.

(7) Founded by Mrs. Anna Rohrman.

(8) Contributed by Mrs. Milton Shirk.

(9) Founded by Laura E. Stark.

(10) Founded by Rev. J. G. Tedford.

(11) Contributed by John Thorn.

(12) Contributed by his widow and heirs.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Waring, James, Fund	1922.....	Massachusetts.	\$5,000.00
Watson, Joseph S., Memorial	1919.....	New Jersey ..	2,000.00
White, Elisha M., Fund (1)	1933.....	Massachusetts.	10,000.00
White, James W. and Louisa J., Memorial	1921.....	Massachusetts.	6,575.00
Whittemore, George H.	1921.....	Massachusetts.	1,000.00
Wickens, George	1882.....	Illinois	500.00
Wiggin, Mercy A.	1920.....	New Hampsh'e	3,800.00
Wilde, Joseph	1914.....	New York ...	74.85
Williams, James, Fund (2)	1935.....	Massachusetts.	5,000.00
Wood, Mary Anna	1927.....	Massachusetts.	1,000.00
Woods, John	1897-1900.	Massachusetts.	3,422.19
Woolverton, Geo. A.	1896.....	New York ...	5,000.00
Wright, Eliza A.	1930.....	New York	600.00
Young, Alwilda	1935.....	Illinois	300.00
General Conference of Free Baptists			51,678.10
Total for General Purposes			\$6,371,027.27

B. FOR GENERAL EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES

Bostwick, Jabez A.	1885.....	New York ...	\$62,485.99
Bradford, S. S.	1876.....	Rhode Island .	1,000.00
Colby, Emily S.	1877.....	Ohio	200.00
Coley, Adeline E.	1916.....	New York ...	3,000.00
Crozer, Robert H.	1915.....	Pennsylvania .	16,666.66
Durfee, John H. and Helen A.	1911.....	Illinois	1,730.32
Eaton, Fidelia D.	1902-22...	New York ...	6,550.26
Haley, Mrs. A. M.	1914.....	Vermont	3,500.00
Hartshorn, Mrs. J. C.	1882.....	Massachusetts.	1,000.00
Lamprey, William Taylor, Memo- rial (3)	1925.....	Massachusetts .	1,200.00
Marston, S. W. (4)	1889-1901.	New York ...	2,000.00
McClurg, Mary	1903-06...	Minnesota ...	1,421.78
Phillips, Daniel W., Fund (5)	1916.....	Rhode Island .	5,025.00
Tefft, L. B.	1882.....		260.00
Other Sources	1882-1896		2,590.96

Total for General Educational Purposes \$108,630.97

C. FOR ENDOWMENT OF SCHOOLS

Bacone College,

Ballew, Loretta, Fund (6) 1928.....	Oklahoma	\$396.64
Butler, Susanna Dacon.. 1922.....	Oklahoma	50,000.00
Fox, Sandy	1924.....	Oklahoma 100,032.00
Long, Thomas	1924.....	Oklahoma 20,000.00
General Education		
Board	1929.....	New York ... 50,000.00
Other Sources	1893-1928.....	2,227.02
		\$222,655.66

(1) Founded by Mrs. Sarah E. White.

(2) Founded by Alice Patten.

(3) Contributed by Sarah A. Lamprey.

(4) Contributed by Edgar L. Marston.

(5) Founded by Sarah C. Durfee.

(6) Founded by Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hicks.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Murrow Indian Orphans' Home,			
Barnett, Jennetta			
Richard	1922	Oklahoma	\$100,020.00
Benedict College,			
Antisdel, Clarence B. and			
Gerdena S.	1934	S. Carolina	\$1.00
Barker, Julia E.	1932	New York	112.17
Benedict, Mrs. B. A.	1873-1907	Rhode Island	102,366.41
Sawyer, Clara E. W.	1914-25	New York	4,603.49
Swan, Emma M.	1906	New York	4,790.00
Walker, Mary S.	1913	New York	983.18
Sale of Property	1891-99		20,240.57
Other Sources	1906-30		470.44
			<hr/> 133,567.26
Bishop College,			
Hale, William B.	1927	New York	\$500.00
Meech, Levi W.	1906	Connecticut	6,000.00
Williams, Robert	1906	Iowa	6,000.00
From Students	1919-30		1,346.00
			<hr/> 13,846.00
International Baptist Seminary,			
de Guiscard, Lucy Kerk-			
ham, Memorial (1)	1921-28	New York	\$1,800.00
Haskell, Edward H.	1929	Massachusetts	10,000.00
			<hr/> 11,800.00
Jackson College,			
Davis, Susan	1905	New York	\$476.25
Hale, William B.	1927	New York	500.00
Savings Account	1930		1,000.00
			<hr/> 1,976.25
Manning Bible School,			
Aldrich, Mrs. C. C.	1911	New York	1,500.00
Mexican Baptist Theological Seminary			50.00
Morehouse College,			
Cook, Josiah W.	1894-99	Massachusetts	\$20,000.00
General Education Board	1932-33		31,784.35
Other Contributions	1932-33		80,372.17
Lugenia—Frances Fund	1930	Georgia	2,000.00
Other Sources	1896-1914		918.23
			<hr/> 135,074.75
Shaw University,			
Buss, Harriet M.	1897	Massachusetts	\$350.00
Grant, O. B.	1893	Connecticut	1,000.00
Hitchcock, T. L. and			
Susan	1909	New York	2,500.00
Library Fund	1895		300.00
"President's Chair"			
Rockefeller, J. D.	1890-91	New York	12,500.00
Other Contributions	1890-91		12,788.02
Savage, Morgan	1899	Ohio	1,000.00
			<hr/> 30,438.02

(1) Founded by Alphonso K. de Guiscard and Jennie Walker Allen.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Virginia Union University,			
<i>General Endowment</i>			
Fiske, Grace	1904.....	Massachusetts .	\$950.00
General Education			
Board, Etc.	1929.....	New York	258,564.85
Harris, Mary D.	1900.....	New York ...	1,000.00
Hartshorn Memorial			
College	1932.....		1,124.81
"Hedstrom Fund" (1)	1900.....	New York ...	1,000.00
Riggs, D. W.	1910-19...	Pennsylvania .	5,159.05
From Students	1919-31.....		15,269.24
			<hr/> \$283,067.95
<i>Theological Department</i>			
Hoyt, Joseph B.	1885.....	Connecticut ...	\$25,000.00
Rockefeller, John D.	1885.....	New York ...	25,000.00
Union Professorship	1884-1900.....		7,248.41
Library Fund	1891-1915.....		3,435.50
			<hr/> 60,683.91
<i>Academic Department</i>			
Coburn, Abner	1887.....	Maine	\$17,750.83
Library Fund	1900-10.....		565.44
Other Sources	1878-95.....		989.50
			<hr/> 19,305.77
(Total Virginia Union University, \$363,057.63)			
Total Endowment of Schools			<hr/> \$1,013,985.57

General, D. FOR AIDING STUDENTS			
Champney, Sarah H. ...	1879.....	Oklahoma	\$500.00
"Colver, The Rev. Charles K., Memorial Educational Aid Fund" (2)			
	1915.....	Illinois	1,500.00
Dobson, Raymond Mansfield, Memorial (3) ..	1921-22...	New York ...	1,000.00
Hanaford, J. H.	1874-99...	Massachusetts .	530.00
Lamprey, Sarah A.	1926.....	Massachusetts .	2,047.49
Rosenberger, Susan Colver, Memorial Award (4)			
	1931.....	Illinois	750.00
			<hr/> \$6,327.49
Bacone College,			
Cherokee Fund	1910.....		\$7,500.00
Dyke, L. J., Scholarship Fund (5)			
	1928.....	Oklahoma	250.00
Petzoldt, Cedric, Memorial Scholarship Fund	1931.....	New York	656.00
Stewart, Lydia	1909.....	Oklahoma	2,000.00
			<hr/> 10,406.00
Benedict College,			
Hewitt, Harriet B.	1908.....	New York ...	2,000.00
(1) Contributed by Anna M. Hedstrom.			
(2) Founded by Jesse L. and Susan Colver Rosenberger.			
(3) Founded by Harvey O. Dobson.			
(4) Founded by Jesse L. Rosenberger.			
(5) Founded by Mrs. George E. Dyke.			

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
International Baptist Seminary,			
Coles, J. Ackerman	1926	New Jersey	\$1,640.00
Morehouse College,			
Ripley, Mrs. A. O.	1893	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Shaw University,			
Avery, Jane E.	1908	Connecticut	\$2,787.20
Crosby, Henry C.	1915	N. Carolina	3,000.00
Guy, Samuel	1916	Virginia	1,000.00
Leonard, Anna S.	1912	Massachusetts	5,700.00
Leonard, Frank J.	1913	Illinois	3,000.00
Leonard, Judson Wade	1883-87	Massachusetts	5,000.00
Merrill, Samuel P.	1917	New York	500.00
			<hr/> 20,987.20
Virginia Union University,			
Cabaniss, George W.	1923	Dist. Columbia	\$1,000.00
Colby, Emily S.	1877-1912	Ohio	1,000.00
"Colver, The Nathaniel, Premium Scholarship Fund" (1)			
	1915-25	Illinois	1,500.00
Gray, Mercy Maria	1882-98	California	2,000.00
Greenwood, Eliza M.	1915	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Hartshorn Memorial Col- lege			
	1932		1,017.69
Howe, Rev. Wm.	1907-1908	Massachusetts	3,000.00
King, G. M. P., Memo- rial (2)			
	1928	Maine	500.00
Reed, Susan C.	1890	Illinois	1,000.00
Richards, Sarah E.	1925	Pennsylvania	2,221.10
Simmons, Robert S., Prize Fund (3)			
	1903	New York	572.56
Simpson, Joshua B.	1932-34		475.00
Smith, S. F.	1896-1912	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Still, A. B.	1913	Pennsylvania	1,200.00
Tolman, Lydia S.	1893-1912	Massachusetts	1,500.00
Waterhouse, C. W.	1880	New Jersey	1,000.00
Wayland, E. L. (4)	1884	Connecticut	150.00
Weir, Henry B.	1914	Indiana	1,000.00
Whitney, Salmon	1929	Massachusetts	2,000.00
* ———	1884-85	Massachusetts	1,500.00
"Work and Loan Fund"	1898-99		330.00
			<hr/> 24,966.35
Total Student Aid Funds			<hr/> \$67,327.04

(1) Founded by Jesse L. and Susan Colver Rosenberger.

(2) Founded by Henry P. King.

(3) Contributed by Rev. James B. Simmons, D. D.

(4) Contributed by Rev. H. L. Wayland, D. D.

* Contributor who does not wish name published.

E. FOR CHURCH EDIFICE PURPOSES

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Fund as created	1881-82		\$65,500.00
Bennett, Cephas	1892	Burma	27,938.90
Bostwick, Jabez A.	1885	New York	62,487.00
Churchville Baptist Church	1928	New York	1,413.17
Crozer, Robert H.	1915	Pennsylvania	16,666.67
Denike, Abraham	1886	New York	5,000.00
Duncan, Caroline	1918	Massachusetts	500.00
Fabius Baptist Church	1926	New York	550.00
Fort Covington Baptist Church	1922	New York	1,800.00
Griffith, A. P.	1920	California	36,467.78
Harris, Emma J.	1911	Wisconsin	3,765.14
Jones, Frank M.	1922	New Jersey	90.00
Lewis, Mary J.	1928	Pennsylvania	2,053.42
Lewis, Rosetta M.	1924	New Jersey	742.99
Merrick, Austin	1892	Massachusetts	53,069.30
Millbrook Baptist Church	1928	Ohio	175.00
Pevear, Henry A.	1899	Massachusetts	6,250.00
Rogers, Martha	1880	Connecticut	500.00
Tilton, Jerusha	1921	Illinois	1,500.00
Tucker, Harvey, Judson Mem'l (1) ..	1911	Rhode Island ..	750.00
Waterbury, F. W.	1903	New York	500.00
Wayman, Samuel	1894	Illinois	40,000.00

Total for Church Edifice Purposes \$327,719.37

F. FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES

Abbott, Arminda P.	1912	Massachusetts ..	\$1,407.00
Anthony, Kate J.	1930	Maine	7,500.00
Bates, Etta Peck	1921	New Hampsh'e ..	250.00
Bishop, Mrs. Nathan (2)	1880	New York	1,000.00
Bleecker, Garratt N. (2)	1854	New York	6,000.00
Brocket, E. J.	1892-1912	New Jersey	10,000.00
Burdick, Mary E.	1930	New York	1,000.00
Cary, Eugene L.	1922	California	41,285.56
Clinton Fund, No 1	1919	Pennsylvania ..	515,792.37
Clinton Fund, No 2	1919	Pennsylvania ..	375,000.00
Coles, Dr. J. Ackerman, Memorial ..	1925	New Jersey ..	25,593.12
Crampton, John	1934	Indiana	1,000.00
Crozer, J. Lewis, Memorial	1919	Pennsylvania ..	100,125.00
Dearborn, Abigail J.	1911	New Hampsh'e ..	300.00
Field, Mary	1935	New York	263.91
Fort, Margaret E.	1929	Illinois	1.00
Fox, Mrs. Jane B. (2)	1881	New York	10,000.00
Frisbee, Sarah M.	1893	Connecticut ..	1,000.00
Hall, Rosa O.	1931	Connecticut ..	1,000.00
Johnson, Mary W.	1911	Rhode Island ..	500.00
Jones, B. E.	1905	Pennsylvania ..	250.00
Ketcham, Elizabeth A., Memorial ...	1911	New York	15,000.00
Loughridge, Albert	1931	Oregon	4,217.62
Loughridge, Elizabeth G.	1933	Oregon	1,042.67
Miller, Amanda	1926	Connecticut ...	775.00

(1) Founded by Mary E. T. Faunce.

(2) In memory of Garratt N. Bleecker.

Fund	Date Received	State	Amount
Munger, Isador G., Literature Fund	1914	Wisconsin	\$1,070.42
Nickerson, John H.	1911	New Hampsh'e	100.00
Olson, Mr. and Mrs. Swan	1908	Nebraska	1,000.00
Perkins, Martha, Memorial (1)	1927	Pennsylvania	6,000.00
Persons, Boardman	1928	New York	500.00
Pierce, Louise Burchard, Memorial	1924-28	New York	115,285.69
Quinby, Moses A.	1931	New Hampsh'e	2,831.27
Randall, Lydia	1911	New Hampsh'e	400.00
Randall, Samuel H.	1911	New Hampsh'e	250.00
Safford, Edward D.	1917	Maine	156.25
Smart, John	1886	Pennsylvania	1,000.00
Stevenson, Cora A.	1921-32	New York	200.00
Stevenson, Judson S. and Ella F., Fund (2)	1932	New York	750.00
Swart, John A.	1924	New York	4,611.15
Thorsen, Mary A.	1911	Wisconsin	250.00
True, Mary	1910	New Hampsh'e	950.00
Tucker, Harvey, Judson Memorial	1903	Rhode Island	250.00
Tucker, Mrs. P. M.	1910-13	Illinois	1,121.00
Waitt, Arthur M.	1915	Connecticut	5,000.00
White, Elisha M., Fund (3)	1933	Massachusetts	5,000.00
Whiting, Martha	1866	Massachusetts	1,000.00
Wilson, Robert, Memorial (4)	1926	New York	250.00
Wolfe, Bessie H., Fund	1930	Connecticut	500.00

Total Special Funds\$1,268,779.03

Reserve for Depreciation of Investments \$95,928.52

SPECIAL TRUST FUND FOR ENDOWMENT OF SCHOOLS

Rockefeller, John D.	1919-21	New York	\$307,155.54
General Education Board	1922	New York	600,000.00

Total Fund \$907,155.54

Total Permanent Funds, April 30, 1935\$10,160,553.31

- (1) Founded by Martha Perkins.
- (2) Founded by Ella F. Stevenson.
- (3) Founded by Mrs. Sarah E. White.
- (4) Contributed by Minnie E. Wilson.

EXHIBIT E

The value of the school and mission properties under the supervision of the Society is estimated as follows:

I. SCHOOL PROPERTIES

Bacone College, Bacone, Okla	\$469,000.00
Barranquitas Academy, Barranquitas, Puerto Rico	7,500.00
Benedict College, Columbia, S. C.	440,000.00
Bishop College, Marshall, Tex.	399,250.00
Colegio Bautista, Managua, Nicaragua	50,000.00
Colegios Internacionales, El Cristo, Cuba	181,000.00
Evangelical Seminary, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico	42,000.00
International Baptist Seminary, East Orange, N. J.	380,000.00
Jackson College, Jackson, Miss.	262,000.00
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.	575,000.00
Murrow Indian Orphans' Home, Bacone, Okla.	178,000.00
Spanish-American Baptist Seminary, Los Angeles, Calif.	35,000.00
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.	760,000.00

II. MISSION PROPERTIES

Arizona,		Media Luna	\$500.00
Keams Cañon.....	\$5,300.00	Palmarito	1,500.00
California,		Palma Soriano	3,000.00
Berkeley	5,000.00	Pueblo Viejo	1,000.00
San Francisco	50,800.00	Sabana	500.00
Cuba,		Saito	1,000.00
Baire	1,000.00	San Luis	3,500.00
Baracoa	6,000.00	Santa Rita	750.00
Barajagua	500.00	Santiago	25,000.00
Bayamo	30,000.00	Songo	1,000.00
Camaguey	25,000.00	Tunas	3,000.00
Cespedes	3,500.00	Veguitas	1,000.00
Ciego de Avila	12,500.00	Yara	3,500.00
Dos Caminos	1,500.00	El Salvador,	
El Caney	2,000.00	Atiquizaya	1,250.00
El Cristo	15,000.00	Apopa	400.00
Guantanamo	15,000.00	Chalchuapa	1,500.00
Jamal	250.00	Chilanga	326.00
Jatabonico	500.00	Chilatenango	200.00
Jauco	600.00	Ciudad Barrios	3,500.00
Jibacoa	1,000.00	Guatajiagua	267.00
Jiguani	1,500.00	Izalco	1,000.00
Juan Baron	500.00	La Union	1,000.00
La Piedra	1,500.00	San Salvador	30,000.00
Maffo	1,200.00	Santa Ana	3,000.00
Malta, Alto de	500.00	Haiti,	
Manzanillo	10,000.00	Cap Haitien	1,500.00
Marti	500.00		

Mexico,

Aldama	\$1,200.00
Aguas Calientes	5,500.00
Cadareita	500.00
Cecilia	1,000.00
City of Mexico	32,000.00
Cuernavaca	1,500.00
Juarez	1,200.00
Nuevo Laredo	5,500.00
Puebla Hospital	66,000.00
Reynosa	500.00
San Luis Potosi	3,500.00
Tampico	25,000.00
Victoria	2,500.00
Zacatelco	600.00

Montana,

Black Lodge	3,200.00
Crow Agency	15,750.00
Lodge Grass	31,000.00
Pryor	8,950.00
Upper Big Horn	10,000.00
Wyola	2,650.00

Nevada,

Dresslerville	3,000.00
Fallon	600.00
Reno	15,000.00

Nicaragua,

Diriamba	3,500.00
Leon	6,000.00
Managua	6,500.00
Masatepe	2,000.00
Masaya	5,000.00
Rivas	1,300.00

Oklahoma,

Anadarko	8,000.00
Calumet	5,800.00
Elk Creek	3,300.00
Greenfield	3,875.00
Kingfisher	4,200.00
Rainy Mountain	2,500.00
Red Stone	7,400.00
Saddle Mountain	3,600.00
Sugar Creek	9,000.00
Watonga	6,900.00

Puerto Rico,

Adjuntas	\$6,800.00
Aguas Buenas	3,200.00
Anon	750.00
Barranquitas	4,000.00
Barrazos	1,400.00
Barrinas	500.00
Barrio Obrero	10,000.00
Barros	1,000.00
Bayamoncito	1,000.00
Beatriz	500.00
Caguas	14,000.00
Carolina	7,500.00
Cayey	7,000.00
Cedros	3,000.00
Cidra	19,000.00
Cinenoga Alta	900.00
Coamo	9,800.00
Corral Viejo	5,500.00
Culebra	600.00
Guanica	1,300.00
Gurabo	4,300.00
Guyabo Dulce	200.00
Hato Nuevo	4,000.00
Jerusalem	1,550.00
Juncos	9,300.00
La Cuchilla	3,000.00
La Playa	4,000.00
Las Cruces	3,400.00
Mango	600.00
Mediania Alta	500.00
Mulas	325.00
Palmer	2,000.00
Peniel	3,200.00
Playa de Ponce	7,200.00
Ponce	16,500.00
Quebrada Grande	1,900.00
Rio Grande	4,000.00
Rio Piedras	30,000.00
San Anton	500.00
San Juan	81,000.00
San Lorenzo	4,000.00
Santurce	15,700.00
Toita	5,000.00
Trujillo Alto	10,000.00
Yauco	8,000.00
Zarzar	100.00

ANNUAL REPORT OF ATTENDANCE—DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, 1934-1935

SCHOOLS AND LOCATIONS	TEACHERS				PUPILS																	
	White		Colored		Total	For Ministry		Regular College		College Grade Special, Extension	Seco-ndary		Elementary	Total Males	Total Females	Total Pupils	Boarders	Expecting to Preach	Expecting to Teach	Total Average Attendance		
	Male	Female	Male	Female		Sp. Th. Course	Reg. Th. Course	Male	Female		Male	Female										
<i>Negro Schools Supported Largely by The A. B. H. M. S.</i>																						
Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va.	4	3	21	7	35	—	2	20	205	196	715	—	—	218	188	406	157	65	220	395		
Benedict College, Columbia, S. C.	3	1	12	8	24	—	—	27	119	142	26	8	6	159	164	323	157	52	130	290		
Morehouse College, Atlanta, Ga.	1	—	18	—	19	—	—	—	311	—	—	—	—	335	335	166	32	61	305	305		
Bishop College, Marshall, Tex.	—	—	14	7	21	—	—	17	165	256	—	—	—	182	256	438	438	17	421	276		
Total	8	4	65	22	99	—	—	26	64	800	594	741	8	6	894	608	1,502	908	166	842	1,296	
<i>Indian School Supported by The A. B. H. M. S.</i>																						
Bacone College, Bacone, Okla.	5	8	3	2	15	—	—	—	—	51	21	—	—	125	99	224	295	3	—	297		
<i>Foreign-Speaking Schools in U. S.</i>																						
International Baptist Seminary, East Orange, N. J.	5	3	—	—	8	—	—	4	24	—	—	—	—	17	11	28	38	13	—	25		
Spanish-American Seminary, Los Angeles, Calif.	3	3	—	—	6	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	26	6	32	14	18	—	22		
Total	8	6	—	—	14	—	—	4	54	—	—	—	—	43	17	60	52	31	—	47		
<i>Schools in Latin America</i>																						
Evangelical Theological Seminary, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico*	5	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	64	—	64	10	63	—	58		
Colegios Internacionales, Oristo, Cuba	6	8	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	—	142	119	63	182	93	—	187		
Barranquitas Academy, Barranquitas, Puerto Rico	3	1	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	22	30	22	62	—	—	—	50		
Colegio Bautista, Managua, Nicaragua	7	13	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	3	417	293	175	438	36	—	368		
Total	21	22	—	—	43	—	—	2	16	—	—	76	25	559	446	238	736	139	63	658		
Grand Total	42	40	68	24	174	—	—	30	134	851	615	741	106	67	663	1,508	902	2,522	1,304	293	842	2,179

* Supported in cooperation with six denominations.

NAMES OF MISSIONARIES, SPECIAL WORKERS, ETC., AND THEIR FIELDS OF LABOR

May 1, 1934, to April 30, 1935

ARIZONA

Basoco, Andres	Mexican, Yuma
Lopez, D.	Mexican, Phoenix
Morales, A.	Mexican, Tucson
Orozco, Antonio	Mexican, Glendale
Teachout, R. B.	Navajo Indian, Keams Cañon
Wightman, F. W.	Executive Secretary
Yost, Helen R.	Mexican Christian Center, Tucson

CALIFORNIA, NORTH—SAN FRANCISCO

Aplin, Stephen S.	Japanese Center, Sacramento
Appleberry, W. E.	Oakland
Brown, A. L.	San Francisco
* Cartwright, W. C.	Negro, Mount Pleasant
† Chan, Luke San	Chinese, San Francisco
Escalera, Felipe O.	Mexican, Fresno
Gale, Thomas R.	San Francisco
Graf, Philip G.	Oakland
* Janeway, John R.	Mexican, Oakland
* Kuhnle, H. B.	Berkeley
Muraoka, K.	Japanese, Oak Pk.
Nikolaus, A. H.	Russian, San Francisco
Pierson, A. P.	Mexican, San Francisco
Sano, Sankin	Japanese, Sacramento
Smith, W. Earle, Supt. San Francisco Bay Cities Baptist Union	San Francisco
Thayer, Lee I.	Mono Indians, Clovis
Thorman, C. A.	San Pablo
* Yan, Lei Shau	Chinese, Sacramento

CALIFORNIA, SOUTH—LOS ANGELES

Arellano, A.	Mexican, Tia Juana
Ayon, Paul	Mexican, Los Angeles
Carceller, Mateo	Mexican, Los Angeles
Carter, W. R.	Negro General Missionary, Los Angeles
D'Addario, Domenic	Italian, Los Angeles
Enriquez, Manuel	Mexican, Banning
Giminez, Antonio	Spanish, Corona
Gurrola, C. M.	Mexican, Santa Barbara

* Resigned.

† Deceased.

Ortegon, S. M.	Mexican, Los Angeles
Pawluk, Peter	Russian, Los Angeles
Portillo, G. C.	Mexican, Oxnard
* Ramirez, B. N.	Mexican, Los Angeles
Stokely, Leonard	Los Angeles
Urquidi, Benj.	Mexican, San Diego
Villarreal, J.	Mexican, Los Angeles
Wada, Masahiko	Japanese, Moneta
Yamamoto, K.	Japanese, San Pedro

COLORADO

* Duran, John	Mexican, Denver
Roberts, Rev. H. R.	Cosmopolitan Christian Center, Pueblo

CONNECTICUT

Daviduk, J.	Russian, Hartford
Kovach, Joseph	Hungarian, Wallingford
Lo Presti, S.	Italian, Ansonia, Bridgeport
Parrella, J. E.	Italian, New Haven
Roca, A.	Italian, Hartford
Scalera, D.	Italian, Meriden
Stumpf, A.	Hungarian, Bridgeport
Ventura, A.	Italian, Waterbury

IDAHO

Beasley, A. E.	Gooding
Engel, Alfred	American Falls and Rupert
Garner, P. Glenn	New Plymouth
Herr, Julius	Wilder and Roswell
Hubbard, A. B.	Filer
Johnson, O. L.	Jerome

ILLINOIS—CHICAGO

Alvarado, Armando	Mexican, Chicago
* Au, P.	Chinese, Chicago
Brdlik, F.	Bohemian, Chicago
Brinduse, Paul	Roumanian, Aurora
Collins, Millard C.	South Chicago Neighborhood House, Chicago
De Lara, Castulo	Mexican, Joliet
Hadraba, G. M.	Bohemian, Berwyn
Hlad, V.	Slovak, Chicago
Jones, V. W.	Roumanian, Chicago
Kontz, Emil	Hungarian, West Pullman
Lee, Philip	Chinese, Chicago
Rodin, John	Lithuanian, Chicago
Stupka, V. P.	Slovak, Chicago

* Resigned.

INDIANA

Duran, John C.	Mexican, E. Chicago, Indiana
Fodor, Gabriel	Hungarian, Gary
Gross, L. A.	Hungarian, E. Chicago
Gustafson, Emily G.	Brooks House, Hammond
Halko, John	Brooks House, Hammond
* Kinda, Alexander	Hungarian, Gary
Pearce, J. W.	Perry County, Larger Parish
Robertson, L. R.	Brooks House, Hammond
* Ruiz, J. P.	Mexican, E. Chicago
Yocom, Elva	Brooks House, Hammond

KANSAS

Gunter, Wayne C.	Bethel Neighborhood House, Kansas City
Martinez, J. N.	Mexican, Kansas City
Santiago, F. M.	Mexican, Wichita
* Roberts, H. R.	Bethel Neighborhood House, Kansas City
Soltys, Anthony	Polish, Kansas City

MAINE

† Cayer, P. N.	French, Waterville
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MASSACHUSETTS

Brouillette, Oliva	French, Salem
Bucknell, John	Russian, Boston
DeLuca, T.	Italian, Wakefield
Florena, S.	Italian, Boston
Halko, John	West End Community House, Boston
Kempton, A. T.	Boston
Loja, J. G.	Portuguese, Cambridge
Nordlund, H. E.	E. Boston
Perron, F. A.	French, Lowell
Rodriguez, A. J.	Portuguese, New Bedford
Sannella, A.	Italian, Worcester
Santos, J. P.	Portuguese, Fall River
Valdina, F. T.	Italian, Dedham
* Valet, Jean	French, Worcester

MICHIGAN

Fraynack, John	Ukrainian, Flint
Martin, Drury	General Missionary
Tolosa, Ramon A.	Mexican, Saginaw

DETROIT

Burwell, G. B.	Negro Christian Center, Detroit
* Crompton, F. W.	Coronado
Halko, Andrew	Hamtramck Christian Center, Detroit
Hamilton, C. F.	Ferndale
Igrisan, C. R.	Roumanian, Detroit
Lesik, M. S.	Polish, Detroit

* Resigned.

† Deceased.

Lukianchuk, N.	Ukrainian, Detroit
* Mason, W. G.	Gratiot Ave.
* Palmer, E. W.	Farmington
Palmer, E. W.	Gratiot Ave.
Panizzoli, V.	Italian, Detroit
Petre, A. M.	Hungarian, Detroit
Riley, D. W.	Lincoln Park
Shakotko, Ivan	Russian, Detroit

MINNESOTA—TWIN CITY

Brarda, C.	Slovak, New Prague
Pavelda, J. J.	Slovak, Minneapolis

MISSOURI—KANSAS CITY

Apra, A. B.	Mexican, Kansas City
Jones, C. P.	City Superintendent
Soltys, Anthony	Polish, Kansas City

MISSOURI—ST. LOUIS

Beck, Ivan F.	Baptist Center, St. Louis
* Bond, Zech Ford	Southwest
Ewing, S. E.	Superintendent, St. Louis Baptist Asso.
Heaton, J. F.	Southwest
* Johns, Earl F.	Baptist Center, St. Louis
Linder, Albert	Southside

MONTANA

Bentley, C. A.	Crow Indians, Crow Agency
Cain, Howard	Hardin
* Derbyshire, E.	Roundup
Frost, John	Crow Indians, Pryor
* Hall, J. T.	Stevensville
Martin, O. D.	Polson
McHarness, Chas.	Anaconda
McPike, M. J.	Belgrade
Mills, E. L.	Kalispell
Petzoldt, W. A.	Crow Indians, Lodge Grass
Shanks, W. A.	Executive Secretary
* Shannon, R. O.	Dillon
Shannon, R. O.	Lewistown
Shaw, Harold A.	Havre

NEVADA—SIERRA

Gawthrop, C. W.	Executive Secretary
Lovett, F. C.	Fallon
Marston, C. S.	Smith and Mason Valleys
Schwabenland, J. P.	Alturas, California
Scott, J. Winfield	Paiute Indians, Reno
Sloan, C. H.	Las Vegas
Spatulding, E. L.	Janesville and Susanville

* Resigned.

NEW JERSEY—NEWARK

Adamus, Louis	Polish, Jersey City
Bisgrove, W. E.	Camden
Bolognese, Joseph	Italian, Trenton
Booth, W. S.	Executive Secretary
Brewer, G. H.	Hillside
Galloppi, A. M.	Italian, Camden
Kovacs, N.	Hungarian, Garfield
Major, Michael	Hungarian, New Brunswick
Narkevitch, Victor	Russian, Newark
Orosz, S.	Hungarian, Trenton
Santucci, C.	Italian, Orange
Trshtyansky, T.	Hungarian, Perth Amboy

NEW YORK—ROCHESTER

Aghetto, V.	Italian, Rochester
Bacon, W. V.	South Colton
Brown, W. H.	Hague
Caulkins, T. V.	Bolton Landing
Clark, Erle D.	Salt Point
Ganoung, A. H.	Breesport
Gilewicz, John	Polish, Rochester
Hull, Chas. D.	Sidney Center
Isgro, B.	Italian, Syracuse
Knapp, Ethel M.	Tonawanda Res.
McDanel, J. D.	Horicon
Miller, N. E.	Savona
Owl, W. David	Cattaraugus Res.
Perrotta, A.	Italian, Utica
Peterson, E. H.	Martindale Depot
Scriber, Esther	Tonawanda Res.
Seely, J. H.	Kennedy

NEW YORK CITY

Bernier, E. M.	Spanish
Bookin, Boris	Russian
Buffa, P. L.	Italian
Di Giorgio, Vincent	Judson Neighborhood House
Hill, Horatio S.	Negro
† Hubbell, W. N.	Mariners' Temple
Lee, Mabel	Chinese
Matuskovits, Jos.	Hungarian
Mingioli, R.	Italian
Novotny, J.	Slovak
Pagano, C.	Italian
Prentice, C. C.	Mariners' Temple
Rath, George	Riverdale Chapel, Yonkers
Sawyer, Earle	Riverdale Chapel, Yonkers
* Schepis, Frank	Italian, Mount Vernon

* Resigned.

† Deceased.

BROOKLYN

* Basile, G.	Italian
Gannon, John	Emmanuel House
Langmo, T. H.	Norwegian
Mangano, Antonio	Italian
Weiss, P. Parker	Emmanuel House
Zibelli, Louis	Italian

BUFFALO

Bernheim, Jacob	House of the Prince of Peace, Hebrew
* Chrzanowski, W.	Polish
Estabrook, Miss Cora A.	Emmanuel Christian Center
Kinda, Alexander	Hungarian
McCann, Ray N.	Emmanuel Church and Christian Center
Pawloski, Martin	Polish
Saltarelli, P. E.	Italian

NORTH DAKOTA

Fieldus, A. J.	Valley City
Flaming, J. H.	Kenmare and Niobe
* Hallgrimson, O. H.	Ellendale
Hersgard, L. C.	Ellendale
* Jorgenson, O. M.	Norwegian, Park River
* Lorentzen, P. E.	Bottineau
Monnes, E.	Norwegian, General Missionary
* Stull, C. W.	Page
Wakelam, C. E.	Stanley and Sanish
Widen, H. F.	Minot and Sawyer

OHIO

Ardelean, Joseph	Roumanian, Akron
Bertalon, S.	Hungarian, Youngstown
Czajkowski, J. A.	Polish, Toledo
Dutton, E. H.	Director of Work in Cities
Hiben, M. D.	Slovak, Campbell
Lovas, L.	Hungarian, Akron

CLEVELAND

Biro, M.	Hungarian
Cordo, Vito	Italian
Dauda, William	Hungarian
Fark, M.	Roumanian
Petre, Gabriel	Hungarian
* Strzelec, K. W.	Polish
Williams, Sylvester	Negro Christian Center

OKLAHOMA

Brandon, Jesse L.	Arapaho Indians, Geary
Cain, Alva N.	Caddo and Delaware Indians, Anadarko
Davis, T. J.	Cheyenne Indians, Watonga
Gilbert, H. F.	Comanche Indians, Walters
* Gromer, Harry	Cheyenne Indians, Calumet

* Resigned.

Jackson, Perry L.	Kiowa Indians, Saddle Mountain
King, F. L.	Kiowa Indians, Mountain View
Treat, H. H.	Apache and Kiowa Indians, Anadarko
* Wilkin, W. A.	Delaware and Caddo Indians, Anadarko

PENNSYLVANIA

Albanese, G.	Italian, Scottsdale
Geen, W. J.	Clifford
Hough, C. W.	Downingtown
Revak, Stephen	Hungarian, New Castle

PHILADELPHIA

Di Domenica, A.	Italian
Fazekas, J. S.	Hungarian
Jesakow, M.	Polish
Tressler, O. M.	Seamen's Institute

PITTSBURGH

Beliasov, A.	Russian
Fleming, Leslie W.	Rankin Christian Center
Kautz, E. L.	McKeesport, Homestead and Canonsburg
Tingley, Elbert R.	Rankin Christian Center

RHODE ISLAND

Oliveira, John J.	Portuguese, Providence
Re, Henry	Italian, Providence
Sannella, F.	Italian, Providence
Tetreault, H. J.	French, Providence

SOUTH DAKOTA

Cobb, C. M.	Farmingdale Parish
Erickson, W. C.	Watertown
Greene, Mrs. Leeds	Timber Lake
Helwig, W.	Wessington Springs and Woonsocket
* Olson, Ole	Farmingdale
Peck, L. D.	Canton and Beulah

UTAH

Pace, E. B.	Magna
Partridge, E. F.	Burlington and Rio Grande, Salt Lake City
Payne, J. P.	Taylor Ave. and Murray, Salt Lake City
Shanks, W. A.	Executive Secretary

WASHINGTON

Andrews, E. E.	Chinese and Japanese C. C., Seattle
Hanes, C. E.	Goldendale
Hunt, E. H.	Hillyard
Ross, L. W.	Hay
Umberger, J. S.	Okanogan
White, A. F.	Sand Point

* Resigned.

WEST VIRGINIA

Lloyd, H. Ordway	Weirton
Ostergren, Ralph C.	Weirton

WISCONSIN

Chrzanowski, Walter	Polish, Milwaukee
* King, G. M.	South Side Christian Center, Milwaukee
Klinck, Rev. C. Dwight	South Side Christian Center, Milwaukee
* Pawloski, M.	Polish, Milwaukee
Solimene, M. S.	Italian, Racine, Kenosha

WYOMING

Bird, G. W.	Lander
Farrar, B. F.	Lusk
George, John R.	Rock Springs
Laux, E. S.	Torrington
Lewis, C. H.	Rawlins
Myers, Fred F.	Burlington
Palmer, F. B.	Executive Secretary
Sharrah, T. L.	Thermopolis
* Smith, John F.	Worland
* Thomas, C. F.	Wheatland

CUBA

Antunez, J.	Holguin
Abella, E.	Mandinga
Abella, P.	Palmarito
Barrios, Joaquin	Vista Hermosa
Bartutis, V.	Sagua de Tanamo
Caballeria, M.	Jatibonico
Camacho, A.	Cueto
Cuza, E.	Imias
Delgado, Rafael	Mir
Domenech, V.	Campachuela
Fernandez, A.	Bayamo
Gonzalez, A.	Palma Soriano
Gregorich, R.	Camaguey
Jardines, G.	Baracoa
Lafita, Maria	Manzanillo
Lobaina, Victor	Manzanillo
Matos, J.	Songo
Matos, S.	Yara
Matos, M.	Maffio
Milanes, J.	Guaimaro
Molina, J. Luis	Guantanamo
Pavon, L.	San Luis
Routledge, Robert, Superintendent	Cristo, Oriente
Sabas, F.	Sueno
Siria, R.	Jiguani
Valdes, Pablo	Majagua

* Resigned.

EL SALVADOR

Argueta, Luis	San Salvador
Bonilla, Emeterio	Jiquilisco
Cardona, David	Apopa
Cerna, J.	Sonsonate
Dixon, T. F. F.	Santa Ana
Garcia, I. M.	Santa Ana
Garcia, J. A.	Jucuapa
Gaspar, Cirilo	Santa Ana
Palacios, V.	Ahuochapan
Ramirez, V.	Berlin
Regalado, G.	San Miguel
Todd, John G., General Missionary	San Salvador
Vigil, S. M.	San Julian

HAITI

Eustache, V.	Dondon
Gabeau, S.	Lascahobas
Guerrier, A.	Grande Riviere
Lamour, O.	Hinche
Lariviere, F.	Gonaives
Marc, R.	Port au Prince
Menard, E.	Dondon
Noel, I.	Bahon
Salvant, Leonzac	La Romana, D. R.
Toussaint, G.	Grande Riviere
Wood, A. Groves, General Missionary	Cap Haitien

MEXICO

Armendariz, Isaias	Cd. Madero
Armendariz, Trinidad	Victoria
Baez, Daniel J.	Tehuacan
Barocio, D. S.	Linares
Barocio, E., General Missionary	Monterrey
Calderon, Leandro	Nuevo Laredo
Campos, F.	Villa Juarez
Carvajal, A. B.	Cuernavaca
Castillo, D.	Galeana
Dawson, C. D., M. D.	Puebla
Dawson, Mrs. C. D.	Puebla
Garza, Refugio	Santa Rosa
Guajardo, M. E.	Montemorelos, N. L.
Guzman, Alfonso	Reynosa
Herrejon, D.	Mexico City
Mascarenas, O.	Cameron
Meadows, F. L., M. D.	Puebla
Montemayor, C.	Villa Guadalupe
Pliego, Leonardo	Mexico City
Prieto, Panfilo	Mixcoac, D. F.
Rodriguez, N.	Cadareita
Ruiz, J. P.	Puebla
Solis, M.	S. L. Potosi

Tooms, C. B.	Puebla
Trevino, T.	Sabinas
Treviño, A.	Monterrey
Urbina, M.	Tampico and Aldamo
Uriegas, Ernesto	Aguascalientes
Walters, O. G., M. D.	Miahuatlañ Oaxaca
Wilson, Reba C., R. N.	Puebla

NICARAGUA

Bustabad, I.	Diriamba
Corea, J. A.	Masaya
Mendoza, D.	Leon
Parajon, Arturo	Managua
Perez, M.	Sabana Grande
Perez, Pastor	Rivas
Scott, Charles S., General Missionary	Masaya
Vasquez, B.	Masaya
Vasquez, H.	Masatepe
Velez, E.	Diriamba

PUERTO RICO

Bernart, S.	Guanica
Cotto, B.	Coamo
Cotto, H.	Carolina
Davila, G.	San Juan
Delgado, J. L.	Barranquitas
Diaz, J.	Adjuntas
Diaz, M.	Juncos
Ferrer, José	Gurabo
Fuster, Vicente C.	Orocovis
Gonzalez, E.	Palmer
Landron, R.	Cayey
Ortiz, Francisco	Playa
Pellicier, M. A.	Barranquitas
Principe, J.	Trujillo Alto
Quiles, J.	San Lorenzo
Riggs, G. A., General Missionary	Rio Piedras
Rodriguez, E.	Aguas Buenas
Rodriguez, V.	Jerusalem
Ruiz, Domingo	Rio Grande
Terron, Jos. J.	Cidra
Vasquez, V.	Corral Viejo
Vega, A.	Corral Viejo

PRESIDENTS, TEACHERS, AND WORKERS IN MISSION SCHOOLS

Academic Year, 1934-1935

(Including office force and matrons, but no manual workers)

BACONE COLLEGE—Bacone, Oklahoma.

Weeks, B. D., D. D., *President.*

Anderson, Mrs. J. A.

Arthur, Mrs. W. B.

Berger, Gordon

Brown, Alice C.

Deonier, Marshall T.

Dinsmore, Margaret M.

Dolan, Winthrop W.

Estes, Mrs. Jennie P.

Foster, C. L.

Foster, Mrs. C. L.

Gholson, Mrs. J. M.

Gourd, Roy

Hildreth, Mrs. Gretha K.

Holliday, Edith W.

Hollister, Charlotte

Jacobus, Elizabeth B.

Joseph, Alice

McLemore, Emmet G.

McLendon, Mary A.

Owen, Mabel

Plummer, Harry

Porter, Benj.

Redburn, Sue

Saunders, Joan

Smith, Marc J.

Stockton, Virginia

Walker, George W.

Walters, Mrs. Floyd L.

BARRANQUITAS ACADEMY—Barranquitas, Puerto Rico.

Latter, Miss Florence J., *Principal.*

Brindle, William

Mergal, A.

Mergal, Mrs. A.

BENEDICT COLLEGE—Columbia, S. C.

Starks, J. J., *President.*

Starks, Mrs. J. J.

Antisdel, C. B.

Antisdel, Mary B.

Briggs, James E.

Brown, Charles H.

Crawford, T. G.

Duckett, Thomas L.

Finley, Samuel L., Jr.

Gunn, David L.

Hair, Frank K.

Hubert, Wm. H.

Jones, Mrs. Mary M.

Mattison, L. M.

McGhee, Jos. D.

Moore, Mrs. Mattie L.

Nelson, Gurney E.

Perdue, Naomi L.

Redfern, Frederick C.

Sherard, A. F.

Slaughter, Martha C.

Smith, Arthur G.

Watts, S. Jane

BISHOP COLLEGE—Marshall, Texas.

Rhoads, Joseph J., *President.*

Rhoads, Mrs. Joseph J.

Anderson, John V.

Baker, Edith E.

Banks, M. J.

Buggs, C. W.

Butler, Millard E.

Coby, James E.

Davies, Everett F. S.

Elliott, M. M.

Fortune, H. R.

Gardner, Bessie E.

Hagan, Helen

Harris, Dora C.

Hughley, J. Neal
 Hunt, J. H.
 Jones, Grace L.
 Lampkin, Hartsell
 Lee, Mrs. Marie H.
 McMillan, Lewis K.
 Nelson, Gertrude

Osborne, J. G., M. D.
 Smith, H. M.
 Spalding, S. W.
 Spratlin, Devonia H.
 Taylor, Brice U.
 Woods, Maggie H.

COLEGIO BAUTISTA—Managua, Nicaragua.

Cruz, D.
 Fonseca, Ignacio
 Garcia, Gustavo
 Rodriguez, E.

Saballos, Fidel
 Wyse, Lloyd E.
 Zelaya, Ramon

COLEGIOS INTERNACIONALES—El Cristo, Cuba.

Routledge, Rev. Robert, *President*.
 Aguirrezabal, E.
 Barrios, J.
 Cabrera, Juan
 Castellon, Gonzalo
 Chacon, Dr. F.
 Fernandez, Inez
 Fernandez, Manuela

Garcia, J. M.
 Gonzalez, F.
 Gonzalez, Lilia
 Howell, Margaret
 Jimenez, Gabriela
 Jimenez, Luis
 Montel, Maximino
 Rounds, K.

EVANGELICAL SEMINARY—Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico.

Webber, Rev. A. F.

INTERNATIONAL BAPTIST SEMINARY—East Orange, N. J.

Anderson, Frank L., D. D., *President*.
 Caldwell, Mrs. May Thorn
 Davis, Ella
 McCaskie, Florence

Narkevitch, Victor
 Novotny, Joseph
 Orosz, Stephen
 Santucci, Cesare

MOREHOUSE COLLEGE—Atlanta, Ga.

Archer, Samuel H., *President*.
 Archer, Mrs. Samuel H.
 Andrews, Mrs. Ludie
 Birnie, James H.
 Brazeal, Brailsford R.
 † Bridges, John Clarence
 Bullock, B. F.
 Burch, Mildred L.
 Carter, Raymond H.
 Chandler, G. L.
 Chivers, Walter R.
 Clark, Castella J.
 Crawl, William F.
 Curry, Thomas J.
 Dansby, Claude B.
 Eagleson, Halson V.
 Eichelberger, Lula
 Ellis, Arthur W.

Gaines, Chas. C.
 Gassett, F. C.
 Gresham, Clarence J.
 Harreld, W. K.
 Harvey, Burwell T., Jr.
 Hubert, Charles Du B.
 Jones, Edward A.
 Lewis, Lloyd O.
 Lindsey, Crawford B.
 Payne, Richard H.
 Strong, H. H.
 Tillman, Nathaniel P.
 Volz, Kurt
 Wardlow, Chas. H.
 Wardlow, Mrs. Mary
 Whiting, J. L.
 Whittaker, John P.
 Williams, Jay M.

† Deceased.

SPANISH-AMERICAN BAPTIST SEMINARY—Los Angeles, Calif.

Detweiler, Rev. J. F., *President*.

Howell, Rev. A. B.

Huse, M. Menita

Merriam, Mary

VIRGINIA UNION UNIVERSITY—Richmond, Va.

Clark, William J., *President*.

Barco, John W.

Barksdale, S. A.

Barksdale, Mrs. Bessie

Brinkley, J. A.

Cooke, C. C.

Daniel, Robert P.

Daniel, Mrs. Robert P.

Davis, Arthur P.

Davis, Mrs. Aldena W.

Davis, L. W.

Dillard, Mrs. C. K.

Frazer, Emmet M.

Gaines, Mrs. Anner

Hancock, Gordon B.

Henry, Peter J.

Hucles, H. B.

Jackson, Wallace V.

Jeffries, Louis F.

Johnson, M. Elizabeth

Johnson, W. T.

Lewis, Leah V.

Linnette, H. M.

McGuinn, H. J.

Moore, John M.

Mumma, Alice G.

Ramsey, Annie H.

Russell, Charles T.

Simms, R. P.

Simpson, J. B.

Stevens, Wesley A.

Stokes, Wm. H.

Sully, Rose E.

Talcott, Mrs. H. I.

Tedford, Willard S.

Wall, Limas D.

Watson, A. P.

Wyche, Jessie Mae

COLPORTER-MISSIONARIES

Bergethon, Max	Norwegian, Atlantic States
Beuermann, J. A.	New York
Bolvig, C. H.	Minnesota
Brown, C. F.	North Dakota
Butler, F. F.	Colorado
Crane, E. L.	Wyoming
* Danley, E. H.	Montana
Falconer, J. M.	Wyoming
Fletcher, Wm.	Maine
Frey, J. J.	Idaho
* Hedeon, John	Indiana
Hernandez, J.	Kansas
Houghton, W. E.	Indiana
* Judkins, J. F.	Nebraska
Kanarr, J. E.	Idaho
Marsh, C. B.	Montana
McAllister, John	Washington
Millam, W. R.	Montana
Olson, E. W.	Kansas
Parks, W. E.	Utah
Pascal, H.	French, Rhode Island
Rickel, Jesse	Wyoming
Simpson, H. D.	Idaho
Thorlakson, B. H.	North Dakota
Thorn, E. T.	Montana
Vanderhoof, V. A.	Arizona
Wakem, J. B.	Idaho
Warner, A. B.	Southern California
Watson, E. W.	Colorado
Whirry, J. L.	Oregon

* Resigned.

CHAPEL CAR WORKERS

* Blanchard, F. I.	Colorado
Blinzinger, A. C.	Wyoming
Cutler, C. W.	Idaho
Haywood, Herbert H.	E. L. Tustin Memorial C. C., N. California
Leyba, T. D.	Arizona
McChesney, A. C.	Northern California
Parry, Howard	Colorado
Villanueva, P. J.	Crawford Memorial C. C. A., Southern California

CHAPLAINS

ARMY

† Ballentine, Major Harlan J.	Luke Field, Hawaii
Brasted, Col. Alva J.	Chief of Chaplains, War Dept., Washington, D. C.
De La Vergne, Lieut. James G.	Scott Field, Illinois
Hayes, Major Frank H.	Fort Shafter, Hawaii
Head, Major Hal C.	University of Chicago (Student)
Jaeger, Lieut. Vernon P.	Schofield Barracks, Hawaii
Phillips, Lieut. Hudson B.	Fort Jay, New York
Rideout, Major Frank C.	Fort Thomas, Kentucky
Tiedt, Lieut. Elmer E.	Philippine Dept., U. S. A., Manila, P. I.
Westcott, Major Henry R., Jr.	Fort Dupont, Delaware
Yates, Lt. Col. Julian E.	Fort Myer, Virginia

NAVY

Hall, Comdr. W. R.	U. S. S. Ranger (N. Y.)
Leonard, Comdr. M. M.	U. S. Naval Station, Guam, M. I.
Neyman, Lt. Comdr. Clinton A.—	U. S. Naval Station, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii
Stone, Lt. Comdr. A. E.	U. S. S. Black Hawk (S)
Forsander, Lieut. J. Philip,	11th Naval District (Navy Relief) San Diego, Calif.
Rafferty, Lieut. William H.	Naval Air Station, San Diego, Calif.
Cuthriell, Lieut. W. F. (J. G.)—	Naval Training Station, San Diego, Calif.

* Retired.

† Deceased.

EVANGELISTS

Anderson, H. O.	Southern California
Bryant, H. C.	Vermont
Corstensen, M. C.	Iowa
Hansen, Otto E.	Norwegian
Hoag, A. J.	Minnesota
Mitchell, G. C.	Indiana
Phillips, William A.	Northern California
Stanton, A. H.	New Jersey
Steadman, E. M.	Colorado and Wyoming
Stull, C. H.	Ohio
Wesgaard, M. A.	Danish

OTHER SPECIAL APPOINTEES

Sims, Earle D., Church Invigorator.

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